



MESSAGES OF THE PRESIDENT
DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
1961-1965

BOOK 9 | VOLUME 4

Executive Orders



President Diosdado Macapagal, Ninth President of the Philippines
and Fifth President of the Third Republic.



MESSAGES OF THE PRESIDENT

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Messages of the President Book 9: Diosdado Macapagal

Volume 4

Presidential Communications Development and Strategic Planning Office

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INTRODUCTION

As the President's chief message-crafting body, the Presidential Communications Development and Strategic Planning Office (PCDSPO), is mandated to provide strategic communication leadership and support to the Executive Branch, its composite agencies, and instrumentalities of government.

The PCDSPO is also mandated to act as custodian of the institutional memory of the Office of the President. One of our projects is the continuation of the series of books called the Messages of the President, started in 1936 by Jorge B. Vargas, Executive Secretary to President Manuel L. Quezon. The series was a wide collection of executive issuances, speeches, messages, and other official papers of the President. The volumes were intended to serve as the definitive compilation of presidential documents. The series was continued until the Quirino administration, although the series for the Presidential administrations of Presidents Quezon, Roxas, and Quirino were never completed.

In 2010, President Benigno S. Aquino III ordered the revival of the series and the constitution of a complete set, covering all 15 presidential administrations. With pride, we continue what Vargas began.

We would like to extend our gratitude to our partners for without whose gracious cooperation, this project would have not been possible.

A note on organization: Each presidential administration's messages are in book form, compiled and subdivided into volumes. The books are as follows:

- Book 1: Emilio Aguinaldo
- Book 2: Jose P. Laurel
- Book 3: Manuel L. Quezon
- Book 4: Sergio Osmeña
- Book 5: Manuel Roxas
- Book 6: Elpidio Quirino
- Book 7: Ramon Magsaysay
- Book 8: Carlos P. Garcia
- Book 9: Diosdado Macapagal
- Book 10: Ferdinand E. Marcos
- Book 11: Corazon C. Aquino
- Book 12: Fidel V. Ramos
- Book 13: Joseph Ejercito Estrada
- Book 14: Gloria Macapagal-Arroyo
- Book 15: Benigno S. Aquino III

Each book is subdivided into the following volumes:

- Volume 1: Official Weeks/Months in Review
 - Volume 2: Appointments and Designations
 - Volume 3: Historical Papers and Documents
 - Volume 4: Executive Orders
 - Volume 5: Administrative Orders
 - Volume 6: Proclamations
-

Volume 7: Other issuances

Volume 8: Cabinet minutes

We hope that this collection will be a useful and vital reference for generations to come.

PREFACE

On July 30, 2010, President Benigno S. Aquino III issued Executive Order No. 4, which effectively renamed what was previously called the Malacañang Museum into the Presidential Museum and Library (PML) and placed it under the supervision and control of the Presidential Communications Development and Strategic Planning Office (PCDSPO). The PML is responsible for preserving, managing, and promoting the history and heritage of the Philippine presidency. It is the principal historical and artistic repository in support of the institution of the presidency, for the benefit of the Republic and the Filipino people. In partnership with the PCDSPO, which has pioneered the publication of the Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines as a web archive and information website, the PML has taken this mandate and placed it on the cutting edge of the information age.

Much has been done over the past years, under the administration of President Aquino III, to digitize executive issuances, speeches, letters, and other presidential papers; and publish them online. The project is not limited to a single administration, nor does it discriminate. This collection, published as databases, as well as print and e-publications, includes documents from the presidency of Emilio Aguinaldo to the current Aquino administration. This represents the government's allegiance to transparency, continuity, and the fostering of an informed citizenry, as well as an effort, in earnest, to preserve the institutional memory of the Presidency. All this was done not just for the posterity, but for the current generation and the ongoing task of nation building.

The PML are proud partners of the Official Gazette and PCDSPO team, to whom we made the collections available. We sincerely hope that this series will serve as a vital reference to educators, students, journalists, lawyers, historians, and the public at large.

FOREWORD

This is the fourth volume of President Diosdado Macapagal's official papers, which constitutes the ninth book of the Messages of the President series. The series was started in 1936 by Executive Secretary Jorge B. Vargas, during the first year in office of Manuel L. Quezon, the first President of the Commonwealth of the Philippines. This volume collects President Macapagal's Executive Orders, which provide for rules of a general or permanent character in implementation or execution of constitutional or statutory powers.

BOOK 9

PRESIDENT DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL

President Diosdado Macapagal was the ninth President of the Philippines and was the fifth President of the Third Republic. He assumed office on December 30, 1961 after defeating Carlos P. Garcia in the 1961 elections and was President until December 30, 1965.

The Executive Issuances of President Diosdado Macapagal began with Executive Order No. 1, signed on December 30, 1961 and ended with Executive Order No. 299; Administrative Order No. 188; and Proclamation No. 525 which were signed on December 29, 1965.

President Diosdado Macapagal's documents were gathered from its official sources such as the Official Gazette of the Philippines; Malacañang Records Office's Book of Executive Issuances; and the Fullness of Freedom: Speeches and Statements of President Diosdado Macapagal.

The American Psychological Association (APA) style was used for the citation. The titles that have been provided by the researchers are enclosed in square brackets, considering that the exact wordings and its order were not verbatim from the document being described. Book titles are italicized while the speech titles are not. If in any case that the book title is the same as the title of the speech, it is transcribed in italics because it is the book title.

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President Diosdado Macapagal addressing the nation
from the Reception Hall of Malacañan Palace.



MESSAGES OF THE PRESIDENT

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL

1961-1965

BOOK 9 | VOLUME 4

Executive Orders



President Diosdado Macapagal delivers the Convocation Address after receiving an honorary degree of Doctor of Civil Laws at the University of Pittsburgh, October 8, 1964.

EXECUTIVE ORDERS

An Executive Order provides for rules of a general or permanent character in implementation or execution of constitutional or statutory powers. The Executive Orders of President Diosdado Macapagal began on December 30, 1961 with Executive Order No. 1 and ended on December 29, 1965 with Executive Order No. 229.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 1
CREATING THE PRESIDENTIAL COMMITTEE ON ADMINISTRATION PERFORMANCE
EFFICIENCY UNDER THE OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

In order to achieve greater efficiency, competence, and dedication in the administration of government and ensure the prompt and faithful performance of assigned duties, functions, and directives by the implementing government offices, agencies, and instrumentalities, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create the Presidential Committee on Administration Performance Efficiency as the executive agency in the Office of the President which shall render the requisite services and assistance to attain the above objectives.

1. The Committee shall be directly under and responsible to the President of the Philippines.
2. It shall be headed by a technical assistant, to be designated by the President, and who shall be known as the Presidential Executive Assistant. He shall be a member of the Cabinet.
3. The Committee shall have such personnel as may be assigned or detailed to it from departments, bureaus, offices, agencies, and instrumentalities of the government upon the recommendation of the Presidential Executive Assistant.
4. The Committee shall have such duties and functions as the President may assign to it in order to carry out the objectives of this Executive Order.
5. The records, properties, and equipment of the Presidential Committee on Administration Efficiency created by Executive Order No. 306, dated July 15, 1958, and abolished by Executive Order No. 456, dated December 29, 1961, shall be turned over to the Committee herein created.
6. This Order shall take effect immediately.

Done in the City of Manila, this 30th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-one, and of the Independence of the Philippines, the sixteenth.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
AMELITO R. MUTUC
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1961). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(2), 171.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 2

REVOKING UNNUMBERED EXECUTIVE ORDER, DATED FEBRUARY 13, 1959, ENTITLED,
“DESIGNATING THE RPS *LAPU-LAPU* AS THE FLAGSHIP OF THE PHILIPPINE NAVY,” AND
ORDERING THE SALE OF SAID VESSEL AT PUBLIC AUCTION

WHEREAS, in an unnumbered Executive Order, dated February 13, 1959, the RPS *LAPU-LAPU* was designated as the flagship of the Philippine Navy;

WHEREAS, the acquisition of the said vessel is not in consonance with the spirit and objectives of the Law on Reparations;

WHEREAS, retention of the said vessel is against the economic interest of the government and against the spirit of simple living;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and laws of the Philippines, do hereby revoke the aforesaid unnumbered Executive Order, dated February 13, 1959, and order the sale of the RPS *LAPU-LAPU* at public auction under the supervision of the General Auditing Office pursuant to the provisions of section 640 of the Revised Administrative Code.

The General Auditing Office is hereby authorized to call upon any department, bureau, office, agency, or instrumentality of the Government, including government-owned or controlled corporations, for such assistance or information as it may need in the sale of the RPS *LAPU-LAPU*.

Done in the City of Manila, this 31st day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-one, and of the Independence of the Philippines, the sixteenth.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
AMELITO R. MUTUC
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1961). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(2), 172.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 3
EXTENDING THE PROHIBITION TO SLAUGHTER CARABAOS UP TO DECEMBER 31, 1962

In order to carry out effectively the provisions of Republic Act No. 11 and to conserve our work animals for agricultural purposes, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby order:

1. The prohibition to slaughter carabaos under Executive Order No. 412, dated January 27, 1961, is hereby extended up to December 31, 1962.

2. Permits to slaughter carabaos may be issued by the Provincial Commander, subject to the following conditions:

- a.* That the carabao is fifteen (15) years old or over;
- b.* That the carabao is unfit for work;
- c.* That the carabao must be inspected by the Provincial Veterinarian and the Provincial Commander or their authorized representatives; and
- d.* That, the Provincial Veterinarian and the Provincial Commander shall make a joint certification that the carabao is 15 years old or over and unfit for work.

3. In every case where a permit to slaughter carabao is issued, the Provincial Commander shall furnish the Office of the President copies of the pertinent papers.

Done in the City of Manila, this 12th day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two, and of the Independence of the Philippines, the sixteenth.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
AMELITO R. MUTUC
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(4), 611.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 4
CREATING A PRESIDENTIAL ANTI-GRAFT COMMITTEE

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby create a Presidential Anti-Graft Committee to be composed of such personnel as the President may designate from time to time.

The main functions of the Committee shall be:

1. To inquire into and take measures to prevent, the occurrence of graft and of violations of Republic Act No. 3019 in such, departments, bureaus, offices, agencies, or instrumentalities, including government-owned or controlled corporations, as the President may determine, under the supervision of the Department Head, concerned;

2. In such departments,, bureau, offices, agencies, or instrumentalities, including government-owned or controlled corporations, as the President may determine, to implement and enforce Republic Act No. 1379 by inquiring into, investigating, determining, and verifying any and all unlawfully acquired properties of the officials and employees thereof, and obtaining the needed evidence to establish such unlawful acquisition of property or other forms of wealth acquired by them while in public office.

The committee herein created is granted all the powers of an investigating committee under sections 71 and 580 of the Revised Administrative Code.

The committee is hereby authorized to call upon any department, bureau, office, agency, or instrumentality of the Government, including government-owned or controlled corporations, for such assistance or information as it may need in the performance of its functions, and for this purpose, it shall have access to, and the right to examine, any books, documents, papers, or records thereof subject to the limitations provided by law.

The committee is hereby directed to forward all its reports of investigations, findings, and recommendations, with all the supporting evidence and other papers relevant thereto, to the President of the Philippines.

The properties and equipment of the Presidential Anti-Graft Committee created by Executive Order No. 378, dated February 18, 1960, and abolished by Executive Order No. 457, dated December 29, 1961, shall be turned over to the committee herein created; and the Committee shall, at its request, be given access to any of the records of the defunct Presidential Anti-Graft Committee that are now in the custody of the National Bureau of Investigation.

This order shall take effect immediately.

Done in the City of Manila, this 18th day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two, and of the Independence of the Philippines, the sixteenth.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
AMELITO R. MUTUC
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(6), 1045.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 5

MODIFYING THE RATES OF IMPORT DUTY ON CERTAIN IMPORTED ARTICLES AS
PROVIDED UNDER REPUBLIC ACT NUMBER NINETEEN HUNDRED THIRTY-SEVEN,
OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE TARIFF AND CUSTOMS CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES

Pursuant to the powers vested in me by section.401 of Republic Act Number Nineteen hundred Thirty-Seven, I, Diosdado P. Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby direct and order:

SECTION 1. The articles specifically listed hereunder as classified under section 104 of Republic Act Number Nineteen Hundred Thirty-Seven shall pay the following rates of import duty:

Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of Duty
02.06	Meat and edible offals (except poultry liver), salted, dried, smoked, cooked or similarly treated:	
	A. Ham and bacon	ad val. 120%
	B. Other	ad val. 60%
04.02	Milk and cream, preserved, concentrated or sweetened	ad val. 10%
15.10	Fatty acids; acid oils from refining; fatty alcohols;	
	A. Coconut fatty alcohol	ad val. 25%
	B. Other	ad val. 50%
16.01	Sausages and similar preparations of meat, meat offals or any other animals substances:	
	A. In airtight containers:	
	1. x x x	
	2. Other	ad val. 80%
	B. x x x	
16.02	Other prepared or preserved meat or meat offals:	
	A. Corned beef.....	ad val. 8%
	B. * * *	
16.04	Prepared or preserved fish, including caviar substitutes and fish soups;	
	A. Mackerel, salmon, sardines, anchovies and tuna:	
	1. Tuna	ad val. 15%
	2. Other	ad val. 8%
	B. x x x	
	C. x x x	
17.04	Sugar confectionery, not containing cocoa	1. w., 100kgs ₱100.00 or ad val. 160%

Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of Duty
18. 06	Chocolate and chocolate products:	
	A. Sugar confectionery containing cocoa	ad val. 140%
	B. Other	ad val. 70%
19.02	Preparations of flour, starch or malt extract, of a kind used as infant food or for dietetic or culinary purposes, containing less than fifty per cent by weight of cocoa;	
	A. Malted milk without cocoa; hypoallergenic soy food	ad val. 10%
	B. Other	ad val. 20%
25.10	Unground natural calcium phosphates, apatite and phosphate chalk	g. w., 100 kgs.
27.10	Petroleum and shale oils, other than crude; preparations not otherwise provided for, containing not less than 70 per cent by weight of petroleum or shale oils, these oils being the basic constituents of the preparations:	
	A. x x x	
	B. Medium oils (e.g., kerosene and tractor fuel)	ad val. 8%
	C. x x x	
28.16	Ammonia, anhydrous, or in solutions:	
	A. In solution	ad val. 10%
	B. Other	ad val. 20%
28.27	Lead oxides	ad val. 30%
29.42	Vegetable alkaloids, their salts, ethers, esters, and other derivatives	ad val. 8%
30.03	Medicaments (including veterinary medicament):	
	A. Medicaments imported with previous authorization by the Secretary of Health regarding the quantity and quality of domestic production	ad val. 15%
	B. Other	ad val. 30%
30.04	Wadding (including absorbent cotton), gauze, bandages, and similar articles (e.g., dressings, adhesive plasters, poultices) impregnated or coated with pharmaceutical substances or put up in retail packings for medical or surgical purposes:	
	A. Absorbent cotton (excluding cotton specialties)	ad val. 40%
	B. Adhesive plasters, medicated adhesive plasters and medicated bandages	ad val. 20%
	C. Other	ad val. 10%
30.05	Other pharmaceutical articles:	
	A. Plaster-coated fracture bandages	ad val. 15%
	B. Other	ad val. 8%
31.02	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, nitrogenous:	
	A. Ammonium sulphate	ad val. 20%
	B. Other	ad val. 5%
31.03	Mineral or chemical fertilizers, phosphatic	ad val. 20%
31.05	Other fertilizers; fertilizers of all kinds, in tablets, lozenges, and similar prepared forms or in packings of a gross weight not exceeding ten kilograms	ad val. 20%

Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of Duty
32.09	Varnishes, lacquers, and lacquer enamels; other paints and enamels; distempers, water pigments of the kind and used for finishing leather, pigments in linseed oil, white spirit, spirits of turpentine, varnish, or other paint or enamel media; prepared dyes in forms or packings of a kind sold by retail; STAMPING FOIL:	
	A. Prepared dyes in forms or packings of a kind sold by retail; stamping foil	ad val. 25%
	B. Other	ad val. 100%
38.08	Rosin and resin acids, and derivatives thereof other than ester gums included in heading No. 30.05; rosin spirit and rosin oils:	
	A. Polymerized rosin hardened rosin (calcium and magnesium derivatives of rosin, gloss oils, limed oils)	ad val. 30%
	B. Other	ad val. 10%
39.01	Condensation and polycondensation products, whether or not modified or polymerized (e.g., phenoplasts, aminoplasts, alkyds, linear polycondensation products, silicones):	
	A. Aminoplasts and phenoplasts in blocks, lumps, granules, flakes, pellets, or similar bulk forms or liquid form or liquid form (excluding aminoplast and phenoplast molding compound and adhesive), alkyd resins, unsaturated polyesters, and epoxy esters, whether or not modified or polymerized	ad val. 60%
	B. Other	ad val. 60%
39.02	Polymerization products (e.g., polythylenes and derivatives, polysilbutylenes, polystyrene, chloride and acetate of poly-vinyl and other poly-vinyl derivatives, polyallyl esters, copolymers,	
	A. Polyvinyl acetate (homopolymers and copolymers) emulsions or water dispersible forms	ad val. 60%
	B. Other	ad val. 20%
40.08	Plates and sheets (not cut or cut into rectangles), strips and profile shapes of unhardened vulcanized rubber:	
	A. Expanded or blown rubber:	
	1. Foam rubber	ad val. 100%
	2. Other	ad val. 50%
	B. Other	ad val. 25%
40.11	Rubber tires and tubes for vehicles and air craft:	
	A. x x x	
	B. For bicycles and velocipedes	ad val. 100%
	C. x x x	
	D. x x x	
40.12	Hygienic, medical, and surgical articles (including teats), of unhardened vulcanized rubber, with or without fittings of hardened rubber	ad val. 13%
41.02	Bovine cattle hide leather (including buffalo leather) and equine leather, except leather falling within heading No. 41.06, 41.07 or 41.08	ad val. 100%
41.04	Goat and kid skin leather, except leather falling within heading No. 41.06, 41.07 or 41.08	ad val. 100%

Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of Duty
41.05	Other kinds of leather, except leather falling within heading No. 41.06, 41.07 or 41.08	ad val. 100%
48.01	Paper and paperboard (including cellulose wadding), machine made:	
	A. Paper:	
	1. x x x	
	2. x x x	
	3. x x x	
	4. Bond paper and onion skin paper	ad val. 60%
	5. x x x	
	6. Kraft paper	ad val. 50%
	7. Cleansing and toilet tissue paper	ad val. 60%
	8. Other	ad val. 25%
	B. x x x	
	C. x x x	
51.04	Woven fabrics of continuous synthetic of artificial textiles, including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No. 51.02:	
	A. Of rayon:	
	1. In the grey	ad val. 75%
	2. Other	ad val. 100%
	B. Other	ad val. 100%
55.02	Cotton linters	ad val. 50%
55.03	Cotton waste (including pulled or garnetted rage), not carded or combed	ad val. 75%
55.04	Cotton, carded, or combed	ad val. 80%
55.05	Cotton yarn, not put up for retail sale	ad val. 70%
55.06	Cotton yarn, put up for retail sale	ad val. 70%
55.06	Woven fabrics of discontinuous or waste synthetic or artificial textiles:	
	A. of Rayon:	
	1. In the grey	ad val. 75%
	2. Other	ad val. 100%
	B. Other	ad val. 100%
59.14	Wicks of woven, plaited, or knitted textile materials, for lamps, stoves, lighters, candles, and the like; tubular knitted gasmantle fabric and incandescent gas mantles:	
	A. x x x	
	B. Gas Mantle	ad val. 13%
	C. Other	ad val. 25%
60.03	Stockings, understockings, socks, ankle socks, sockettes, footwear without applied soles and the like, knitted or crocheted, not elastic nor rubberized ..	ad val. 200%
64.01	Footwear (including overshoes) with outer soles and uppers of rubber or artificial plastic material	pair ₱4.00
		and ad val. 100%
69.11	Tableware and other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic or toilet purposes, of porcelain or china (including biscuit porcelain and parian)	ad val. 60%
69.12	Tableware and other articles of a kind commonly used for domestic or toilet purposes, of other kinds of pottery	ad val. 60%

Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of Duty
70.05	Unworked sheet glass (including flashed, glass), drawn or blown, in rectangles	ad val. 70%
73.17	Tubes and pipes of cast iron	ad val. 50%
73.20	Tube and pipes fittings of iron or steel (e.g., joints, elbows, unions, and flanges):	
	A. For cast iron and centrifugal cast iron pipes and tubes	ad val. 30%
	B. Other	ad val. 10%
73.40	Other articles of iron or steel:	
	A. Drinking fountains	ad val. 80%
	B. Other	ad val. 25%
74.03	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections of copper; copperwire:	
	A. Neither polished nor coated	
	1. Wire, excluding wire of copper base metal alloys	ad val. 50%
	2. Round copper rods (excluding rods of copper base metal alloys) the diameter of which is not less than 6.5 millimeters nor more than 38.1 millimeters	ad val. 10%
	3. Other	ad val. 20%
	B. Polished or coated, but not otherwise worked:	
	1. Plated or coated, with gold or silver	ad val. 70%
	2. Tinned copper wire (excluding wires of copper-base metal alloys)	ad val. 40%
	3. Other	ad val. 20%
74.10	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands, and the like, of copper wire, but excluding insulated cables:	
	A. Stranded wires, ropes and cables up to one thousand five hundred (1,500) MCM.	ad val. 20%
	B. Other	ad val. 10%
84.10	Pumps for liquid (whether or not fitted with measuring devices); liquid elevators of bucket chain, screw, band, and similar kinds:	
	A. Centrifugal water pumps, single stage, single suction, horizontal shaft type suitable for belt drive or direct coupling (except pumps with shafts common with prime mover), with casings and impellers of cast iron or bronze:	
	1. Volute type, non-self-priming, with capacities from 70 to 4,000 GPM for total dynamic heads from 125 ft. down to 20 ft.; turbine type with capacities up to 30 GPM and 150 ft. total dynamic head	ad val. 30%
	2. Other	ad val. 10%
	B. Other	ad val. 10%
84.12	Air conditioning machines, self-contained, comprising a motor-driven ventilator and elements for changing the temperature and humidity of air:	
	A. Air conditioning machines:	
	1. up to 2 H.P.	ad val. 100%
	2. Other	ad val. 70%
	B. x x x	

Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of Duty
84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electric and other) : A. Household refrigerators, freezers, and beverage coolers: 1. Compression type: a. Up to 12 cu. ft. ad val. b. Other ad val. 2. x x x 3. x x x	150% 120%
84.41	Sewing machines; furniture specially adapted for sewing machines; sewing machine needless: A. Sewing machine, assembled: 1. Domestic or household type ad val. 2. Industrial type: a. With wooden cabinets and wooden parts ad val. b. Other ad val. B. x x x C. Heads and other parts and accessories: 1. For domestic or household type of sewing machines: a. Stands and parts thereof except pitman complete) ad val. b. Arm and bed, whether or not fitted with precision parts ad val. c. Other ad val. 2. Other ad val.	70% 50% 30% 60% 60% 10% 10%
85.01	Electric generators, motor, transformers, converters (rotary or static), rectifiers, inductors, reactors, frequency transformers, and similar machinery and apparatus other than those falling within heading No. 85.08, 85.09 or 85.21: A. Electrical transformers, transformers for radio, electronic amplifiers, and television sets, up to 5 kilovolt amperes; electric lamp ballasts for pre-heat and rapid start fluorescent lamps, ferminicidal lamps, and black light fluorescent lamps, up to 40 watts rating for operation on any voltage up to 290 volts, 60 cycles ad val. B. AC induction motors (open, semi-protected, protected, or drip-proof), 110 to 440 volts, 2 to 6 poles, single-phase or 3-phase, 60 cycle, horizontal shaft, squirrel cage type, with fractional and integral ratings up to 5 HP, except motors having frames normally integral with other type of machinery; radio and television coils ad val. C. Others ad val.	100% 20% 10%
85.14	Microphones and stands therefor; loudspeakers; electric amplifiers: A. Microphones and stands the refer ad val. B. Loudspeakers (sizes 2, 4, 5, 6½, 8, 4×6 or 3×5 inches in diameter) ad val. C. Electric amplifiers and reamplifiers, intercommunication sets, including high fidelity sets ad val. D. Other loudspeakers ad val.	25% 100% 60% 25%

Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of Duty
85.15	Radio and television transmitting and receiving apparatus (including those incorporating gramophones) and television cameras, radio and radar communication, detection, navigational aid, and remote control apparatus: A. Radio and television receiving apparatus (including those incorporating gramophones and high-fidelity systems): 1. With cabinets ad val. 2. Without cabinets ad val. 3. x x x b. x x x c. x x x d. Radio knobs and printed circuit boards ad val. e. Other ad val. B. x x x C. x x x	100% 80% 60% 10%
85.19	Electric current controlling regulating, and distributing apparatus (e.g., switches, fuses, junction boxes, plugs, and sockets, rheostats, voltage regulators, relays, lightning arresters, switchboards, and control panels) ; resistances (including carbon resistance lamps and barretters) other than heating elements: A. General purpose safety switches, two-or-three pole, single throw type, thirty to one thousand two hundred and fifty to six hundred volts ad val. B. Other ad val.	40% 10%
85.23	Electrically insulated (including enamelled or anodized wire, cable, strip, and other forms of conductors, whether or not fitted with connectors): A. Wires and cables of copper, insulated with plastic, rubber, asbestos or tar-impregnated cotton yarn; steel-armoured cables (BX) and enamelled or magnet wire (excluding square or rectangular magnet wire; steel-armoured power cables, No. 1/0 AWG and larger; and multiconductor cables, No. 2 AWG and larger ad val. B. Other ad val.	20% 10%
97.06	Appliances, apparatus, accessories, and requisites for gymnastics, athletics, or for sports and out door games (e.g., baseball, basketball, volleyball, football, golf, tennis, badminton, pelota, roller skates): a. Balls for baseball, basketball, softball, soccer, and volleyball; softball and baseball masks; body protectors and bases ad val.	100% 30%

SEC. 2. On and after the expiration of thirty (30) days from the issuance and promulgation of this Order, all the above-described articles entered or withdrawn from warehouse, in the Philippines, for consumption shall be subject to the rates of import duty herein prescribed.

Done in the City of Manila, this 21st day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred sixty-two, and of the independence of the Philippines, the sixteenth.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
AMELITO R. MUTUC
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(6), 1046.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 6

**ADOPTING A PROGRAM TO STABILIZE THE PRICE OF PALAY, RICE, AND CORN, AND
CREATING A PRESIDENTIAL RICE AND CORN COMMITTEE TO IMPLEMENT AND
EXECUTE THAT PROGRAM**

WHEREAS, rice and corn are the basic food of our people, and any sudden or unwarranted increase in their prices affects the prices of all other basic commodities and services.

WHEREAS, the people have expressed the mandate that the prices of rice and corn be stabilized at a level that is within the reach of the masses of our people while at the same time affording our farmers, growers, and producers a fair and just return for their labor and capital investment sufficient to induce them to engage in a more intensified and scientific production;

WHEREAS, existing agencies charged with the duty of stabilizing the price of rice and corn and preventing scarcities due to seasonal or artificial causes have proven themselves to be inadequate to discharging properly their duty;

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of the powers in me vested by the Constitution and laws of the land, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby declare that the Government of the Republic shall, in order to stabilize the price of palay and corn, engage in the purchase of these basic foods from farmers, growers, and producers at a price that will afford them a fair and just return for their labor and capital investments and induce them to a more intensive and scientific production, and whenever circumstances brought about by any cause, natural or artificial, should so require, shall sell and dispose of these commodities to the consumers at areas of consumption at a price that is within their easy reach, regardless of whether that sale price be below cost of acquisition.

To implement and execute this program, there is hereby created a committee, to be known as the Presidential Rice and Corn Committee, in whom is hereby vested all powers, rights, and authority sanctioned by law to achieve the success of this vital program, including, but not limited to, the following:

1. To fix and announce, from time to time, the price at which the government shall purchase and procure palay, rice, and corn from farmers and producers and their cooperatives, which price shall be such as to afford them a fair and just return for their labor and capital investments and maintain decent standards of living;

2. To fix and announce, from time to time, regardless of whether any particular operation may result in a loss, the price at which the palay, rice, and corn thus acquired shall be sold by the Government to the consuming public at areas of consumption, provided that the price fixed shall be within easy reach of the masses of our people;

3. To designate any government agency, office, corporation, or other instrumentality now existing or which may hereafter be created as the agent or agents to make purchases of these commodities for

the Government, and to determine and regulate the manner in which the purchase shall be made, the place, where the commodities so purchased shall be stored, and the means by which said purchases shall be financed;

4. To designate any government agency, office, corporation, or other instrumentality now existing or which may hereafter be created as the selling agent of the commodities purchased, and to determine, regulate, and fix the distribution and sale of the said commodity;

5. To coordinate, supervise, direct, and control the activities of all existing governmental agencies and to coordinate with private entities engaged in the production, procurement, and distribution of rice, corn, and palay to provide incentives to farmers, growers, and producers;

6. To exercise such other powers and to issue such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out these purposes or effectively implement and execute the rice and corn program hereby adopted.

The Committee shall be composed of a chairman and two members to be designated by the President, may draw such personnel, equipment, supplies, and other facilities necessary for its operation from the Office of the President or from any department, office, bureau, or any other instrumentality of the government.

Done in the City of Manila, this 25th day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two, and of the Independence of the Philippines, the sixteenth.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

AMELITO R. MUTUC
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(7), 1253.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 7

ENJOINING ALL OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF THE GOVERNMENT TO COOPERATE IN THE DRIVE AGAINST SMUGGLED PRODUCTS AND TO DESIST FROM BUYING POSSESSING, OR USING THEM, AND APPEALING TO THE PUBLIC FOR COOPERATION.

WHEREAS, for some years now, there have been rampant smuggling and illicit trading in smuggled products such as “blue seal” cigarettes;

WHEREAS, the smuggling and traffic in smuggled products could not long continue if our people voluntarily desisted from purchasing, possessing, or using smuggled products such as “blue seal” cigarettes;

WHEREAS, the smuggling and traffic in smuggled products have deprived the Government of millions of pesos in revenue and in the case of “blue seal” cigarettes, have caused tremendous losses to Filipino tobacco growers and cigarette manufacturers;

WHEREAS, in addition, the traffic in smuggled products has produced the even more serious effect of breeding in our people, particularly in the young, a disrespect for law;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby enjoin all public officials and employees to cooperate to the fullest extent with the Government in its current drive against the flagrant and unabated smuggling and sale of smuggled products such as “blue seal” cigarettes, and especially to desist from buying, possessing, or using smuggled products such as “blue seal” cigarettes, thereby providing an example of respect and obedience to law for the general public.

Any violation of this order by any official or employee shall be a ground for disciplinary action.

I appeal to the general public for cooperation with this campaign against smuggling of goods into the country which is pernicious to the national economy and to the people’s general welfare.

Done in the City of Manila, this 22nd day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two, and of the Independence of the Philippines, the sixteenth.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
AMELITO R. MUTUC
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(14), 2881.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 8
FIXING OFFICE HOURS DURING THE HOT SEASON

WHEREAS, section 564 of the Revised Administrative Code, as amended by Republic Act No. 1880, reduces the period of labor in the government service during the hot season to five continuous hours but at the same time leaves the observance thereof to the discretion of heads of departments, bureaus, and offices subject to the requirements of the services; and

WHEREAS, this Administration is determined to protect the health and welfare of government employees without, however, impairing the interest of the public at large, especially at this time when we are strengthening the foundations of a sound and efficient public service;

NOW, THEREFORE, pursuant to the provisions of section 564 of the Revised Administrative Code, as amended, the office hours from Monday to Friday of all departments, bureaus, offices, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Government, including the provincial, city, and municipal governments and all corporations owned or controlled by the Government, during the period from April 2 to June 15, 1962, both dates inclusive, shall be from seven-thirty o'clock in the morning to twelve-thirty o'clock in the afternoon. The provisions of this Order shall not apply to the offices in the City of Baguio, whether national, provincial, or municipal.

However, in the interest of the service, the heads of departments, bureaus, offices agencies, and instrumentalities of the Government, including the provincial and municipal governments and all corporations owned or controlled by the Government, are enjoined to require at least one-half of their personnel to be on duty in the afternoon.

Done in the City of Manila, this 30th day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two, and of the Independence of the Philippines, the sixteenth.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
AMELITO R. MUTUC
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(12), 2325.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 9
INSTITUTING THE PRESIDENTIAL CITATION FOR HONESTY AND INTEGRITY

In order to encourage and recognize outstanding, meritorious, and exemplary acts or records of honesty and integrity as a creed of life, and thereby strengthen the moral foundations of the nation, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, pursuant to the powers vested in me by law, do hereby institute a special award to be known as the Presidential Citation for Honesty and Integrity.

1. The Presidential Citation for Honesty and Integrity shall be conferred upon any individual who has performed acts or established records demonstrating his possession of honesty and integrity as a creed of life.

2. The Presidential Citation for Honesty and Integrity will be a parchment diploma.

3. The Philippines Heraldry Committee shall prepare the design of the diploma and the criteria for its award.

Done in the City of Manila, this 12th day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two, and of the Independence of the Philippines, the sixteenth.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

AMELITO R. MUTUC
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(21), 4159.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 10
DESIGNATING CALENDAR YEAR 1962 AS ECONOMIC CENSUS YEAR

WHEREAS, Commonwealth Act No. 591 authorizes the Bureau of the Census and Statistics “to prepare, for and undertake all censuses of population, agriculture, industry, and commerce” and Republic Act No. 3100 sets aside an appropriation for the taking of the 1961 Economic Census.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby designate Calendar Year 1962 as Economic Census Year for the collection of data relating to the Calendar Year 1961 of all establishments engaged in economic activities in accordance with the plans of the Bureau of the Census and Statistics which may be deemed advisable by its Director, including such possible activities as forestry and fishing; mining and quarrying; manufacturing; construction; utilities (electricity, gas, water, and sanitary services); commerce; transportation, storage, and communication; and services (professional, education, medical and health, recreational, business, and personal): *Provided, That* in the collection of said data and information, the constitutional guarantees of the privacy of the people’s abodes and the prohibition against the revelation and publication of such data and information collected, except in the form authorized by Commonwealth Act No. 591, shall be strictly observed.

The collection of information is by mailing or delivering the necessary forms and explanatory matters furnished by the Bureau of the Census and Statistics to the persons best qualified to accomplish them, in which case the proprietors, officers, partners, associates, directors, administrators, managers, or any of their legal representatives shall be required to complete the questionnaires or forms or cause them to be completed on their own responsibility. The persons required to complete such schedules are required to mail or deliver them upon completion to the Bureau of the Census and Statistics or to any of its authorized representatives at such time as required by law.

All heads of Departments of the Government and its agencies and instrumentalities, including government-owned or controlled corporations, as well as provincial, city, and municipal officials, are hereby enjoined to authorize and direct all bureaus and offices under them, to make available, for purposes of the census-taking, the services of their personnel as may be requisitioned.

They are further enjoined to give such assistance as may be requested by the Bureau of the Census and Statistics in the execution of the provisions of this Executive Order.

The Bureau of the Census and Statistics is hereby charged with the implementation of this Order and it shall issue the necessary rules and regulations therefor.

Done in the City of Manila, this 23rd day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two, and of the Independence of the Philippines, the sixteenth.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
AMELITO R. MUTUC
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(22), 4263.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 11
ABOLISHING THE PEACE AND AMELIORATION FUND COMMISSION

WHEREAS, the Peace and Amelioration Fund Commission was created under Executive Order No. 7, dated January 7, 1954, for the purpose of raising additional funds from voluntary contributions needed for the maintenance of peace and order during the upsurge of the dissident and subversive elements in the country; and

WHEREAS, the tasks of maintaining peace and order may now be adequately carried on with regularly appropriated funds;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby order:

1. The Peace and Amelioration Fund Commission created in Executive Order No. 7 dated January 7, 1954, as amended by Executive Order No. 153, dated December 31, 1955, is hereby abolished.

2. Such minimum essential personnel as is necessary to handle the work connected with the holding of raffles already scheduled to be held after the abolition of the Commission, the clearing, closing, or liquidation of accounts and records, and all other residual activities shall be retained and attached to the Executive Office until the completion of the work. The number and salaries of this personnel shall be determined by the Executive Secretary.

3. The payment of gratuity from the funds of the Commission to employees who will be laid off as a result of the abolition of their positions under this Executive Order at a rate not exceeding one month salary for every year of continuous satisfactory service in the Government but not exceeding a total of twelve months, on the basis of the last salary received, is hereby authorized: PROVIDED, That if any of said employees are entitled to gratuity under any retirement law, they shall select either such gratuity or the gratuity herein provided: *And, provided, further*, That in case an employee who received gratuity is reinstated in the government service, he shall refund to the National Government the unexpired portion of his gratuity.

4. All the property, equipment, records, and my unexpended balance of the funds of the Commission shall be transferred to the Executive Office, the said unexpended balance to be spent for any of the purposes stated in the aforesaid Executive Order No. 7, as amended by Executive Order No. 153, and for the pay of the residual personnel referred to in paragraph 2 above.

5. This Order shall take effect on July 1, 1962.

Done in the City of Manila, this 25th day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
AMELITO R. MUTUC
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(26), 4701.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 12
PROVIDING INSTRUCTIONS TO BE FOLLOWED IN THE CONDUCT OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS
DURING THE TIME THAT THE PRESIDENT IS OUTSIDE THE PHILIPPINES

The following instructions are hereby issued for the conduct of public affairs during the absence of the President from the Philippines, on the occasion of his official visits to Pakistan and Spain from June 29, 1962, until he returns from abroad:

1. The President of the Philippines shall continue to exercise all the functions of his office as enjoined by the Constitution and the laws, in the same manner as when he is within the national territory. The Executive Secretary shall, as heretofore, sign all papers that are ordinarily signed by him or under the authority of the President.

2. Each Secretary of Department shall attend to and decide matters which pertain to his department and which under the law he may decide. On those matters, which require approval of the President, in case urgent action is needed, such approval shall be obtained by radio. On other departmental business which, although within the jurisdiction of a Secretary of Department, are of such importance as to affect the general policies of the Government and, therefore, should be the subject of consultation with the President, the Secretary concerned may communicate for such purpose with the President by radio or other convenient means of communication.

3. All official communications to the President, whether by letter or by radio, shall be transmitted through or by the Executive Secretary.

4. The Vice-President shall represent the President in social functions requiring the presence of the latter and shall preside over official ceremonies, receive and return the official calls of foreign dignitaries on behalf and in representation of the President, and on such occasions the Vice-President shall be entitled to the honors and courtesies due the President of the Philippines.

Done in the City of Manila, this 28th day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
AMELITO R. MUTUC
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(27), 4813.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 13
CREATING THE BUSINESS GUIDANCE AND STATISTICAL CENTER

In order that private investors may have a source of statistical and other information pertaining to business prospects and to achieve efficiency and avoid confusion in the release and distribution of statistical data and information concerning the Philippines for official and private purpose, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create the Business Guidance and Statistical Center.

1. The Center shall be administered by a board composed of the Chairman of the National Economic Council, as chairman, and the Governor of the Central Bank and the Secretary of Commerce and Industry, as *ex officio* members and two members representing the private sector. It shall have such personnel as may be assigned or detailed to it from the National Economic Council and other offices and entities of the Government.

2. The Center shall be the sole entity to issue official statistical data and information concerning the Philippines. All other entities and offices of the Government performing statistical work shall use their statistics only for the purposes of their functions and activities.

3. The Board shall issue rules and regulations with the approval of the President for the guidance of the public.

4. The Center may call upon any department, bureau, office, agency, or instrumentality of the Government, including government-owned or controlled corporations, for such assistance or information as it may need in the performance of its functions.

5. This order shall take effect immediately.

Done in the City of Manila, this 28th day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
AMELITO R. MUTUC
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(27), 4814.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 13-A

MODIFYING THE RATES OF IMPORT DUTY ON CERTAIN IMPORTED ARTICLES AS PROVIDED UNDER REPUBLIC ACT NUMBER NINETEEN HUNDRED THIRTY-SEVEN, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE TARIFF AND CUSTOMS CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES.

Pursuant to the powers vested in me by section 401 of Republic Act Number Nineteen Hundred Thirty-Seven, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby direct and order:

SECTION 1. The articles specifically listed hereunder as classified under section 104 of Republic Act Number Nineteen Hundred Thirty-Seven shall pay the, following rates of import duty:

Heading No.	Description of Article	Rate of Duty	
04.02	Milk and cream, preserved, concentrated or sweetened:		
	A. In liquid or semi-solid form	ad val.	5%
	B. In solid form (<i>e.g., block milk or milk powder</i>)	ad val.	8%
28.38	Sulphates (including alums) and persulphates:		
	A. Aluminum sulphate, commercial	ad val.	20%
	B. Other	ad val.	10%
55.09	Other woven fabrics, unfigured, of cotton:		
	A. In the grey	kg. ₱2.40 or ad val.	50%
	B. Bleached	kg. ₱3.90 or ad val.	75%
	C. Other	kg. ₱5.40 or ad val.	100%
	D. Duck and canvass weighing over 30 kgs. per 100 square meters	kg. ₱2.00 or ad val.	40%
55.10	Other woven fabrics figured, of cotton:		
	A. In the grey	kg. ₱3.00 or ad val.	50%
	B. Bleached	kg. ₱4.50 or ad val.	75%
	C. Other	kg. ₱6.00 or ad val.	100%
63.03	Remnants	ad val.	30%
73.12	Hoop and strip of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled.....	ad val.	7 ½ %

90.13	Optical appliances and instruments (including searchlights and spotlights, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter:		
	A. Operating lamps	ad val.	20%
	B. Other	ad val.	40%
90.26	Gas, liquid, and electricity supply or production meters; calibrating meters therefor:		
	A. Totalizing water meters, sizes $\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{1}{2}$ inch, $\frac{3}{4}$ inch and 1 inch	ad val.	60%
	B. Other	ad val.	10%

SEC. 2. After the expiration of thirty (30) days from the issuance of this Order, all the above-described articles entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, in the Philippines, for consumption shall be subject to the rates of import duty herein prescribed.

Done in the City of Manila, this 28th day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARINÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(37), 5967.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 14

**ABOLISHING THE JOSE RIZAL NATIONAL CENTENNIAL COMMISSION AND CREATING A
COMMITTEE TO CARRY OUT THE REMAINING ACTIVITIES OF THE COMMISSION**

Pursuant to the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby abolish the Jose Rizal National Centennial Commission created by Executive Order No. 52, dated August 10, 1954, and create a committee to carry out the remaining activities of the Commission. The Commission shall be composed of the following:

The Secretary of Education	Chairman
The Director of Public Libraries	Member
The Director of the National Museum	Member

All the property, equipment, records, and the unexpended balance of the funds of the Commission shall be transferred to the Executive Office, the same to be spent for the remaining activities of the Commission.

This order shall take effect on July 1, 1962.

Done in the City of Manila, this 29th day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
AMELITO R. MUTUC
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(28), 4935.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 15

DECLARING THE NABUNTURAN-MAINIT PARK ROAD, DAVAO PROVINCE,
FROM KILOMETER 453.20 TO KILOMETER 467.67, A NATIONAL SECONDARY ROAD

Upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Public Works and Communications and pursuant to the provisions of section 26, Article VII, of Republic Act No. 917, in relation to Executive Order No. 113, series of 1955, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby declare the Nabunturan-Mainit Park Road, Davao Province, from kilometer 453.20 to kilometer 467.67, or a distance of 14.47 kilometers, a national secondary road.

In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Republic of the Philippines to be affixed.

Done in the City of Manila, this 30th day of July, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
AMELITO R. MUTUC
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(32), 5389.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 16
RELAXING THE REGULATION ON THE PROHIBITION OF TAKING AERIAL
PHOTOGRAPHY FOR SURVEYING AND MAPPING PURPOSES

WHEREAS, Republic Act No. 2912, otherwise known as the Surveying and Mapping Act of 1960, declares as a policy that economic maps, large scale topographical maps which conform with modern standards, other special maps needed for economic development, and aeronautical charts, be produced in this country and made available for its economic development;

WHEREAS, the Board of Technical Surveys and Maps created under said law has among its powers, functions, and duties the development and encouragement of free private enterprise in the field of surveying and mapping; and

WHEREAS, aerial photography or photogrammetry is an important means of attaining and accomplishing the foregoing policy and function;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, and upon the recommendation of the Board of Technical Surveys and Maps, do hereby authorize the government agencies engaged in surveying and mapping and private entities duly registered and licensed to engage in the same activity, to take aerial photography in any part of the Philippines for purposes of surveying and mapping. Permission to take aerial photography shall be secured from the Department of National Defense upon recommendation of the Board of Technical Surveys and Maps.

Done in the City of Manila, this 20th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(37), 5968.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 17
CREATING THE PROGRAM IMPLEMENTATION AGENCY FOR CARRYING OUT THE
SOCIO-ECONOMIC PROGRAM

WHEREAS, the Government under its present structure needs an appropriate coordinating and implementing agency to carry out the Socio-Economic Program;

WHEREAS, there is necessity for a single agency in the Government to be in charge of and responsible for analytical staff work at the highest level to insure consistency of action in program implementation and matters of policy formulation involved therein;

WHEREAS, it is necessary that the President know as intimately as possible the plans, policy proposals, methods and problems related to the primary goal of accelerated economic growth; and

WHEREAS, it is also necessary that the best possible technical staff work be available to the President at all times to provide him with the necessary information for day-to-day decisions as well as for policy formulation;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create the Program Implementation Agency under the Office of the President which shall serve as the technical staff of the President responsible for the determination of economic priorities in the allocation of public funds, for technical and policy research, and for other related actions necessary to effect the coordination and implementation of the Socio-Economic Program.

1. The Agency shall be directly under and responsible to, the President of the Philippines.
2. The Agency shall be headed by a Presidential Economic Assistant to be known as Director-General who shall have Cabinet rank.
3. The Agency shall have such personnel as may be assigned or detailed to it from departments, bureaus, offices and instrumentalities of the Government and such other personnel as the President may deem necessary for the performance of the Agency's work. All positions in the Agency are hereby declared to be highly technical and/or primarily confidential in nature.
4. The duly authorized officials of the Agency shall have the authority, on behalf of the President of the Philippines, to secure data and information directly from all government offices and entities and to consult and confer with the officers and personnel thereof, on such matters as may be necessary for the Agency to discharge its functions.
5. The Agency shall have the following functions and responsibilities:

(a) It shall perform socio-economic planning work at a level in-between the overall aggregative view of the National Economic Councils and the specialized specific views of individual government departments, corporations and financial institutions.

(b) It shall analyze, coordinate and integrate the plans, projects, programs and studies of the various government departments, agencies and instrumentalities for the purpose of formulating policy recommendations, establishing priorities and programming the utilization of public funds, manpower resources, and materials and equipment.

(c) It shall analyze, evaluate, coordinate and, where necessary and with the approval of the President, initiate major capital projects involving public funds or funds of public financial institutions.

(d) It shall perform the necessary studies and formulate recommendations for consistent internal and external economic policies of the Government.

(e) It shall perform the necessary analytical and projection work in the fields of operational planning and basic policy research.

(f) It shall undertake analytical work in commodity production and demand and, on the basis thereof, consult with and make suggestions to private entrepreneurs for appropriate investment projects in the private sector.

(g) It shall establish, with the approval of the President, the necessary criteria, and other guidelines for the public and private sectors for investment decisions consistent with the objectives of the Socio-Economic Program.

(h) It shall prepare draft legislative proposals designed to achieve the various targets and objectives of the Socio-Economic Program.

(i) It shall perform such other functions as may be necessary to attain its objectives and shall discharge such other duties as the President may direct.

Done in the City of Manila, this 24th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

SALVADOR L. MARINÓ

Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(38), 6077.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 18
INTENSIFYING THE NATIONAL FOOD PRODUCTION CAMPAIGN

WHEREAS, one of the most serious problems confronting the country today is the recurring shortage of foods, particularly rice and corn, fish, meat, poultry, milk and milk products, etc., to meet the standard nutritional requirements of our fast-growing population;

WHEREAS, the attainment of self-sufficiency in foods is one of the principal objectives of the Government's 5-year Integrated Socio-Economic Program, and its realization will help in the stabilization of the price of prime commodities;

WHEREAS, the Philippines is endowed with extensive and fertile agricultural lands and with abundant rainfall, and with the use of the known tools of production, we may develop not only self-sufficiency, but surplus in production needed for export and to supply the raw materials necessary for the establishment of industries;

Now, therefore, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create a NATIONAL FOOD PRODUCTION CAMPAIGN COMMITTEE whose membership, duties, and functions are as follows:

I. *Membership*.—This nation-wide Food Production Campaign shall be implemented by a Cabinet Committee composed of the Secretary of Agriculture and Natural Resources, the Secretary of Education, and the General Manager of the Rice and Corn Administration.

The Cabinet Committee is hereby empowered to create production coordinating committees in the different regions, provinces, municipalities, and municipal districts: organize Work Groups; and promulgate such rules and regulations as may be necessary to carry out effectively the functions of the Food Production Campaign. The Cabinet Committee is also empowered to call on other departments, bureaus, and/or offices of the government for the proper implementation of its duties and functions.

II. *Duties and Functions*

The National Food Production Committee shall formulate short and long range programs and shall have the following duties and functions:

1. Conduct a nation-wide campaign for the production of food crops, meat, poultry, milk, fish, etc., all over the country.
 2. Encourage the production of sufficient seed and plant materials; promote gardening in schools, backyards, and promote crop diversification by planting mongo, onion, garlic, and other short season crops after rice.
-

3. Intensify stocking of fish seeds in inland waters and wage a campaign against dynamite fishing and effect the speedy processing of fishpond applications under the jurisdiction of government agencies concerned.

4. Intensify and promote artificial insemination, particularly on swine and cattle, and encourage dairying, backyard poultry, and/or swine raising.

5. Intensify the control of plant and animal pests and diseases and implement the international and national quarantine rules and regulations.

6. Intensify educational campaign among the people on the use of improved agricultural practices through the establishment of more plant and animal breeding stations, seed and livestock farms and farm demonstrations and fish nurseries.

7. Promote food production by awarding prizes and certificates of recognition to deserving barrio farmers, school children, and teachers in the production of better plants, livestock, and fishes.

8. Promote the organization and enlist cooperation of Farmers' Extension Clubs, Parent Teachers Association, 4-H Clubs, Rural Improvement Clubs, Boy Scout, Girl Scout Organizations, and other similar organizations, and encourage the holding of regular farmers' and animal's field day in rural areas.

9. Intensify the in-service training of government personnel, particularly those engaged in food production.

10. Recommend measures for the use of other agencies and offices in the extension of more credit facilities, particularly to indigent farmers.

11. Recommend measures to appropriate government agencies for the establishment of more adequate storage, transportation, and marketing facilities.

12. Do other duties and perform other functions which will help contribute in the attainment of the goals set in our 5-year socioeconomic program.

III. *Funds*.—The Cabinet Committee is hereby authorized to draw such amount as may be needed to carry out the duties and functions of the National Food Production Campaign from such available funds as may be needed for the purpose under existing rules and regulations, subject to the approval of the President of the Philippines.

Done in the City of Manila, Philippines, this 30th day of August, in the Year of Our Lord, Nineteen Hundred and Sixty-Two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(39), 6213.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 19
OPENING THE PORT OF CLAVERIA, CAGAYAN, AS SUB-PORT OF ENTRY WITHIN THE
COLLECTION DISTRICT OF THE PORT OF APPARI

Pursuant to the provisions of section 702 of Republic Act No. 1937, and upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Finance, the Port of Claveria, Cagayan, is hereby create, opened, and established as a sub-port of entry within the collection district of Aparri.

Done in the City of Manila, this 12th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(40), 6407.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 20

AMENDING PARAGRAPH 2, SUBPARAGRAPH (E), OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 34, DATED JUNE 1, 1954, DECLARING THAT PORTION OF THE BENGUET ROAD (KENNON ROAD) FROM KLONDYKE'S SPRING TO CAMP SIX WITHIN THE MOUNTAIN PROVINCE AS TOLL ROAD AND FIXING SCHEDULE OF FEES FOR THE COLLECTION OF TOLLS THEREON

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby amend the second paragraph, subparagraph (e), of Executive Order No. 34, dated June 1, 1954, to read as follows:

“(e) Private-owned cars bearing plate numbers 1 to 15 of officials of the Republic of the Philippines traveling on official business.”

Done in the City of Manila, this 17th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Macapagal, D. (1962). Executive Order No. 20: Amending Paragraph 2, Subparagraph (e), of Executive Order No. 34, dated June 1, 1954, declaring that portion of the Benguet Road (Kennon Road) from Klondyke's Spring to Camp Six within the mountain province as toll road and fixing schedule of fees for the collection of tolls thereon. *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(40), 6407.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 21

DECLARING THE PROPOSED SAN FERNANDO AIRPORT ROAD IN LA UNION, FROM THE
JUNCTION WITH THE PORO POINT ROAD TO THE TERMINAL OFFICE OF THE AIRPORT
AS NATIONAL SECONDARY ROAD

Upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Public Works and Communications and pursuant to the provisions of section 26, Article VIII, of Republic Act No. 917 in relation to Executive Order No. 113, series of 1955, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby declare the proposed San Fernando Airport Road in La Union, from the junction with the Poro Point Road to the terminal office of the airport, from km. 268.909 to km. 269.878 or a distance of .969 kms., as national secondary road.

Done in the City of Manila, this 17th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(40), 6408.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 22

**PROVIDING FOR THE IMPLEMENTING DETAILS FOR REPUBLIC ACT NO. 2717,
OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE ELECTRIFICATION ADMINISTRATION ACT**

Pursuant to the powers vested in me by law, the following implementing details of Republic Act No. 2717, otherwise known as the Electrification Administration Act, are hereby promulgated to govern the organization, powers, duties, and functions of the Electrification Administration.

SECTION 1. The organization, functions, and operation of the Electrification Administration, hereinafter referred to as the "Administration," shall be in accordance with the provisions of Republic Act No. 2717 and these Implementing Details.

SEC. 2. The Administration shall function under the Office of the President and shall consist of the Office of the Administrator, a Programming and Planning Department, a Fiscal Department, a Loans and Investments Department, and a Design, Construction, and Maintenance Department.

SEC. 3. The Office of the Administrator shall have an Administrative Department, an Accounting Department, and a Legal Department.

SEC. 4. The Administrator of the Electrification Administration, hereinafter referred to as the "Administrator," is authorized to make such changes in organization, definition of functions, and distribution of work among the departments in the Administration as may be necessary to reflect changes in legislation, conditions, needs, or workloads: *Provided*, That no changes may be made during the fiscal year 1963 without specific approval of the President: *And provided further*, That any such changes must be in conformity with the provisions of Republic Act No. 2717 and these Implementing Details.

SEC. 5. Quarters for the Offices of the Administration shall be selected by the Administrator.

SEC. 6. The functions, powers, duties, and responsibilities of the Administrator shall consist of those provided in pertinent provisions of the Revised Administrative Code, other pertinent laws, orders, rules and regulations, besides those provided in pertinent provisions of Republic Act No. 2717 and these Implementing Details.

The Administrator shall have the following functions, among others:

1. Advise the President on the formulation and execution of policies concerning the furnishing of cheap and dependable electric power and facilities in rural areas;
2. Promulgate rules and regulations necessary to carry out policy objectives and functions vested in him by law;
3. Appoint, fix the compensation, and determine the duties of the officials and employees of the Administration as the exigencies of the service may require;

4. Delegate authority for the performance of any functions or set of functions to officers and employees under his direction; and
5. Direct and provide for the overall operation of the Administration.

SEC. 7. The Administrator shall receive an annual compensation of fifteen thousand pesos per annum.

SEC. 8. The Deputy Administrator shall be delegated such powers and authority as may be necessary to enable him to discharge his functions, duties, and responsibilities.

The Deputy Administrator shall have the following functions, among others:

1. Serve as deputy to the Administrator in all matters;
2. Administer the Administration's day-to-day activities, coordinate its program and projects, and be responsible for the efficient and economical operation of the Administration;
3. Evaluate recommendations made by the various staffs and departments of the Administration and submit his findings to the Administrator for action;
4. Advise and assist the Administrator in the formulation, determination, and implementation of the Administration policies;
5. Act as Administrator in the latter's absence or if the office is vacant.

SEC. 9. The Deputy Administrator shall receive an annual compensation of twelve thousand pesos per annum.

SEC. 10. The Administrative Department shall be responsible for providing services related to property, records, materials requisition, and general office management.

SEC. 11. The Legal Department shall provide legal services and advise required by the Administrator, or the office, including those pertaining to proposed and existing legislations pertinent to the functions of the Administration.

SEC. 12. The Accounting Department shall be responsible for the functions relating to the maintenance of proper accounting procedures and records.

SEC. 13. The Programming and Planning Department shall operate primarily as a planning, scheduling, coordinating, and advisory unit in the implementation of the Administration's electrification program. It shall coordinate its work and consult with the National Economic Council, the Program Implementation Agency, the National Power Corporation, and the Bureau of Public Works.

SEC. 14. The Fiscal Department shall be responsible for the functions of the Administration relating to financial budgeting, control of expenditures of budgeted funds, and the handling of cash.

SEC. 15. The Loans and Investments Department shall be responsible for the evaluation and processing of loan applications.

SEC. 16. The Design, Construction, and Maintenance Department shall execute program, of the Administration relating to the location, design, construction and maintenance of electric power facilities.

SEC. 17. Out of the fund provided for in Republic Act No. 2717, the sum of ₱5,000,000 is hereby set aside as operating expenses of the Administration for the fiscal year 1962-63.

SEC. 18. The balance of the amount appropriated for the Administration as provided in R. A. 2717 and as programmed by the Budget Commission for the Fiscal Year 1962-63, after the amount provided in section 17 hereof has been deducted, is hereby made available for loans in accordance with the provisions of said Act.

SEC. 19. The sum of ₱5,000,000 for the fiscal year 1962-63 and the same amount each year, for the next four (4) fiscal years, is hereby authorized as a revolving fund of the Administration. Any sum as assets which the NEC-AID may assign to the Administration shall form part of this revolving fund, except when it is expressly set aside for research or operating expenses. For the succeeding fiscal years, the operating expenses of the Administration shall be incorporated in the General Appropriation Act. The increments due and collected by the Administration shall be subject to a special budget for the improvement of the Administration.

SEC. 20. The Government Service Insurance System, the Social Security System, and the Development Bank of the Philippines are hereby authorized and directed to make loans not exceeding the aggregate amount of ₱50,000,000, subject to the pertinent provisions of section 5, Republic Act No. 2717.

SEC. 21. The Chairman of the Reparations Commission shall allocate and transfer to the Administration any sums or assets received from or out of Japanese reparations and loans obtained under the Japanese Reparations Treaty.

SEC. 22. If any provisions of these Implementing Details should be held invalid, the other provisions shall not be affected thereby.

SEC. 23. The Administrator shall direct the orderly scheduling of transfers, changes, and other transitional actions required by these Implementing Details. In the Interim, each entity affected shall continue to perform its existing functions until such time as the Administrator orders changes or cessation, and each officer and employee shall continue to perform his duties and to exercise his authority until such time as the Administrator orders otherwise.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(44), 6831.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 23
PRESCRIBING THE BASE PAY OF OFFICERS OF THE ARMED FORCES OF THE PHILIPPINES

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by section 90 of the National Defense Act, as amended, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby prescribe the following rates of base pay for the officers of the Armed Forces of the Philippines, effective as of October 1, 1962:

Lieutenant General (Chief of Staff)	₱14,300
Major General	12,400
Brigadier General (Commodore)	9,000
Colonel (Captain)	7,200
Lieutenant Colonel (Comander)	6,200
Major (Lieutenant Commander)	5,700
Captain (Lieutenant Senior Grade)	4,800
First Lieutenant (Lieutenant Junior Grade)	3,800
Second Lieutenant (Ensign)	3,200

Executive Order No. 4, dated July 11, 1946, as amended, is hereby modified accordingly.

Done in the City of Manila, this 5th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARINÓ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(44), 6995.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 24
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 571, CREATING A DECORATION
TO BE KNOWN AS THE ORDER OF SIKATUNA

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby amend section 8 of Executive Order No. 571, promulgated on February 27, 1953, to read as follows:

“SEC. 2. The Order of Sikatuna, which commemorates the first treaty (*Pacto de Sangre*) between the Philippines and foreign country, shall be divided into five ranks:

“1. *Raja*—To be awarded to actual or former heads of state and/or heads of government, Filipino or foreign, for extraordinary services in the field of international relations.

“2. *Datu*—To be awarded to foreign ministers, other Cabinet secretaries and ambassadors, Filipino or foreign, for exceptionally meritorious services in the field international relations.

“3. *Lakan*—To be awarded to ministers plenipotentiary and officials of equivalent rank and other distinguished persons, Filipino or foreign for outstanding services in the field of international relations.

“4. *Maginoo*—To be awarded to senior officers of the Department of Foreign Affairs, whether in the Home Office or in the Foreign Service, below ministerial rank, for excellent services in the field of international relations. This may likewise be awarded to other government officials of the Philippines and of foreign countries of equivalent or similar rank and to deserving private citizens. Before any Filipino government official or employee may be entitled to the award, he must have served at least six years in the government.

“5. *Maharlika*—To be awarded to junior officers of the Department of Foreign Affairs, whether in the Home Office or in the Foreign Service, to other government officials of the Philippines and of foreign countries, and to private citizens deserving of such honor. Before any Filipino government official or employee may be entitled to the award, he must have served at least four years in the government.”

Done in the City of Manila, this 19th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(45), 7339.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 25

**DECLARING THE AGOO BEACH ROAD, LA UNION, FROM KILOMETER 236.295 TO
KILOMETER 242.957 OR 6.662 KILOMETERS AS NATIONAL SECONDARY ROAD**

Upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Public Works and Communications and pursuant to the provisions of section 26, Article VIII, of Republic Act No. 917, in relation to Executive Order No. 113, series of 1955, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby declare the Agoo Beach Road, La Union, from kilometer 236.295 to kilometer 242.957 or 6.662 kilometers, as national secondary road, provided that the minimum road right-of-way shall not be less than 20.00 meters.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Republic of the Philippines to be affixed.

Done in the City of Manila, this 28th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Macapagal, D. (1962). Executive Order No. 25: Declaring the Agoo Beach Road, La Union, from kilometer 236.295 to kilometer 242.957 or 6.662 kilometers as National Secondary Road. *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(51), 8369.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 26
REVISING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 108, DATED DECEMBER 3, 1947, ENTITLED
“REORGANIZING THE LIGHTHOUSE BOARD”

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, and in order to systematize and coordinate the rehabilitation, establishment, and improvement of lighthouses and other aids to navigation in the Philippines, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby reorganize the Lighthouse Board, to be composed of the Director of Coast and Geodetic Survey, as Chairman; and the Flag Officer in Command, Philippine Navy; the Superintendent of the Lighthouse Service, Philippine Navy; the Harbor Superintendent, Bureau of Customs; the Chief, Ports and Harbors Division, Bureau of Public Works; the President of the Philippine Shipowners' Association, Inc., or his representative; and the Secretary-Manager of the Associated Steamship Lines, or his representative, as members.

Executive Order No. 108, dated December 3, 1947, is hereby amended accordingly.

Done in the City of Manila, this 11th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(52), 8565.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 27

DECLARING THE CAMALIG-COMUN-GAPO ROAD, ALBAY PROVINCE, FROM KILOMETER
538.44 TO KILOMETER 553.04, OR A DISTANCE OF 14.60 KILOMETERS,
A NATIONAL SECONDARY ROAD

Upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Public Works and Communications and pursuant to the provisions of section 26, Article VIII, of Republic Act No. 917, in relation to Executive Order No. 113, series of 1955, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby declare the Camalig-Comun-Gapo Road, Albay, from kilometer 538.44 to kilometer 553.04, or a distance of 14.60 kilometers, a national secondary road.

Done in the City of Manila, this 21st day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 58(53), 8777.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 28

AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 14, DATED JUNE 29, 1962, BY CONVERTING THE COMMITTEE CREATED THEREUNDER INTO A NATIONAL HEROES COMMISSION WITH ADDITIONAL MEMBERS, DUTIES, AND FUNCTIONS

WHEREAS, the grandeur of a nation is determined by the greatness of the lives and works of its heroes, and the Philippines is a country of great men whose heroic deeds have shaped our destiny as a nation;

WHEREAS, on the solid rock of their historic past is based the present structure of our nationhood for the well-being of future generations;

WHEREAS, our government and people have jointly initiated a determined move to propagate their teachings not only among our people, who are the immediate beneficiary of their enduring legacy, but also among all peoples in countries where democracy and freedom are held supreme;

WHEREAS, in view of the favorable impact on our people made by the centennial celebration of the birth of Jose Rizal, there is need for establishing a continuing agency of the government to prepare for the centenary of other national heroes whose lives and teachings should likewise be perpetuated;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, in recognition of the necessity of observing the centenary and anniversary of national heroes of the Philippines and the perpetuation of their lives and teachings, do hereby amend Executive Order No. 14, series of 1962, abolishing the Jose Rizal National Centennial Commission and creating a committee to carry out the remaining activities of the commission, by converting said committee into a National Heroes Commission with increased membership, duties, and functions.

The Commission shall be composed of the following:

- | | |
|--|----------|
| 1. The Secretary of Education | Chairman |
| 2. The Director of Public Libraries | Member |
| 3. The Director of National Museum | Member |
| 4. The President, Philippine Historical Association | Member |
| 5. Other persons the President may designate from time to time | |

The Commission shall have the following additional duties and functions:

1. Prepare for the celebration of the centenary of selected national heroes, to include but not limited to the publication of their works and to adopt measures that will afford every Filipino a chance to participate in the celebration of each centenary;

2. Translate into English, Filipino, and major languages of the Philippines and publish for distribution their original writings and significant works about them to be sold at cost;

3. Print and distribute biographies of national heroes;

4. Administer and appropriate, with the approval of the President, funds donated to it by the public and by the Government and proceeds from income in pursuance of its duties and functions;

5. Study who of our heroes should be honored by way of proclamation of special public holidays in their honor; the scope of the celebration, whether national or local; the appropriate manner of observing the various occasions; and whether it is the natal day or the death anniversary that should be observed;

6. Take charge of the celebrations in their honor so as to assure harmony, solemnity, and propriety in the observance of the various occasions.

The Commission may call upon any department, bureau, office, agency, or instrumentality of the government, including government-owned or controlled corporations, for such assistance or information as it may need in the performance of its functions.

The Commission shall make report to the President from time to time but not less than once every six months.

Done in the City of Manila, this 27th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: Presidential Museum and Library

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(1), 1.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 29
EXTENDING THE PROHIBITION TO SLAUGHTER CARABAOS UP TO DECEMBER 31, 1963

In order to carry out effectively the provisions of Republic Act No. 11 and to conserve our work animals for agricultural purposes, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby order:

1. The prohibition to slaughter carabaos under executive Order No. 3, dated January 12, 1962, is hereby extended up to December 31, 1963.

2. Permits to slaughter carabaos may be issued by the Provincial Commander, subject to the following conditions:

- (a) That the carabao is fifteen (15) years old or over;
- (b) That the carabao is unfit for work;
- (c) That the carabao must be inspected by the Provincial Veterinarian and the Provincial Commander or their authorized representatives; and
- (d) That the Provincial Veterinarian and the Provincial Commander shall make a joint certification that the carabao is 15 years old or over and unfit for work.

3. In every case where a permit to slaughter carabao is issued, the Provincial Commander shall furnish the Office of the President copies of the pertinent papers.

Done in the City of Manila, this 28th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-two.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1962). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(2), 187.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 30
CREATING AN EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE FOR THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE
QUEZON MEMORIAL, LUNETA, AND OTHER NATIONAL PARKS

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby create an executive committee for the development of the Quezon Memorial, Luneta, and other National Parks, to be composed of a chairman, members, and an executive director as may be designated by the President. The committee shall synchronize and coordinate its activities with the Parks and Wildlife Office and the Commission on Parks and Wildlife for the speedy and effective development of the said Parks.

The committee is hereby authorized to call upon any department, bureau, office, agency, or instrumentality of the Government, including government-owned or controlled corporations, for such assistance as it may need.

Done in the City of Manila, this 14th day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(3), 359.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 31**MODIFYING THE RATES OF IMPORT DUTY ON CERTAIN IMPORTED ARTICLES AS PROVIDED UNDER REPUBLIC ACT NUMBER NINETEEN HUNDRED THIRTY-SEVEN, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE TARIFF AND CUSTOMS CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES**

Pursuant to the powers vested in me by section 401 of Republic Act Number Nineteen Hundred Thirty-Seven, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby direct and order:

SECTION 1. The articles specifically listed hereunder as classified under section 104 of Republic Act Number Nineteen Hundred Thirty-Seven shall pay the following rates of import duty:

Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of Duty
04.03	Butter: A. * * * * *	
	B. Other	ad. val. 70% or n.w., Kg. ₱2.60
11.02	Cereal groats and cereal meal; other worked cereal grains (e.g., rolled or flaked, with or without heat-treatment, polished, pearled or crushed, or enriched by vitamins or minerals but not further prepared), except husked, glazed, polished or broken rice; edible germ of cereals: A. Oat groats B. Other	g.w., 100 kgs. ₱15.00 g.w., 100 kgs. ₱30.00
12.01	Oil seeds and oleaginous fruits, whole or broken: A. * * * * * B. * * * * *	
	C. Soybeans	g.w., 100 kgs. ₱25.00
	D. Other	g.w., 100 kgs. ₱50.00
12.07	Plants and parts of plants, seeds and fruits, being articles of a kind used primarily in perfumery, in pharmacy or for insecticidal, fungicidal and similar purposes, fresh or dried, whole, crushed, ground or powdered: A. Pyrethrum B. Other	ad. val. 20% ad. val 40%
19.07	Bread, ship's biscuits and other ordinary bakers' products, not containing sugar, honey, eggs, fats, cheese or fruit	g.w., 100 kgs. ₱60.00
19.08	Pastry, biscuits, cakes and other fine bakers' products, whether or not containing cocoa in any proportion	g.w., 100 kgs. ₱80.00
29.23	Single or complex oxygen-function amino-compounds:	

Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of Duty
	A. Monosodium Glutamate n.w., kg.	₱3.00
	or ad. val. 50%	
	B. Other ad. val. 10%	
35.03	Gelatin (including gelatin in rectangles, whether or not colored or surface-worked) and gelatin derivatives; glues derived from bones, hides, nerves, tendons, or similar products, and fish glues; isinglass:	
	A. Animal glue ad. val. 30%	
	B. Other ad. val. 15%	
48.07	Coated (including surface-colored decorated or printed) or impregnated paper and paper board in rolls or sheets, not being printed matter falling within Chapter 49:	
	A. Carbon paper ad. val. 30%	
	B. Stencil sheets ad. val. 50%	
	C. Other ad. val. 25%	
48.14	Writing blocks, envelopes, letter cards, plain postcards, correspondence cards; boxes, pouches, wallets and writing compendiums of paper or paperboard containing an assortment of paper stationary ad. val. 65%	
48.15	Other paper and paperboard, cut to size or shape:	
	A. Paper:	
	1. * * * * *	
	2. * * * * *	
	3. Bond paper and onion skin paper ad. val. 65%	
	4. Toilet paper, in rolls, packets or otherwise put up ad. val. 65%	
	5. Other ad. val. 45%	
48.17	Box files and storage boxes, of paper or paper-board, of a kind commonly used in offices, shops and the like ad. val. 55%	
48.18	Registers, exercise books, note books, memorandum blocks, order books, receipt books, diaries, blotting pads, binders (loose-leaf or other), file covers and other stationary of paper or paperboard; sample and other albums and books covers, of paper or paperboard ad. val. 65%	
48.21	Other articles of paper pulp, paper, paperboard or cellulose wadding:	
	A. Serviettes ad. val. 65%	
	B. Other ad. val. 50%	
51.01	Yarn of continuous synthetic or artificial textiles, not put up for retail sale:	
	A. Filament tow ad. val. 15%	
	B. Other ad. val. 30%	
73.10	Bars and rods (including wire rod) of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged or cold-finished (including precision-made); hollow mining drill steel:	
	A. * * * * *	
	B. * * * * *	
	C. Wire rods (excluding wire rods for manufacture into welding electrode when imported directly by welding rod manufacturers.) ad. val. 40%	
	D. Other ad. val. 15%	
73.14	Iron or steel wire, single strand, whether or not coated, but not insulated:	
	A. Not coated ad. val. 75%	
	or g.w., 100 kgs. ₱16.00	

Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of Duty
	B. Other:	
	1. Nailwire ad. val. 75%	
		or g.w., 100 kgs. ₱16.00
	2. Other ad. val. 15%	
73.31	Nails, tacks, staples, hook nails, cramps, studs, spikes and drawing pins, of iron or steel (other than copper-headed nails):	
	A. * * * * *	
	B. * * * * *	
	C. Railroad track spikes ad. val. 75%	
	D. Other ad. val. 20%	
73.34	Pins (excluding hatpins and other ornamental pins and drawing pins), hairpins, hairclips and curling grips, of iron or steel:	
	A. Bobby hairpins ad. val. 75%	
	B. Other ad. val. 15%	
82.14	Spoons, forks, fish knives, butter knives, ladles, and similar kitchen or tableware:	
	A. * * * * *	
	B. Spoons, forks, teaspoons and knives, of stainless steel gross	₱10.00
		or ad. val. 50%
	C. Other ad. val. 20%	
83.02	Base metal fittings and mountings of a kind suitable for furniture, doors, windows, blinds, coachwork, saddlery, trunks, and the like (including automatic door closers); base metal hatracks, hat pegs, brackets and the like:	
	A. * * * * *	
	B. Butt hinges up to size 4 inch by 4 inch ad. val. 75%	
	C. Other ad. val. 15%	
84.15	Refrigerators and refrigerating equipment (electric and other):	
	A. Household refrigerators, freezers and beverage coolers:	
	1. * * * * *	
	2. Absorption type ad. val. 80%	
84.20	Weighing machinery (excluding balances of a sensitivity of five centigrams or better), including weight-operated counting and checking machines; weights therefore:	
	A. Platform scale (excluding dial automatic type and no loose weight steel yard type):	
	1. 500 and 1,000 kilogram capacity ad. val. 30%	
	2. Parts and accessories:	
	a. Graduated beam assembly, steel knife edges, steel knife edge receivers and standard weights ad. val. 15%	
	b. Other ad. val. 30%	
	B. Counter scale (excluding dial automatic type and no loose weight steel yard type):	
	1. 10 kilogram capacity ad. val. 30%	
	2. Parts and accessories:	
	a. Graduated beam assembly, steel knife edges, steel knife edge receivers and standard weights ad. val. 15%	
	b. Other ad. val. 30%	
	C. Other ad. val. 15%	

Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of Duty
84.23	Earth excavating, leveling, boring and extracting machinery, stationary or mobile (e.g., mechanical shovels, coal cutters, excavators, scrapers, levelers, bulldozers); pile drivers; snow plows, not self-propelled (including snow plow attachments): A. Rooter, ripper and bucket teeth for earth excavating leveling and extracting machinery ad. val. 25% B. Other ad. val. 10%	
85.01	Electric generators, motors, transformers, converters (rotary or static), rectifiers, inductors, reactors, frequency transformers and similar machinery and apparatus, other than those falling within heading No. 85.08, 85.09 or 85.21: A. * * * * * B. AC Induction squirrel cage type motors open, semi-protected, protected or drip-proof, horizontal shaft with fractional and integral ratings up to 5 HP; splash proof or totally enclosed fan-cooled, 1200 to 3600 RPM with fractional and integral ratings from 1/6 HP to 30 HP), 110 to 440 volts, 2 to 6 poles, single-phase or 3-phase, 60 cycle, except motors having frames normally integral with other types of machinery; radio and television coils ad. val. 20% C. Other ad. val. 10%	
85.06	Electromechanical domestic appliances, with self-contained electric motor: A. Electric floor polishers, up to 16 inches brush diameter, 110 or 220 volts ad. val. 40% B. Other ad. val. 25%	
87.10	Cycles (including delivery tricycles), not motorized ad. val. 80%	
90.29	Parts and accessories of instruments or apparatus falling within headings numbered 90.24, 90.26, 90.27 and 90.28: A. Parts for water meters, sizes 5/8" x 1/2", 3/4" and 1" ad. val. 40% B. Other ad. val. 10%	
97.01.	Wheeled toys designed to be ridden by children (e.g., toy bicycles, tricycles, scooters and pedal motor cars); dolls' prams and dolls' push chairs: A. Children's tricycles ad. val. 80% B. Other ad. val. 60%	
98.15	Vacuum flasks and other vacuum vessels, complete with cases; parts thereof, other than glass inners: A. Complete vessels with or without cups and stoppers, of a capacity of 5 pints or less dozen or ad. val. 40% B. Other ad. val. 20%	₱9.00

SEC. 2. After the expiration of thirty (30) days from the issuance of this Order, all the above-described articles entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, in the Philippines, for consumption shall be subject to the rates of import duty herein prescribed.

SEC. 3. Any unwarranted increase in the prices of local products benefited by these tariff changes may be sufficient ground for the revocation of such tariff changes.

Done in the City of Manila, this 25th day of January, 1963, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three, and of the Independence of the Philippines, the sixteenth.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(4), 531.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 32
AMENDING FURTHER EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 72 DATED DECEMBER 3, 1936,
ESTABLISHING A CLASSIFICATION OF PORTS

The port of Guisguis, Sariaya, province of Quezon, is hereby included in the classification of National Ports open to coastwise trade.

Executive Order No. 72 dated December 3, 1936, as amended by Executive Order No. 195 dated March 3, 1939, Executive Order No. 254 dated February 20, 1940, and Executive Order No. 289 dated July 8, 1940, is hereby further amended accordingly.

Done in the City of Manila, this 25th day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARINÓ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(4), 535.

MALACANANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 33

AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 16 DATED APRIL 24, 1922, SO AS TO CHANGE THE
COMPOSITION OF THE COMMITTEE THEREIN CREATED

Executive Order No. 16, dated April 24, 1922, creating a committee to coordinate the work in the disposition of public lands within the Baguio Townsite Reservation, is hereby amended so that the composition of said committee shall be as follows:

The Director of Lands	Chairman
The City Mayor of Baguio	Member
The City Engineer of Baguio	Member
The Director of Forestry	Member
The Director of Parks & Wildlife	Member
The Chairman; Baguio City Planning Board	Member

Done in the City of Manila, this 25th day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(4), 536.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 34
RECLASSIFYING ALL CHARTERED CITIES, EXCEPT BAGUIO AND QUEZON CITIES

Pursuant to the provisions of section one of Republic Act Numbered Eight Hundred and Forty, the following chartered cities are hereby reclassified, as herein indicated, in accordance with the schedule provided in said section one of Republic Act Numbered Eight Hundred and Forty, on the basis of their respective total revenues during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1962, as certified correct by the General Auditing Office:

Name of Cities	Total Revenues	Classification
1. Bacolod	₱2,784,116.89	First
2. Basilan	1,305,880.95	First
3. Butuan	1,400,225.94	First
4. Cabanatuan	934,577.82	Second
5. Cagayan de Oro	1,455,294.31	First
6. Calbayog	538,637.04	Third
7. Caloocan	1,625,625.83	First
8. Cavite	872,011.55	Second
9. Cebu	8,369,043.27	First
10. Cotabato	738,833.99	Second
11. Dagupan	1,097,478.19	First
12. Danao	316,405.96	Fourth
13. Davao	4,735,110.82	First
14. Dumaguete	801,620.10	Second
15. Gingoog	399,326.98	Fourth
16. Iligan	1,130,240.08	First
17. Iloilo	3,896,229.17	First
18. Lapu-Lapu	380,057.71	Fourth
19. Legazpi	654,129.48	Third
20. Lipa	913,404.15	Second
21. Lucena	682,742.22	Third
22. Marawi	332,504.75	Fourth
23. Naga	1,058,119.12	First
24. Ormoc	658,723.51	Third
25. Ozamiz	825,565.65	Second
26. Pasay	4,345,664.58	First

Name of Cities	Total Revenues	Classification
27. Roxas	661,965.36	Third
28. San Carlos	1,012,396.47	First
29. San Pablo	1,189,765.24	First
30. Silay	₱1,102,611.60	First
31. Tacloban	1,203,479.44	First
32. Tagaytay	187,487.71	Fifth
33. Toledo	654,864.63	Third
34. Trece Martires	22,081.61	Fifth
35. Zaboanga	2,905,701.60	First

These classifications take effect as of July 1, 1962.

Done in the City of Manila, this 30th day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(6), 853.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 35

TRANSFERRING THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF DANGCAGAN
IN THE PROVINCE OF BUKIDNON FROM ITS PRESENT SITE AT THE BARRIO OF
DANGCAGAN, TO THE BARRIO OF KITAOTAO, SAME MUNICIPALITY

Pursuant to the provisions of section sixty-eight of the Revised Administrative Code and in the interest of public welfare, the seat of government of the municipality of Dancagan, province of Bukidnon, is hereby transferred from, its present site at the barrio of Dancagan to the barrio of Kitaotao, same municipality.

This Order shall take effect immediately.

Done in the City of Manila, this 28th day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(9), 1359.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 36
CREATING THE LOANS AND INVESTMENT COUNCIL

Whereas, the financial institutions of the government play a focal role in maximizing the use of available resources to support the country's economic development;

Whereas, there exists a need for coordinating the investment policies of government financial institutions to enable them to contribute in a more effective manner towards the attainment of the overall targets and priorities set forth in the Five-Year integrated Socio-Economic Program;

Now, therefore, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create the Loans and Investment Council.

1. The Council shall have the following composition:

Secretary of Finance	Chairman
Secretary of Commerce and Industry	Member
Director-General of the Program Implementation Agency	Member
Governor of the Central Bank	Member
Chairman of the Development Bank of the Philippines	Member
President of the Philippine National Bank	Member
General Manager of the Government Service Insurance System	Member
Administrator of the Social Security System	Member

2. The Council shall have the following duties and functions:

(a) To formulate and coordinate the investment policies of the government financial institutions so as to secure the optimum use of the resources available in such institutions in line with the objectives of the Socio-Economic Program; and consistent with their individual limitations and primary functions;

(b) To serve as a general clearing house of information on projects before the member institutions so that applications requesting financial support from more than one member institution may be evaluated simultaneously by the member institutions concerned;

(c) To develop a coordinated and consistent budgeting system for the resources of the government financial institutions, and to review and coordinate the annual program of sources and applications of the funds of the member institutions, so as to shape them into an integrated annual program of capital transfer in full support of the Program;

(d) To perform such other functions as will contribute towards the attainment of the goals set in the program.

3. The Council is hereby authorized to have such personnel as may be assigned or detailed to it from member institutions, and to draw upon such amount as may be needed to carry out its duties and functions from such available funds as may be needed for the purpose under existing rules and regulations, subject to the approval of the President of the Philippines.

Done in the City of Manila, this 19th day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(12), 1877.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 37
FIXING OFFICE HOURS DURING THE HOT SEASON

Whereas, section 564 of the Revised Administrative Code, as amended by Republic Act No. 1880, reduces the period of labor in the government service during the hot season to five continuous hours but at the same time leaves the observance thereof to the discretion of heads departments, bureaus, and offices subject to the requirements of the services; and

Whereas, this Administration is determined to protect the health and welfare of government employees without, however, impairing the interest of the public at large, especially at this time when we are strengthening the foundations of a sound and efficient public service;

Now, therefore, pursuant to the provisions of section 564 of the Revised Administrative Code, as amended, the office hours from Monday to Friday of all departments, bureaus, offices, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Government, including the provincial, city, and municipal governments and all corporations owned or controlled by the Government, during the period from April 1 to June 15, 1963, both dates inclusive, shall be from seven-thirty o'clock in the morning to twelve-thirty o'clock in the afternoon. The provisions of this Order shall not apply to the offices in the City of Baguio, whether National, provincial, or municipal.

However, in the interest of the service, the heads of departments, bureaus, offices, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Government, including the provincial and municipal governments and all corporations owned or controlled by the Government, are enjoined to require at least one-half of their personnel to be on duty in the afternoon.

Done in the City of Manila, this 20th day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARINÓ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(12), 1878.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 38
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 118, DATED JUNE 22, 1955,
CREATING A COMMITTEE TO SCREEN AND AID DESERVING SQUATTERS
AND NEW SETTLERS IN ORIENTAL MINDORO

The first paragraph of Executive Order No. 118, dated June 22, 1955, is hereby amended to read as follows:

“For the purpose of screening squatters and would-be settlers in Oriental Mindoro to determine who are deserving of assistance in the allocation of lots in subdivisions of the Bureau of Lands, a committee is hereby created composed of the following:

- | | |
|--|----------|
| 1. The District Land Officer | Chairman |
| 2. The District Forester | Member |
| 3. The Provincial Commander | Member |
| 4. The Superintendent of the NARRA Project, Oriental Mindoro | Member |
| 5. A representative of the President of the Philippines | Member |
| 6. A representative of the Provincial Government of Oriental Mindoro | Member |
| 7. The Chairman, Provincial Agricultural Council | Member |
| 8. The President, Calapan Rotary Club | Member |
| 9. The President, Calapan Women's Club | Member |
| 10. The Social Worker incharge | Member.” |

This Order shall take effect immediately.

Done in the City of Manila, this 8th day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(16), 2575.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 39PROVIDING FOR THE COLLECTION OF MATERIAL HISTORICAL AND CULTURAL RELICS
AND THE COMPILATION OF HISTORICAL AND CULTURAL DATA REGARDING BARRIOS,
MUNICIPALITIES, CITIES AND PROVINCES OF THE PHILIPPINES

WHEREAS, the recorded history and cultural development of the Philippines is far from complete;

WHEREAS, Executive Order No. 138, dated January 3, 1938, providing for the collection and compilation of historical data regarding barrios, municipalities, cities, and provinces of the Philippines, has not been fully implemented.

WHEREAS, a great wealth of historical and cultural materials is believed to be still in the possession of the people, some preserved only in the memory of our elders, and the rest, in manuscripts or other records which are not fully safeguard from destruction; and

WHEREAS, it is in the public interest that these materials be gathered and preserved in as complete a form as possible for posterity;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby direct that the information and materials hereinafter specified be secured by the provincial governor and city mayor of every province and city, and that the same be transmitted to the Director of the National Library and/or the Director of the National Museum not later than December thirty-one, nineteen hundred and sixty-three, for compilation and preservation.

The following rules shall govern the collection and transmission of the desired materials and information:

a. Upon the promulgation of this executive order, each provincial governor shall immediately issue instructions to all municipal mayors under his jurisdiction and, in the case of a city, each city mayor shall issue such instructions to any city officials designated by him, enjoining said municipal mayors or city officials, as the case may be, to call together the old men in each and every barrio, sitio, or district in each municipality or city and obtain from them or from any documents or material evidence in their possession the entire history and cultural development of such community insofar as may be possible.

b. All information data, and material evidence gathered shall be recorded as outlined in paragraph (i) hereof, preferably in the language or dialect of the locality, with a translation in English.

c. All writings should be signed by the governor, for the history of the province; by the city mayor, for the history of the city; by the municipal mayor, for the history of the town; and by the barrio lieutenant, for the history of the barrio.

d. The name of the family or families that have kept the records mentioned above should be indicated in order that due credit may be given to them.

e. Information should also be given regarding books, documents, or valuable cultural and historical objects on the Philippines owned in any community, in order that such books, documents, or objects as are desired may be obtained, if possible, for the National Library or the National Museum by purchase or gift.

f. The names of all Filipino authors of any community and the titles of all their productions, whether printed or in manuscripts, should be included. If the productions are in manuscript form, a statement should be given of the names of the persons in possession of the same.

g. All papers and articles pertaining to the barrios shall be delivered to the mayor of the town, who shall forward the same, together with the data pertaining to his municipality, to the governor of the province. All the original documents and translations if any, shall be forwarded by the provincial governor in a carefully made and protected package to the Director of the National Library, Manila, and all materials of historical and cultural value shall be sent to the Director, National Museum, Manila. Each package shall be marked "Historical Documents." The same procedure shall be followed by the city mayor in forwarding all materials, papers, and documents pertaining to the city either to the Director of the National Library or to the Director of National Museum, as the case may be.

h. Provincial governments which have already complied with the requirements of Executive Order No. 133 shall give information only to update the historical data required.

i. The information desired is as follows:

The Barrio

1. Present official name of the barrio.
2. Native name of the barrio with its meaning; changes in the name of the barrio, if any, and the derivation of the name; and the names of the sitios included within the jurisdiction of the barrio.
3. Date of establishment of the barrio.
4. Original families of the barrio.
5. List of the barrio lieutenants from the earliest time to date.
6. Story of old barrios or sitios that are now depopulated.
7. Traditions, legends, folk tales, beliefs, proverbs, sayings, superstitions, puzzles, songs, nursery hymns, etc.
8. Material evidence of the historical and cultural life of the people should be collected, if available. A list itemizing in detail the historical and cultural relics, artifacts, antiques, etc., in the possession of the community or individuals of great importance to our historical and cultural development giving a similar outline (as in the recorded history of written or unwritten literature) as a guide, adding that if possible this be donated to the government and kept in the National Museum.
9. Data on any historical sites, structures, buildings, old ruins, etc. List of historical sites, landmarks, or buildings, such as churches, monuments, public or private buildings, giving an outline of the date of construction, present ownership, present conditions, historical or cultural or tourist relationship to town, barrio, or province, etc.

The Town or City

10. Present official name of the town or city.
11. Former name or names of the town or city with their meanings.

-
12. Date of the establishment of the town or city.
 13. Traditions, legends, folk tales, beliefs, proverbs, sayings, superstitions, puzzles, songs, nursery hymes, etc. (It is preferable that these be written in the language or dialect of the locality and that a translation in English be forwarded with the vernacular versions.)
 14. Data on any historical sites, structures, buildings, old ruins, etc.
 15. Important historical events that took place in the town or city.
 16. Names of all capitanes municipales, alcaldes mayores, curas parrocos, jueces, municipal presidents, or other officials that may be obtained in the community.
 17. As much as possible, gather samples of old costumes, dresses worn on different occasions, hats, canes, utensiles, instruments, and other relics associated with the past history or culture of the town or city. (See also item 8 above.)

The Province

18. Present official name of the province.
19. Former name or names of the province with their meanings.
20. Date of establishment of the province.
21. Chronological list of all the governors and principal officials of the province.
22. Names of at least five of the most outstanding citizens (only among those already dead) in the province, together with a statement of their achievements.
23. Important historical events that took place in the province.
24. As much as possible, gather articles that serve as evidence or mementos of the events, personages, or of customs and traditions.

Done in the City of Manila, this 13th day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(21), 3271.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 40

AMENDING THE THIRD PARAGRAPH OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 298, DATED AUGUST 12, 1940, ENTITLED “PROHIBITING THE AUTOMATIC RENEWAL OF CONTRACTS, REQUIRING PUBLIC BIDDING BEFORE ENTERING INTO NEW CONTRACTS, AND PROVIDING EXCEPTIONS THEREOF,” AS AMENDED BY EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 146, DATED DECEMBER 27, 1955; EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 212, DATED NOVEMBER 6, 1956; EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 318, DATED SEPTEMBER 17, 1958; AND EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 358, DATED SEPTEMBER 23, 1959

The third paragraph of Executive Order No. 298, dated August 12, 1940, as amended by Executive Order No. 146; dated December 27, 1955, Executive Order No. 212, dated November 6, 1956; Executive Order No. 318, dated September 17, 1958; and Executive Order No. 358, dated September 23, 1959, is hereby further amended to read as follows:

“Now, therefore, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers in me vested by law, do hereby direct that no contract for public service or for furnishing supplies, materials and equipment to the government or any of its branches, agencies or instrumentalities shall be renewed or entered into without public bidding except for very extraordinary reasons to be determined by a Committee composed of the Executive Secretary, as Chairman, and the Auditor General and the Secretary of Justice, as Members: *Provided*, That when there is a tie in the voting of the Committee, the case shall be submitted to the President for decision: *Provided, further*, That when the Head of the Department concerned certifies on the requisition that the supplies, materials or equipment are urgently needed to meet an emergency which may involve the loss of, or damage to, life and/or property or are to be used in connection with a project or activity which cannot be delayed without causing detriment to the public service, the Director of Supply may purchase the supplies, materials or equipment so requisitioned without public bidding, but only after thorough canvass of the market. The Director of Supply may likewise purchase without public bidding supplies, materials or equipment which are sold by an exclusive dealer or manufacturer which does not have sub-dealers selling at lower prices and for which no suitable substitutes can be obtained elsewhere at more advantageous terms to the Government.”

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(23), 3579-3580.

MALACANANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 41DESIGNATING CERTAIN PARCELS OF LAND SITUATED IN THE BARRIO
OF SAN JOSE, MUNICIPALITY OF PILI, PROVINCE OF CAMARINES SUR,
AS THE NEW CAPITOL SITE OF SAID PROVINCE

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by section 2 of Republic Act No. 1336, as amended by Republic Act No. 3407, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby designate certain parcels of land donated to the Province of Camarines Sur by Benito Marasigan, et. al, situated in the Barrio of San Jose, Municipality of Pili, as the new capitol site of the Province of Camarines Sur, which parcels of land are more particularly described as follows:

Lot 1

A parcel of land (Lot 1 as shown on plan Csd-7046), situated in the Barrio of San Jose, Municipality of Pili, Province of Camarines Sur. Bounded on the SE., and SW., along lines 1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8-9-10, by Lot 3049 (Portion) Pili Cadastre; on the NW., along lines 10-11-12-13-14-15, by Lot 443 (Portion) Pili Cadastre, along line 15-16, by portion of Lot 475, along lines 16-17-18, by Portion of Lot 476, both of Pili Cadastre; on the NW., and NE., along lines 18-19-20-21, by portion of Lot 2 of plan 11-10759; on the NE., along lines 21-22-23, by portion of Lot 514; on the NE., and NW., along lines 23-24-25, by portion of Lot 3049, all of Pili Cadastre, on the NE., along line 25-26, by Lot 517, portion (Proposed Road); and on the SE., and NE., along lines 26-27-28-1, by Portion of Lot 3049, Pili Cadastre. Beginning at a point marked 1 on plan, being S. 66° 31' E., 1,619.04 meters from MBM. 1, Pili Cadastre; thence S. 59° 50' W., 200.00 meters to point 2; thence S. 59° 50' W., 200.00 meters to point 3; thence S. 59° 50' W., 200.00 meters, to point 4; thence S. 59° 50' W., 200.00 meters to point 5; thence S. 59° 50' W., 311.11 meters to point 6; thence N. 30° 10' W., 155.00 meters to point 7; thence N. 30° 10' W., 164.51 meters to point 8; thence N. 30° 10' W., 18.12 meters to point 9; thence N. 30° 10' W., 112.37 meters to point 10; thence N. 59° 50' E., 111.11 meters to point 11; thence N. 59° 50' E., 200.00 meters to point 12; thence N. 59° 50' E., 200.00 meters to point 13; thence N. 59° 50' E., 200.00 meters to point 14; thence N. 59° 50' E., 53.74 meters to point 15; thence N. 59° 50' E., 87.72 meters to point 16; thence N. 59° 50' E., 50.00 meters to point 17; thence N. 59° 50' E., 79.36 meters to point 18; thence N. 59° 50' E., 25.41 meters to point 19; thence N. 59° 50' E., 103.77 meters to point 20; thence S. 30° 10' E., 19.64 meters to point 21; thence S. 30° 10' E., 65.88 meters to point 28; thence S. 30° 10' E., 7.84 meters to point 23; thence S. 30° 10' E., 111.60 meters to point 24; thence N. 64° 28' E., 179.40 meters to point 25; thence S. 29° 19' E., 40.09 meters to point 26; thence S. 64° 28' W., 178.79 meters to point 27; thence

S. 30° 10' E., 154.93 meters to point 28; thence S. 30° 10' E., 50.00 meters to point of beginning; containing an area of 500,510 square meters.

Lot 2

A parcel of land (Lot 2 as shown on Plan (LRC) Pcs-2249), situated in the Barrio of San Jose, Municipality of Pili, Province of Camarines Sur. Bounded on the SE., SW., and NW., along lines 1-2-3-4-5 by portion of Lot 1 of plan II-10759; and on the NE., along line 5-6-1, by plan Psu-62335 (Portion). Beginning at a point marked 1 on plan, being N. 88° 06' W., 3237.21 meters from B.L.L.M, 1, Pili Cadastre, thence S. 59° 50' W., 333.34 meters to point 2; thence N. 30° 10' W., 250.00 meters to point 3; thence N. 30° 10' W., 200.00 meters to point 4; thence N. 59° 50' E., 333.34 meters to point 5; thence S. 30° 10' E., 200.00 meters to point 6; thence S. 30° 10' E., 250.00 meters to the point of beginning; containing an area of 150,003 square meters.

Lot 3

A parcel of land (Lot 3 as shown on plan Csd-7046), situated in the Barrio of San Jose, Municipality of Pili, Province of Camarines Sur. Bounded on the SW., along line 1-2, by the Manila Railroad Company; on the NW., along line 2-3, by Portion of Lots 519, 523 and 524, Pili Cadastre; on the NE., along lines 3-4-5-6, by Portion of Lots 524, 523 and 519, Pili Cadastre. Beginning at a point marked "1" on plan, being S. 65° 28' E., 454.57 meters from BLLM 12, Pili Cadastre, thence N. 43° 37' W., 42.08 meters to point 2; thence N. 64° 28' E., 668.52 meters to point 3; thence S. 23° 35' E., 20.11 meters to point 4; thence S. 26° 37' E., 13.75 meters to point 5; thence S. 29° 42' E.; 6.17 meters to point 6; thence S. 64° 28' W., 655.48 meters to the point of beginning, containing an area of 26,454 square meters.

Done in the City of Manila, this 24th day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARINÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(27), 4183-4184.

MALACANANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 42
DECLARING CERTAIN MUNICIPAL DISTRICTS IN THE PHILIPPINES AS MUNICIPALITIES

By operation of the provisions of section two of Republic Act Numbered fifteen hundred and fifteen, the municipal districts hereunder listed having realized each an average annual revenues of more than four thousand pesos for the last four consecutive fiscal years ending June 30, 1962, as certified by the General Auditing Office, are hereby declared and considered fifth class (equivalent to seventh class pursuant to Republic Act Numbered Twenty-three hundred and sixty eight) municipalities beginning July 1, 1962:

AGUSAN
Las Nieves
BUKIDNON
Malitbog
Pangantocan
LANAO DEL SUR

Bacolod Grande
Balndong
Bayang
Binidayan
Bubong
Butig
Lumbatan
Madamba
Marantao
Masiu

Molundo
Poon-a-Bayabao
Pualas
Ragain
Saguiaran
Taraka
Tatarikan
Tubaran
Tugaya

LA UNION
Bagulin
Burgos
MOUNTAIN PROVINCE

Atok
Bakun
Balbalan

Kibungan
Lubuagan
Luna

LA UNION
Bagulin
Burgos
MOUNTAIN PROVINCE

Banaue	Mayoyao
Bauko	Natonin
Bayag	Pinukpuk
Besao	Potia
Bokod	Sabangan
Bontoc	Sablan
Buguias	Sadanga
Lagawe	Sagada
Conner	Tadian
Hungduan	Tanudan
Kabayan	Tinglayan
Kabugao	Tuba
Kapangan	Tublay
Kiangan	

The present elective municipal district officials shall continue as such officials of the respective newly declared municipalities until the new officials thereof shall have been elected in the next general elections and shall have qualified.

Done in the City of Manila, this 25th day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(27), 4185-4186.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 43

AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 34, CURRENT SERIES, RECLASSIFYING ALL
CHARTERED CITIES, EXCEPT MANILA, BAGUIO AND QUEZON CITIES, SO AS TO ADJUST
THE CLASSIFICATION OF THE CITY OF LEGAZPI

Pursuant to the provisions of section One of Republic Act Numbered Eight Hundred and Forty, the City of Legazpi is hereby reclassified as second class, on the basis of its total annual revenues of ₱715,758.84 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1962, as certified by the General Auditing Office.

This amends accordingly Executive Order No. 34, dated January 30, 1963, insofar as the reclassification of the City of Legazpi made therein is concerned.

The reclassification herein made takes effect as of July 1, 1962.

Done in the City of Manila, this 29th day of July, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RUFINO G. HECHANOVA
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(32), 4975.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 44
CREATING THE NATIONAL DEFENSE COLLEGE OF THE
ARMED FORCES OF THE PHILIPPINES

Whereas, the need for a National Defense College to conduct continuing and intensive studies of the diversified problems relative to national defense has long been felt in our Armed Forces;

Whereas, the preparation of mobilization plans involving the financial, industrial, economic, social, and moral forces and resources of the nation does not fall exclusively on the Department of National Defense but must be shared equally by the other Executive Departments of the Government; and

Whereas, the Philippines, after its almost two decades of political independence, does not yet have an educational institution dedicated to the specific mission of training military leaders and civilian executives for top positions of leadership in the Department of National Defense, the National Security Council, and other Executive Departments of the Government, which they may be called upon to fill in case of national emergency.

Now, therefore, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and by the National Defense Act, do hereby order the establishment of the National Defense College of the Philippines.

The mission of the National Defense College shall be to prepare potential defense leaders to assume and discharge the responsibilities of high command, staff, and policy-formulating functions within the National Government and the national and international security structure. In complying with this broad mission, the National Defense College shall have the following specific objectives;

- (1) To conduct studies on national objectives, particularly those relating to manpower, material, and money resources; to balance these objectives with available resources; to translate these further into national plans, programs, and budgets; and to identify and to recommend the promotion of specific industrial enterprises to strengthen the national mobilization base;
 - (2) To conduct studies on the inter-related military-political, logistical, administrative, sociological, scientific, technological, and economic aspects of national production for economic development and/or for the contingency of war;
 - (3) To inquire into the war-potential of major nations, particularly our neighbors and other nations of the world;
 - (4) To enhance the preparation of civilians and military students for the exercise of interdepartmental coordination, and for a combined, integrated or joint planning of national strategy, tactics, and the massive and expeditious mobilization of resources in the event of war; and
 - (5) To provide the students with the broad perspectives necessary for the formulation and development of national policies, and the ability to arrive at responsible and sound decisions.
-

The National Defense College as herein established shall be organized and administered by the Chief of Staff, Armed Forces of the Philippines, under the general supervision and control of the Secretary of National Defense.

Such amount as shall be necessary for the implementation of this order shall come from the Armed Forces of the Philippines funds.

This Order shall take effect immediately.

Done in the City of Manila, this 12th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

RUFINO G. HECHANOVA

Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(33), 5217-5218.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 45
AMENDING EXECUTIVE NO. 36, SERIES OF 1963, CREATING THE LOANS AND
INVESTMENT COUNCIL

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby amend Executive Order No. 36, series of 1963, creating the Loans and Investment Council as follows:

1. Paragraph 1 is hereby amended to read as follows:

“1. The Council shall have the following composition:

Secretary of Finance	Chairman
Secretary of Commerce & Industry	Member
Chairman, National Economic Council	Member
Director-General, Program Implementation Agency	Member
Governor of the Central Bank	Member
Chairman of the Development Bank of the Philippines	Member
President of the Philippine National Bank	Member
General Manager of the Government Service Insurance System	Member
Administrator of the Social Security System	Member
Chairman of the Reparations Commission	Member

Done in the City of Manila, this 19th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RUFINO G. HECHANOVA
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(34), 5459.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 46
CONSOLIDATING AND REUNITING THE TERRITORIES OF THE MUNICIPALITIES OF POLO
AND VALENZUELA INTO A MUNICIPALITY TO BE KNOWN AS VALENZUELA

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, and in the interest of the public welfare, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby reunite the territories of the municipalities of Polo and Valenzuela in the Province of Bulacan into one municipality to be known as the Municipality of Valenzuela.

The seat of government of the new municipality of Valenzuela shall be in barrio Karuhatan situated in the present municipality of Valenzuela.

The elected municipal officers of the former municipality of Polo, before the segregation therefrom of the territory now comprised in the present municipality of Valenzuela by Executive Order No. 401, series of 1960, shall continue to hold office and be considered as mayor, vice-mayor, and councilors of the new municipality of Valenzuela until their successors shall have been duly elected and qualified in the general elections for provincial, municipal, and city officials next following the issuance of this Order.

All contractual and/or financial obligations of the present municipalities of Polo and Valenzuela shall be assumed by the new municipality of Valenzuela.

The new municipality of Valenzuela shall begin to function immediately upon receipt by the mayors of the municipalities of Polo and Valenzuela of copy of this Order.

Done in Cateel, Davao, this 11th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RUFINO G. HECHANOVA
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(36), 5973.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 47
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF MAGANOY IN THE PROVINCE OF COTABATO

Upon the recommendation of the Provincial Board of Cotabato and pursuant to the provisions of section sixty-eight of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Cotabato a municipality to be known as Maganoy, to consist of the following barrios and sitios of the municipality of Datu Piang, said province:

- | | | |
|----------------|------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Tapikan | 11. Galong | 21. Kuloy |
| 2. Mata | 12. Gandigan | 22. Maliñgao |
| 3. Maitumaig | 13. Damalibi | 23. Lapak |
| 4. Tatapan | 14. Saiong | 24. Tambak |
| 5. Satan | 15. Nabundas | 25. Tukanalipao |
| 6. Monted | 16. Binodok | 26. Linantañgan |
| 7. Atos | 17. Timbangan | 27. Pidsandawan |
| 8. Labulabu | 18. Daluga | 28. Libutan Basak |
| 9. Calipapa | 19. Manungkaling | |
| 10. Kapinpilan | 20. Cabo | |

The seat of government of the municipality of Maganoy shall be at the barrio of Labulabu.
The municipality of Maganoy as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning from a point (1) where the boundary lines of the municipalities of Ampatuan, Dinaig and Datu Piang meet; thence following the boundary line of the municipalities Dinaig and Datu Piang in a northerly direction to a point (2) on Mt. Calipapa; thence following a straight line in an easterly direction to a point (3) on the national Highway at Barrio Mata; thence following said national highway in a northwesterly direction to a point (4) at Maitumaig; thence following a straight line in a northeasterly direction to a point (5) on a bridge at Barrio Pagatin; thence following a straight line in an easterly direction to a point (6) on bank of Dansalan River at Barrio Dasikil; thence following Dansalan River upstream, southerly direction, to a point (7) at junction of Cabulnan and Allah Rivers; thence going on a southwesterly direction following the course of Cabulnan River upstream to Cabulnan Bridge point (8) on the Cotabato-Dalican-Allah Road; thence due west following boundary line between the Municipalities of Ampatuan and Datu Piang to the point of beginning. (Based on the map showing the municipalities of Datu Piang and Ampatuan and the proposed municipality of Maganoy, prepared and certified correct by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Cotabato, on file in this Office, Scale: 1:250,000)

The municipality of Datu Piang shall have its present territory minus the territory comprised in the municipality of Maganoy.

The first mayor, vice-mayor, and councilors of the new municipality of Maganoy shall be elected in the next general elections for local officials on November 12, 1963.

The municipality of Maganoy shall begin to exist upon the election and qualification of the mayor, vice-mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of implementing the provisions of the Minimum Wage Law and of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Datu Piang, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Maganoy, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the municipality of Cateel, Davao, this 11th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

RUFINO G. HECHANOVA

Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(36), 5974-5975.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 48
REVISING THE MEMBERSHIP OF THE TAGAYTAY DEVELOPMENT COMMISSION.

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL, President of the Philippines, do hereby reconstitute the Tagaytay Development Commission created under Executive Order No. 123 dated July 29, 1955, as follows:

Administrator Eleuterio Adevosio	Chairman
The Director of Planning	Vice-Chairman
The Secretary of Public Works and Communications	Member
The Secretary of General Services	Member
The Undersecretary of National Defense	Member
The General Manager, National Waterworks and Sewerage Authority	Member
The General Manager, Peoples' Homesite and Housing Corporation	Member
The Provincial Governor of Cavite	Member
The Mayor of Tagaytay City	Member
The Commissioner of Tourism	Member
The Executive Director, Philippine Tourist and Travel Association	Member

The Tagaytay Development Commission is entrusted with the responsibility of promoting and accelerating the economic, material, social and community development of Tagaytay City as a tourist center, vacation resort and a hub in the further development of the Southern Tagalog region.

Done in the City of Manila, this 16th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) RUFINO G. HECHANOVA
Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1 - 100]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 49

FURTHER AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 58 DATED AUGUST 16, 1954, AS TO
MEMBERSHIP IN THE NATIONAL SHRINES COMMISSION AND FOR OTHER PURPOSES.

Pursuant to the powers vested in me by law, I, DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL, President of the Philippines, do hereby order:

1. Paragraph 3 of Executive Order No. 58 dated August 16, 1954, as amended by Executive Order No. 87 dated January 5, 1955 and Executive Order No. 204 dated October 9, 1956, as to composition of the Commission, is hereby amended by substituting the Commissioner of Tourism in place of the President of the Philippine Tourist and Travel Association and the President of the Veterans Federation of the Philippines in place of the National Commander of the War Veterans of the Philippines, Inc.

2. Paragraph 7 thereof is hereby amended to read as follows:

“The Secretary of Public Works and Communications, the Armed Forces of the Philippines and the Civil Aeronautics Administration are hereby directed to give priority to these improvements and to make available for their immediate realization such funds as they may be in a position to dispose of out of their respective current appropriations for similar projects. In addition, the National Shipyards & Steel Corporation is authorized, the provisions of Executive Orders to the contrary notwithstanding, to donate portion of the proceeds of the sale of surplus and/or metal scrap items which may be found in areas declared as National Shrines for the development of such areas.”

3. Paragraph 9 thereof is hereby amended to read as follows:

“The Commission is hereby authorized to create, subject to availability of funds, such administrative staffs as it may need to carry out its mission effectively. In addition, the Commission may call on any department, bureau, office, agency, or instrumentality of the government for such assistance as it may need in the preparation and execution of its plans or in the maintenance of the service to be established.”

4. This Order shall take effect immediately.

Done in the City of Manila, this 16th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) RUFINO G. HECHANOVA
Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1 - 100]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 50

DESIGNATING CITY HEALTH OFFICERS, DISTRICT HEALTH OFFICERS, MUNICIPAL
HEALTH OFFICERS AND PRESIDENTS OF SANITARY DIVISIONS AS EX OFFICIO MEDICAL
MEMBERS OF ACCEPTANCE BOARDS.

By virtue of the powers vested in me by the Constitution and existing laws, and in order to insure the adequate and effective performance of the functions of the Acceptance Boards provided under Section 61 of the National Defense Act, as amended, I, DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL, President of the Philippines, do hereby order:

1. All city health officers, district health officers, municipal health officers and presidents of sanitary divisions under the Department of Health are hereby designated ex officio medical members of such Acceptance Boards as the Secretary of National Defense shall deem necessary and expedient to establish. Said medical members shall enter upon the discharge of their functions upon notification in writing by the Secretary of National Defense and for such periods as may be required under the National Defense Act.

2. The Secretary of Health shall, upon request by the Secretary of National Defense, make available a list of the city health officers, district health officers, municipal health officers and presidents of sanitary divisions under the Department of Health and the different localities where they are currently assigned. The Secretary of National Defense shall see to it that only medical officers of the Bureau of Health assigned nearest to the place where an Acceptance Board is located are selected for duty with said Board: Provided, That the schedule of said government physicians shall be arranged in such a manner as not to interfere with their primary functions.

3. The city health officers, district health officers, municipal health officers and presidents of sanitary divisions selected by the Secretary of National Defense for service as members of Acceptance Boards shall discharge, among others, the duties and functions of medical members of the Board as provided in Section 62 of the National Defense Act.

This order shall take effect immediately.

Done in the City of Manila, this 16th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) RUFINO G. HECHANOVA
Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1 - 100]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 51

REQUIRING ALL DEPARTMENTS, BUREAUS, OFFICES, AGENCIES, INSTRUMENTALITIES,
AND POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT, INCLUDING THE
CORPORATIONS OWNED AND CONTROLLED BY THE GOVERNMENT, THE ARMED
FORCES, GOVERNMENT HOSPITALS, AND PUBLIC EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS TO BUY
THROUGH PUBLIC BIDDING FROM LOCAL TEXTILE MILLS, WHENEVER AVAILABLE,
ALL THEIR REQUIREMENTS FOR CLOTHING MATERIALS

Whereas, it is the policy of the Government to patronize goods manufactured in the Philippines in order to encourage local industries and conserve dollar reserves; and

Whereas, local textile mills now manufacture clothing materials, such as khaki, denims, herring-bone twills, blankets, towels drills, sheetings and absorbent gauze, which are generally considered as satisfactory for the use of the Armed Forces, hospitals, public educational institutions, and other government entities;

Now, therefore, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby order:

1. All clothing materials, except ramie textiles which shall be supplied exclusively by the ACCFA, needed by all departments, bureaus, offices, agencies, instrumentalities, and political subdivisions of the Government, including the corporations owned and controlled by the Government, the Armed Forces, Government hospitals, and public educational institutions shall be purchased through public bidding, from local textile mills, whenever available.

2. This order revokes Executive Order No. 524, dated August 12, 1952, but not Executive Order No. 215, dated November 17, 1956, which shall continue to be in force.

Done in the City of Manila, this 17th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RUFINO G. HECHANOVA
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(37), 6221-6222.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 52

AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 408, DATED NOVEMBER 9, 1960,
ENTITLED “PROVIDING A MORE EXPEDITIOUS SYSTEM AND SIMPLER FORMS
FOR THE ENCOURAGEMENT AND FACILITATION OF FOREIGN TOURIST
TRAVEL TO THE PHILIPPINES”

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby amend paragraph 4 of Executive Order No. 408, dated November 9, 1960, to read as follows:

“4. This Order shall apply only to bona fide foreign tourists as above defined and not to citizens or residents of the country returning from foreign sojourns to whom all existing laws and regulations shall continue to apply as heretofore; Provided, however, That in order to encourage Filipinos residing abroad to visit the Philippines, such Filipinos as may come and remain for not more than 59 days shall be accorded every privilege extended under this Order to bona fide foreign tourists and exempted from routine requirements to which they are ordinarily subjected.”

Done in the City of Manila, this 18th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RUFINO G. HECHANOVA
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippine*, 59(37), 6222.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 53
ABOLISHING THE JUAN LUNA CENTENNIAL COMMISSION

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby abolish the Juan Luna Centennial Commission created by Executive Order No. 254, dated June 27, 1957, as amended by Executive Order No. 276, dated October 31, 1957.

All the functions, property, equipment, records, and unexpended balance of the funds of the Commission shall be transferred to the National Museum; provided, that the unexpended funds shall be used solely for the purchase of paintings, documents, and other relics of Juan Luna.

An accounting of the assets, equipment, funds shall be made prior to the transfer.

Done in the City of Manila, this 3rd day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

RUFINO G. HECHANOVA
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(41), 7019.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 54
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 660, DATED DECEMBER 23, 1953

Pursuant to the provisions of section 6 of Republic Act No. 610, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby prescribe the following rules and regulations amendatory to Executive Order No. 660, dated December 23, 1953:

SEC. 1. A board of three (3) members, at least two (2) of whom shall be qualified physicians, under the direct supervision of the Administrator, Philippine Veterans Administration, is hereby created in the Philippine Veterans Administration. This Board shall be a full-time body and shall be known as the "PVA Disability Rating Board."

SEC. 2. All applications for disability pension shall be referred to the PVA Disability Rating Board, which shall determine the extent of the disability of the person applying for disability pension based on findings and recommendations of any authorized AFP Certificate of Disability Discharge Board (CDD Board) and all clinical records and in accordance with the "Schedule for Rating Disabilities of the U.S. Veterans Administration, 1945 Edition," or such other schedule which may subsequently be promulgated by the Administrator, Philippine Veterans Administration, except for conditions as hereunder provided. A majority vote of the members of the Board shall be sufficient to sustain the rating of any individual case; provided, however, that a certification by the Secretary of National Defense, upon recommendation of the Chief of Staff, Armed Forces of the Philippines, as to the military status and service-connection of the disability of the person applying for disability pension, shall be binding and conclusive upon the PVA Disability Rating Board.

SEC. 3. Yearly re-evaluation or redetermination of a veteran's disability shall be the responsibility of the PVA Disability Rating Board. The V. Luna General Hospital, upon request by the Board, shall make available clinical records, CDD Work Sheets, and other pertinent papers and documents and shall conduct X-Ray, Laboratory test and other examination on the veteran concerned. Such medical examination and test may also be undertaken by any other government hospital nearest the residence of the veteran concerned, upon request by the Board. The Board shall formulate procedures necessary to carry out its re-evaluation or redetermination activities.

SEC. 4. The AFP Disability Rating Board created under Executive Order No. 660, dated December 23, 1953, is hereby abolished; provided that its functions and records are transferred to the PVA Disability Rating Board; provided further, that any mention of the AFP Disability Rating Board in said Executive Order shall be understood to refer to the PVA Disability Rating Board.

SEC. 5. This Order shall take effect upon its approval.

Done in the City of Manila, this 7th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RUFINO G. HECHANOVA
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(41), 7019-7021.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 55

ABOLISHING THE PRESIDENT'S LAW ENFORCEMENT UNIT FOR SOUTHERN PHILIPPINES
(PLEUSP) AND TRANSFERRING ITS FUNCTIONS TO THE PRESIDENTIAL COMMITTEE ON
ADMINISTRATION PERFORMANCE EFFICIENCY (PCAPE)

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby abolish the President's Law Enforcement Unit for Southern Philippines created by Executive Order No. 293 dated April 10, 1958, and transfer its functions to the Presidential Committee on Administration Performance Efficiency.

This Order shall take effect immediately.

Done in the City of Manila, this 21st day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RUFINO G. HECHANOVA
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(43), 7407.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 56
DIRECTING THE HOISTING OF THE NATIONAL FLAG AT THE INDEPENDENCE FLAGPOLE
AT THE LUNETA TWENTY-FOUR HOURS A DAY

WHEREAS, the National Flag symbolizes national solidarity, patriotism, and love of country; and

WHEREAS, it is imperative to inculcate in the minds of our people a continuing consciousness of the patriotic deeds of our heroes and love for the Motherland through the symbolic embodiment thereof for a cohesive, strong, and healthy nation;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby direct the display of the National Flag at the Independence flagpole at the Luneta twenty-four hours a day. The flagpole shall be lighted at night.

Done in the City of Manila, this 6th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

RUFINO G. HECHANOVA
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(44), 7555.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 57
PROVIDING INSTRUCTIONS TO BE FOLLOWED IN THE CONDUCT OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS
DURING THE TIME THAT THE PRESIDENT IS OUTSIDE THE PHILIPPINES

The following instructions are hereby issued for the conduct of public affairs during the absence of the President from the Philippines, on the occasion of his official visit to the United States from November 24, 1963, until he returns from abroad:

1. The President of the Philippines shall continue to exercise all the functions of his office as enjoined by the Constitution and the laws, in the same manner as when he is within the national territory. The Executive Secretary shall, as heretofore, sign all papers that are ordinarily signed by him, by or under the authority of the President.

2. Each Secretary of Department shall attend to and decide matters which pertain to his department and which under the law he may decide. On those matters which require approval of the President, in case urgent action is needed, such approval shall be obtained by radio. On other departmental business which, although within the jurisdiction of a Secretary of Department, is of such importance as to affect the general policies of the Government and, therefore, should be the subject of consultation with the President, the Secretary concerned may communicate for such purpose with the President by radio or other convenient means of communication.

3. All official communications to the President, whether by letter or by radio, shall be transmitted through or by the Executive Secretary.

4. The Vice-President shall represent the President in social functions requiring the presence of the latter and shall preside over official ceremonies, receive and return the official calls of foreign dignitaries in behalf and in representation of the President, and on such occasions the Vice-President shall be entitled to the honors and courtesies due the President of the Philippines.

Done in the City of Manila, this 24th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(47), 8011-8012.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 58
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 113, SERIES OF 1955,
ESTABLISHING THE CLASSIFICATION OF ROADS

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby amend Executive Order No. 113, series of 1955, by declaring the following roads as national secondary roads in Quezon City:

Visayas Avenue	Km. 12.990-14.270	1.280 Kms.
Mindanao Avenue	Km. 11.500-12.590	1.090 Kms.
Congressional Avenue	Km. 10.830-10.954	0.124 Kms.
V. Luna Road	Km. 11.580-12.510	<u>0.930 Kms.</u>
Total Length		3.424 Kms.

Done in the City of Manila, this 19th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(51), 8731.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 59
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER No. 113, SERIES OF 1955,
ESTABLISHING THE CLASSIFICATION OF ROADS

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby amend Executive Order No. 113, series of 1955, by declaring Quezon Boulevard, Davao City, from Km. 364.306 to Km. 366.481, a distance of 2.175 kilometers, as a national secondary road.

Done in the City of Manila, this 19th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(51), 8731-8732.

MALAKANYANG

TAHANAN NG PANGULO
NG PILIPINAS
MAYNILA

ATAS NG PANGULO NG PILIPINAS

KAUTUSANG TAGAPAGPAGANAP BLG. 60
NAGPAPAHAYAG NA ANG PAMBANSANG AWIT NG PILIPINAS AY DAPAT AWITIN LAMANG
SA TITIK NITONG PILIPINO

SAPAGKA'T ang pagpapaunlad at pagpapalaganap ng Wikang Pambansang Pilipino ay isa sa mga pangarap ng mga bayani ng lahi bukod pa sa ito'y itinatadhana sa Saligang-Batas ng ating Republika;

SAPAGKA'T ang ilang pangyayaring nagaganap dito sa ating kapuluan, lalung-lalo na sa ibang bansa bagay sa pag-awit sa wikang banyaga ng ating Pambansang Awit ay lubhang kapansin-pansin at hindi naaayon sa diwa ng ating pagkabansa; at

SAPAGKA'T ang Wikang Pilipino ay isa na sa ating mga wikang pampamahalaan.

DAHIL dito, akong si Diosdado Macapagal, Pangulo ng Republika ng Pilipinas, sa bisa ng kapangyarihang ipinagkakaloob sa akin ng batas at bilang pagbibigay-buhay sa layunin ng Saligang-Batas at ng Batas ng Komonwelt Blg. 570, ay nagpapahayag at nag-utos sa pamamagitan nito na ang Pambansang Awit ng Pilipinas ay awitin sa mga titik lamang nito sa Wikang Pilipino sa alin mang pagkakataon, maging dito o sa ibang bansa man.

Inilagda sa Lunsod ng Maynila, ngayong ika-labinsiyam ng Disyembre, sa taon ng Ating Panginoon, labinsiyam na raan at animnapu't tatlo.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
Pangulo ng Pilipinas

Atas ng Pangulo:

RUFINO G. HECHANOVA

Kalihim Tagapagpaganap

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(51), 8732.

MALACANANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 61AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 42, CURRENT SERIES, DECLARING CERTAIN
MUNICIPAL DISTRICTS IN THE PHILIPPINES AS MUNICIPALITIES SO AS TO INCLUDE
THEREIN ALILEM, ANGAKI, SAN EMILIO, AND SUYO, ALL OF ILOCOS SUR, AND
MATUNGAO, LANA DEL NORTE

By operation of the provisions of section two of Republic Act Numbered fifteen hundred and fifteen, the municipal districts of Alilem, Angaki, San Emilio and Suyu, all in the province of Ilocos Sur, and Matungao, province of Lanao del Norte, each having realized an average annual revenue of more than four thousand pesos for the last four consecutive fiscal years ended June 30, 1962, as certified by the General Auditing Office, are hereby declared and considered fifth class (equivalent to seventh class pursuant to Republic Act No. 2368) municipalities beginning July 1, 1962.

The present elective municipal district officials shall continue as such officials of the newly declared municipalities until their successors who were duly elected during the last general elections on November 12, 1963, shall have qualified.

This amends accordingly Executive Order No. 42, dated June 25, 1963.

Done in the City of Manila, this 31st day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-three.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

RUFINO G. HECHANOVA
*Executive Secretary*Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1963). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 59(52), 8893.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 62
CREATING THE RICE AND CORN AUTHORITY

Whereas, there are at present numerous government agencies charged with interrelated functions relative to the stabilization of the rice and corn industries, and the production, procurement, and distribution of these staple commodities;

Whereas, this diffusion of functions and responsibilities without an immediate unifying authority has led to confused, unintegrated measures which slow down or frustrate government efforts to insure constantly for the public an ample supply of rice and corn at prices within their reach; and

Whereas, there is a real necessity for a coordinating agency to unify and integrate the administration and implementation of existing laws, rules, and regulations on rice and corn;

Now, therefore, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create the Rice and Corn Authority under the Office of the President composed of the following officials who shall attend in person the meetings and deliberations of said body:

The Secretary of Agriculture and Natural Resources, Chairman
The Rice and Corn Administrator
The Chairman of the Rice and Corn Board
The Chairman of the National Economic Council
The Assistant Executive Secretary on Economic Affairs

The Rice and Corn Authority shall have such personnel as may be assigned or detailed to it from departments, bureaus, offices, and instrumentalities of the Government.

It shall have the following functions and powers:

(a) It shall supervise and coordinate the programs and policies of the various government agencies charged with the administration and implementation of existing laws, rules, and regulations concerning the production, procurement, distribution, and supply of rice and corn, and the stabilization of the rice and corn industries.

(b) It shall make studies and draft of a long-range program calculated to develop and stabilize the rice and corn industries and to achieve national self-sufficiency in these staple commodities.

(c) It shall have the authority to call on any department, bureau, office, agency, or instrumentality of the Government for such assistance or information as it may need in the discharge of its function.

(d) It shall prepare and draft legislative proposals designed to improve existing laws on rice and corn.

(e) It shall perform such other functions as may be necessary to attain its objectives and shall discharge such other duties as the President may direct.

The Rice and Corn Authority shall submit to the President from time to time reports on the progress of its work.

Done in the City of Manila, this 15th day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JUAN S. CANCIO

Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(2), 131-132.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 63
AMENDING FURTHER EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 72, DATED DECEMBER 3, 1936,
ESTABLISHING A CLASSIFICATION OF PORTS

The port of Cotabato, Cotabato City, is hereby included in the classification of National Ports open to coastwise trade.

Executive Order No. 72, dated December 3, 1936, as amended by Executive Order No. 195, dated March 3, 1939, Executive Order No. 254, dated February 20, 1940, and Executive Order No. 289, dated July 8, 1940, is hereby further amended accordingly.

Done in the City of Manila, this 15th day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(2), 132.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 64
OPENING THE PORT OF CATBALOGAN, SAMAR, AS A SUBPORT OF ENTRY WITHIN THE
COLLECTION DISTRICT OF THE PORT OF SAN JOSE, SAMAR

Pursuant to the provisions of section 702 of Republic Act No. 1937, and upon the recommendation of the Secretary of the Port of Catbalogan, Samar, is hereby created, opened, and established as a subport of entry within the collection district of the Port of San Jose, Samar.

Done in the City of Manila, this 15th day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(3), 289.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 65

OPENING THE PORT OF ROMBLON, ROMBLON, AS A SUBPORT OF ENTRY WITHIN THE
COLLECTION DISTRICT OF THE PORT OF ILOILO

Pursuant to the provisions of section 702 of Republic Act No. 1937, and upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Finance, the Port of Romblon, Romblon, is hereby created, opened, and established as a subport of entry within the collection district of the Port of Iloilo.

Done in the City of Manila, this 15th day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(3), 289-290.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 66
MODIFYING THE RATES OF IMPORT DUTY ON CERTAIN IMPORTED
ARTICLES AS PROVIDED UNDER REPUBLIC ACT NUMBERED NINETEEN HUNDRED
THIRTY-SEVEN, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE TARIFF AND CUSTOMS CODE
OF THE PHILIPPINES AS AMENDED

SECTION 1. The articles specifically listed hereunder as classified under section 104 of Republic Act Numbered Nineteen Hundred Thirty-Seven shall pay the following rates of import duty:

Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of duty
04.04	Cheese and curd:	
	A. Curd	ad. val. 25%
	B. Other	ad. val. 50%
10.06	Rice:	
	A.	
	1. . . .	
	2. . .	
	B. Husked:	
	1. Nonglutinous	g. w., 100 Kgs. ₱7.50
	2. * * * * *	
23.04	Oil cake and other residues (except dregs) resulting from the extraction of vegetable oils:	
	A. Soybean meal	ad. val. 26%
	B. Soybean oil	ad. val. 40%
30.04	Wadding (including absorbent cotton), gauze, bandages and similar articles (e.g., dressings, adhesive plasters poultices), impregnated or coated with pharmaceutical substances or put up in retail packings for medical or surgical purposes:	
	A. Absorbent cotton (excluding cotton specialties), adhesive plaster (excluding microporous plaster), medicated plaster, and adhesive bandages	ad. val. 40%
	B. Other	ad. val. 10%
30.05	Other pharmaceutical articles:	
	A. Plaster-coated fracture bandages	ad. val. 30%
	B. Catgut surgical sutures without needles, sizes 0000, 000, 00, 0, 1, 2, 3, 4	ad. val. 15%
	C. Other	ad. val. 8%
51.04	Woven fabrics of continuous synthetic or artificial textiles, including woven fabrics of monofil or strip of heading No. 51.02:	

Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of duty
	A. Of Rayon:	
	1. In the grey	KG. ₱3.90 or ad. val. 75%
	2. Other	KG. ₱5.40 or ad. val. 100%
	B. Other	KG. ₱6.00 or ad. val. 100%
56.06	Woven fabrics of discontinuous or waste synthetic or artificial textiles:	
	A. Of Rayon:	
	1. In the grey	KG. ₱3.90 or ad. val. 75%
	2. Other	KG. ₱5.40 or ad. val. 100%
	B. Other	KG. ₱6.00 or ad. val. 100%
62. 05	Other made-up textile articles (including dress patterns and footwear without applied soles):	
	A. Shoe laces (other than those falling within heading No. 59.06-A)	ad. val. 100%
	B. Umbrella covers	ad. val. 30%
	C. Other	ad. val. 60%
63.03	Remnants:	
	A. Shorts, second or substandards, without visible defects, of sizes 1.5 sq. m. or less; and piece with visible defects in fabric construction, bleaching, dyeing, printing, or other mill finishes	KG. ₱1.50 or ad. val. 30%
	B. Other	KG. ₱3.00 ad. val. 60%
64.01	Footwear (including overshoes) with outer soles and uppers of rubber or artificial plastic material:	
	A. Miners' rubber boots with steel toe lining	Pair ₱2.00 or ad. val. 50%
	B. Other	Pair ₱4.00 and ad. val. 100%
68.14	Friction material of a kind suitable for brakes, for clutches or the like, with a basis of asbestos or other mineral substances, or of cellulose, whether or not combined with textile or other materials, in the form of segments, discs, washers, strips, sheets, plates, rolls, and the like:	
	A. Brake linings for motor vehicles except for motorcycles	ad. val. 35%
	B. Other	ad. val. 15%
73.13	Sheets and plates of iron or steel hot-rolled or cold-rolled:	
	A. Tinplates:	
	1. Hot-dipped	ad. val. 40%
	2. Electrolytic	ad. val. 30%
	B. Other	ad. val. 15%
73.25	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes plaited bands, slings, and the like, of iron or steel wire, other than insulated cables:	

Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of duty
	A. Round wire rope, 6 x 19, with hemp core or independent wire rope center and with an outside diameter ranging from 3/8 to 1-1/2 inches (excluding wire rope with flattened strands)	ad. val. 30%
	B. Other	ad. val. 10%
73.27	Woven wire (including wire gauze, wire gauze, wire cloth, wire fencing, and netting) and welded wire grill, or iron or steel:	
	A.	
	B. Hexagonal wire netting and insect wire screen (including hardware cloth of general use with 2 to 30 mesh)	ad. val. 45%
	C. Other	ad. val. 15%
76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes, and sections of aluminum; aluminum wire:	
	A. Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes, sections, and slugs, of aluminum	ad. val. 40%
	B. Other	ad. val. 10%
76.03	Wrought plates, sheets and strips, of aluminum:	
	A. Plates, sheets and strips, cut to length or shape, embossed, corrugated, ribbed, channeled, or curved; circle sheets; coiled sheets and strips (excluding tubed sheets for refrigerators, perforated or color-enamelled sheets, and perforated or color-enamelled coiled sheets)	ad. val. 30%
	B. Other	ad. val. 10%
76.08	Structures and fabricated parts thereof (e.g., roofings, struts, partitions) aluminum	ad. val. 40%
82.05	Lathe tools, bits dies, taps, press tools, and other tools for power tools or mechanical hand tools, including rock drilling bits and the like:	
	A. Diamond drill bits with outside diameter up to 3.624 inches	ad. val. 50%
	B. Other	ad. val. 10%
84.38	Auxiliary machinery for use with machines of heading No. 84.37 (dobbies, Jacquards, automatic stop motions, shuttle changing mechanism, and the like); parts and accessories for machines of the present heading or for machine falling within headings numbered 84.36 and 84.37 (e.g., spindles, spindle flyers, card clothing, combs, extruding nipples, shuttles, healds, and lifters, hosiery needles):	
	A. Wooden shuttles for weaving machines	ad. val. 40%
	B. Other	ad. val. 10%
85.21	Thermionic and electronic tubes and valves, including cathode-ray tubes, photo-electric cells, crystal diodes, triodes, and the like (including transistors); mounted pieze-electric crystals:	
	A. Television picture tubes from 14 to 24 inches, 70 to 114 degree deflection using glass bulbs, including laminated type	ad. val. 30%
	B. Other	ad. val. 10%
87.06	Parts and accessories of tractors and other motor vehicles:	
	A. Long and short rear axle shafts, with nominal lengths of 30-¾ and 22-11/8 inches, respectively, with nominal flange diameter of 4-3/16 inches and with spline	Piece ₱1.70 or
	diameter of 1-1/4 inches	ad. val. 20%
	B. Other	ad. val. 10%

SECTION 2. After the expiration of thirty (30) days from the issuance of this Order, all the above-described articles entered, or withdrawn from warehouse, in the Philippines, for consumption shall be subject to the rates of import duty herein prescribed.

SEC. 3. Any unwarranted increase in the prices of local products benefited by those tariff changes may be sufficient ground for the revocation of such tariff changes.

Done in the City of Manila, this 25th of January 1964, in the year of Our Lord, Nineteen Hundred and Sixty Four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JUAN S. CANCIO

Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(4), 463-466.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 67
CREATING THE OFFICE OF PRESIDENTIAL ASSISTANT ON HOUSING

In order to achieve greater efficiency and better coordination in the implementation of the nationwide housing program now being undertaken by different agencies of the Government concerned with housing and to provide a single and effective machinery, therefor, I, DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create in the Office of the President the Office of Presidential Assistant on Housing.

1. The Office shall be directly under, and responsible to, the President of the Philippines and shall be headed by an official to be designated or appointed by the President, who shall be known as the Presidential Assistant on Housing. The latter shall act for, and in behalf of, the President in all matters pertaining to housing.

2. The Office shall have the following specific functions and responsibilities:

(a) It shall study, formulate, and implement the nationwide housing program of the President in chartered cities, municipalities, municipal districts, and barrios.

(b) It shall analyze, coordinate and integrate the plans, projects, programs, and studies of the various government offices, agencies, and instrumentalities engaged in housing development, particularly the government-owned or controlled corporations, such as the People's Homesite and Housing Corporation, the Government Service Insurance System, the Social Security System, the Home Financing Corporation, and the Development Bank of the Philippines, which are called upon to cooperate to the fullest extent with the Presidential Assistant on Housing and to make available to the latter such personnel, materials, and other resources as are necessary to ensure the successful implementation of the President's National Housing Program.

(c) It shall formulate uniform housing standards to govern mass housing construction financed through government loans.

(d) It shall recommend to the President such legislations as are necessary to implement effectively the nationwide housing program.

(e) It shall receive, handle, and disburse any and all funds that may be allocated either by presidential order or by act of Congress for the purpose of carrying out the objectives of this executive order.

(f) It shall perform such other functions as the President may assign to it.

3. The Presidential Assistant on Housing is hereby authorized to execute for, and in behalf of, the Republic of the Philippines deeds of conveyance or lease contracts in carrying out the functions of his office.

4. The Presidential Assistant on Housing is also authorized to issue such directives, rules, and regulations as he may deem necessary to carry out the purposes of this executive order. He is empowered to organize a staff personnel to assist him in the discharge of his duties and functions. He may also secure the services on detail basis of officers and employees of any department, office, agency, or instrumentality of the Government whose assistance may be needed by him in accomplishing the purposes of his office.

Done in the City of Manila, this 5th day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(6), 763-764.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 68
CREATING THE RESETTLEMENT AGENCY UNDER THE PRESIDENTIAL ASSISTANT ON
HOUSING

In order to carry out effectively and coordinate all government programs and activities for the resettlement in various parts of the country of persons who may be lawfully evicted or removed *en masse* from their locations, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create the Resettlement Agency as a unit under the Presidential Assistant on Housing.

The Agency is hereby authorized to call upon any department, office, entity, or instrumentality of the Government for such assistance as may be needed in the performance of its functions. For the purpose of ensuring the effective implementation of the objectives of this order, the Presidential Assistant on Housing is authorized to organize a personnel staff to handle the administrative functions of the Agency.

Done in the City of Manila, this 5th day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(6), 764-765.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 69

DESIGNATING THE COMMITTEE CREATED UNDER EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 30, DATED
JANUARY 14, 1963, AS THE NATIONAL PARKS DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby designate the Committee created under Executive Order No. 30, dated January 14, 1963, as the National Parks Development Committee. The Committee shall take charge of the development of national parks, especially the Quezon Memorial Park and the Luneta Park.

The Committee is hereby empowered to create subcommittees as it may deem necessary to carry out its duties.

Executive Order No. 30, dated January 14, 1963, is hereby amended accordingly.

Done in the City of Manila, this 7th day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JUAN S. CANCIO

Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(6), 765.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 70
PROVIDING INSTRUCTIONS TO BE FOLLOWED IN THE CONDUCT OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS
DURING THE TIME THAT THE PRESIDENT IS OUTSIDE THE PHILIPPINES

The following instructions are hereby issued for the conduct of public affairs during the absence of the President from the Philippines, on the occasion of his state visit to Cambodia from February 8, 1964, until he returns from abroad:

1. The President of the Philippines shall continue to exercise all the functions of his office as enjoined by the Constitution and the laws, in the same manner as when he is within the national territory. The Executive Secretary shall, as heretofore, sign all papers that are ordinarily signed by him by or under the authority of the President.

2. Each Secretary of Department shall attend to and decide matters which pertain to his department and which under the law he may decide. On those matters which require approval of the President, in case urgent action is needed, such approval shall be obtained by radio. On other departmental business which, although within the jurisdiction of a Secretary of Department, is of such importance as to affect the general policies of the Government and, therefore, should be the subject of consultation with the President, the Secretary concerned may communicate for such purpose with the President by radio or other convenient means of communications.

3. All official communications to the President, whether by letter or by radio, shall be transmitted through or by the Executive Secretary.

4. The Vice-President shall represent the President in social functions requiring the presence of the latter and shall preside over official ceremonies, receive and return the official calls of foreign dignitaries on behalf and in representation of the President, and on such occasions the Vice-President shall be entitled to the honors and courtesies due the President of the Philippines.

Done in the City of Manila, this 8th day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: Presidential Museum and Library

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(6), 766-767.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 71
PROVIDING INSTRUCTIONS TO BE FOLLOWED IN THE CONDUCT OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS
DURING THE TIME THAT THE PRESIDENT IS OUTSIDE THE PHILIPPINES

The following instructions are hereby issued for the conduct of public affairs during the absence of the President from the Philippines, on the occasion of his state visit to Indonesia from February 22, 1964, until he returns from abroad:

1. The President of the Philippines shall continue to exercise all the functions of his office as enjoined by the Constitution and the laws, in the same manner as when he is within the national territory. The Executive Secretary shall, as heretofore, sign all papers that are ordinarily signed by him by or under the authority of the President.

2. Each Secretary of Department shall attend to and decide matters which pertain to his department and which under the law he may decide. On those matters which require approval of the President, in case urgent action is needed, such approval shall be obtained by radio. On other departmental business which, although within the jurisdiction of a Secretary of Department, is of such importance as to affect the general policies of the Government and, therefore, should be the subject of consultation with the President, the Secretary concerned may communicate for such purpose with the President by radio or by other convenient means of communication.

3. All official communications to the President, whether by letter or by radio, shall be transmitted through or by the Executive Secretary,

4. The Vice-President shall represent the President in social functions requiring the presence of the latter and shall preside over official ceremonies, receive and return the official calls of foreign dignitaries on behalf and in representation of the President, and on such occasions the Vice-President shall be entitled to the honors and courtesies due the President of the Philippines.

Done in the City of Manila, this 21st day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(8), 1083-1084.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 72
PRESCRIBING ECONOMY MEASURES IN THE OPERATION OF THE NATIONAL
GOVERNMENT

WHEREAS, the most judicious use of such resources is the government be utilized in the most economical, efficient, and effective manner;

WHEREAS, the most judicious use of such resources is necessary not only for the sound performance of governmental functions but also for an effective implementation of the country's development program; and

WHEREAS, it is necessary that specific guides be followed by all concerned in achieving an effective austerity program in the Government;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby order that the following economy measures be observed by all personnel of the National Government:

1. Travel of officials and employees outside their duty stations requiring the payment of per diems or reimbursement of actual traveling expenses, or travel to foreign countries for which the Philippine Government shall bear all expenses or the major portion of expenses connected with such travel, shall not be allowed, except in meritorious cases to be determined by the Department Secretary concerned in case of local travel and the Office of the President in case of travel abroad.

2. Strict economy shall be observed in the use of office utilities and facilities such as electricity, water, telephone, telegraph, postage, motor vehicles, and other conveyances, etc. Electric power should be switched off after office hours or at any time it is not needed. Leaks and other defects in the water system should be immediately repaired. No new telephones should be installed, save in absolutely necessary cases. Airmail and telegraph services should not be availed of except in truly important and urgent matters. Office cars, jeeps, and other conveyances should be used only when absolutely necessary for the purpose authorized by law, and in no case for personal purposes.

3. Consumption of office supplies and materials should be limited to the barest essential minimum compatible with working efficiency. Office supplies and materials shall in no case, under pain of disciplinary action, be appropriated for personal use, no matter how seemingly small the cost thereof may be.

4. Purchases of motor vehicles, and office equipment, although authorized in current appropriation acts, shall be deferred except in meritorious cases.

5. No vacant position shall be filled without the prior approval of the Office of the President and prior certification by the Commissioner of the Budget that funds are available for the filling of such positions. Lump-sum appropriations for employment of casual or emergency workers shall not be

released except upon certification, approved by the Office of the President, that the specified amount is needed to meet unusual volume of work arising from contingencies that cannot be coped with by the regular personnel.

6. Payment of additional compensation by the hour for overtime services under Section 7-I(32), Commonwealth Act No. 246, as amended, shall not be allowed, except in absolutely meritorious cases.

7. The Secretary of General Services shall formulate a building program for government offices to effect economy in the payment of rentals.

8. Economy committees created under Memorandum Circular No. 28 of the Office of the President dated June 21, 1963, in each department, bureau, and office of the National Government shall continue to function and help the respective organizational heads carry out the economy measures herein prescribed.

9. Each Department Head shall be responsible for the enforcement of these economy measures in the offices, bureaus, and agencies under his department and shall submit to the Office of the President periodic reports of savings effected.

This order shall take effect immediately.

Done in the City of Manila, this 4th day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(10), 1393-1394.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 73
ASSIGNING THE AGUINALDO MANSION IN KAWIT, CAVITE,
TO THE CARE AND CUSTODY OF THE NATIONAL MUSEUM

WHEREAS, the late Gen. Emilio Aguinaldo, before his demise, in a deed dated March 22, 1963, donated to the Republic of the Philippines his mansion at Kawit, Cavite, which was duly accepted by the President in representation of the Philippine Government;

WHEREAS, the Aguinaldo Mansion is of profound historical significance, hallowed by the echo of fervent but solemn voices raised as one announcing to the whole world the independence of the Philippines; it also contains valuable effects and relics testifying to the heroic struggle of the Filipino people for self rule; and

WHEREAS, it is our sacred duty that this mansion and its contents be preserved for posterity to keep forever lit our people's spirit of nationalism;

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of the powers vested in me, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby assign the aforementioned Aguinaldo Mansion and all its contents to the care and custody of the National Museum for their protection and preservation.

Done in the City of Manila, this 13th day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(11), 1541.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 74

DECLARING THE BOLINAO—ALAMINOS ROAD, PANGASINAN, FROM KILOMETER 237.34
TO KILOMETERS 277.77 OR A DISTANCE OF 40.43 KILOMETERS,
AS A NATIONAL SECONDARY ROAD

Upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Public Works and Communications and pursuant to the provisions of section 26, Article VIII of Republic Act No. 917, in relation to Executive Order No. 113, series of 1955, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby declare the Bolinao-Alaminos Road, Pangasinan, from kilometer 237.34 to kilometer 277.77, or a distance of 40.43 kilometers, as a national secondary road.

Done in the City of Manila, this 19th day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(13), 1827.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 75

RENDERING IN FULL FORCE AND EFFECT THE PLAN OF ORGANIZATION PROPOSED BY
THE SPECIAL COMMITTEE ON REORGANIZATION OF AGENCIES FOR LAND REFORM
FOR THE ADMINISTRATIVE MACHINERY OF THE AGRICULTURAL LAND REFORM CODE

WHEREAS, Republic Act No. 3844, otherwise known as the Agricultural Land Reform Code, provides that all agencies affected by the Code be reorganized and realigned to enable them to fulfill the objectives and requirements of the land reform program;

WHEREAS, Administrative Order No. 72 created the Special Committee on Reorganization of Agencies for Land Reform to undertake the establishment of the basic administrative machinery of the Agricultural Land Reform Code;

WHEREAS, upon the authority of said Order the Committee has formulated a plan of organization for the various agencies to be integrated into the machinery under the Code; and

WHEREAS, the plan is essentially in accord with the requirements of the Code and is specially designed for the effective and adequate implementation of the reforms contemplated by the Code;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby declare the following plan of organization in full force and immediately executory:

ARTICLE 1

The Land Reform Project Administration (LRPA)

SEC. 1. The Land Reform Project Administration established by Chapter VII of Republic Act No. 3844 shall assume the primary responsibility for carrying out the policy of the State established in section 2 of the Preliminary Chapter of the aforesaid Act to wit:

“(1) To establish owner-cultivatorship and the economic family-size farm as the basis of Philippine agriculture and, as a consequence, divert landlord capital in agriculture to industrial development;

“(2) To achieve a dignified existence for the small farmers free from pernicious institutional restraints and practices;

“(3) To create a truly viable social and economic structure in agriculture conducive to greater productivity and higher farm incomes;

“(4) To apply all labor laws equally and without discrimination to both industrial and agricultural wage earners;

“(5) To provide a more vigorous and systematic land resettlement program and public land distribution; and

“(6) To make the small farmers more independent self-reliant, and responsible citizens, and a source of genuine strength in our democratic society.”

Provided, That the matter treated in paragraph (4) shall be the responsibility of the appropriate bureaus and divisions of the Department of Labor.

SEC. 2. Composition and Function of the Land Reform Administration:

The Land Reform Project Administration shall consist of the National Land Reform Council, the Regional Land Reform Committee, the Land Reform Project Team, and such other branches of these units as may be necessary for effective administration. The Land Reform Project Administration is the organization through which the field operations of member agencies shall be undertaken by their respective personnel under a unified administration; *Provided*, That any resolution of the National Land Reform Council, the Regional Land Reform Committee, and the Land Reform Project Team with respect to the approval of loans or the financing of land acquisition and resale shall be valid and binding if in the case of the former the representative of the Agricultural Credit Administration votes with majority members of said Council, Committee, or Team and in the case of land financing subject to the approval of the Board of Trustees of the Land Bank or in accordance with such delegation of authorities as the said Board shall approve.

SEC. 3. The Land Reform Project Administration shall be considered in single organization and the personnel complement of the member agencies, including the legal officers of the Office of the Agrarian Counsel which shall provide legal services to the LRPA, shall be regarded as one personnel pool from which the requirements of the operations shall be drawn and subject only to civil service laws, rules and regulations, persons from one agency may be freely assigned to positions in another agency within the LRPA when the interest of the service so demands.

SEC. 4. The Land Reform Project Administration shall be considered as one organization with respect to the standardization of of job descriptions position classification and wage and salary structures to the end that positions involving the same or equivalent qualifications and equal responsibilities and effort shall have the same remuneration.

SEC. 5. The Civil Service laws, rules, and regulations with respect to promotions, particularly in the consideration of persons next in rank, shall be made applicable to the Land Reform Project Administration as a single agency so that qualified individuals in one member agency must be considered in considering promotions to higher positions in another member agency.

ARTICLE 2

The National Land Reform Council (NLRC)

SEC. 6. The authority and responsibility for the operations of the Land Reform Project Administration is vested in the National Land Reform Council, which shall be the governing body of the LRPA and shall provide general executive direction and control over the entire organization. The NLRC shall have the functions and responsibilities set forth in section 128 of the Republic Act No. 3844.

SEC. 7. Composition: Pursuant to the provisions of the Code (Sec. 126), the NLRC shall be composed of the Governor of the Land Authority who shall act as Chairman, the Administrator of the Agricultural Credit Administration, the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Land Bank, the Commissioner of the Agricultural Productivity Commission, and another member appointed by the

President to represent the party receiving the second largest number of votes in the last presidential election. The Agrarian Counsel shall be the legal counsel of the NLRC.

SEC. 8. Rank and responsibilities of the Chairman: in addition to his responsibilities as Presiding Officer of the NLRC having the powers defined in section 127 of the Code, the Chairman shall be the Administrator of the National Land Reform Project Administration and shall have the rank of a Cabinet member. In the performance of his function as presiding officer he shall be assisted by two staff units; A Secretariat and a Plans and Programs Unit.

SUBSEC. 8. 1. Secretariat. The Secretariat shall: (1) serve as the principal clearing house for information on land reform operations; (2) keep records of all proceedings, deliberations, decisions and resolutions of the NLRC; (3) review the budgets of the member agencies for proper funding of projects approved by the NLRC; (4) provide assistance in the establishment of uniform administrative procedures and office management in the LRPA; (5) provide assistance in the implementation of uniform personnel policies and keep the Chairman informed and manpower placement and utilization in the entire LRPA; (6) plan, design, and supervise the training of personnel to be assigned to land reform operations; (7) assist in the implementation of policies and procedures governing materials and equipment administration in the LRPA; and (8) perform such other functions as the NLRC shall assign to it. It shall be composed of the following sections: (1) Office of the Executive Director, (2) Administrative Staff, (3) Budget and Logistics Section, (4) Personnel Administration and Training, (5) Legal Section, (6) Management Services.

SUBSEC. 8. 2. Plans and Programs Office. The Plans and Programs Office shall: (1) provide assistance in the formulation of the overall plans and programs for the implementation of the functions and objectives prescribed for the LRPA, (2) evaluate and integrate the specific projects and programs submitted by the member agencies for the consideration of the NLRC. The Plans and Programs Office shall have the following sections: (1) Office of the Director, (2) Research and Statistics, (3) Project Analysis and Program Preparation, (4) Program Performance Evaluation.

SEC. 9. Members of the NLRC as Deputy Administrators of LRPA. In the performance of his functions as Administrator of LRPA, the Chairman of the NLRC shall be assisted by the heads of the Agricultural Credit Administration, the Agricultural Productivity Commission, and the Land Bank who shall serve as Deputy Administrators of LRPA respectively for Agricultural Credit, Agricultural Operations, and Land Financing, and who shall assist the Administrator in supervising the implementation of the policies, plans, programs, and projects approved by the NLRC.

ARTICLE 3

Land Reform Operations: Field Organization

SEC. 10. The field operations of the LRPA shall be administered through Regional Land Reform Committees and Land Reform Project Teams of such numbers as the NLRC may deem necessary for effective supervision and control, provided that the NLRC may constitute Sub-Regional Land Reform Offices to cover areas that are so large that the number of individual Land Reform Project Teams does not permit effective supervision through a single Regional Land Reform Committee.

SEC. 11. The Regional Land Reform Committee. The authority and responsibility for operation of the Land Reform Project Administration within a region is vested in the Regional Land Reform Committee.

The Chairman of the Regional Land Reform Committee shall be the Administrator of the operations of the Committee and shall be assisted by:

-
- a) An Administrative Staff which shall provide the necessary administrative and general services;
 - b) Staff Assistants who shall provide the necessary services for the extension and supervision of credit, for the supervision of collection of credit and other accounts, and for the supervision of extension and cooperative development activities within the region.
 - c) A supporting Staff composed of specialist units from non-member agencies on detail with the Regional Land Reform Committee, which shall undertake and perform supporting services like pest control, soil analysis, veterinary services, and similar other supporting functions.

SEC. 12. The Sub-Regional Office. There shall be as many Sub-Regional Offices as may be necessary for efficient administration. The Sub-Regional Office shall be composed of representatives of the member agencies and shall have the authority and responsibility for the operation of the Land Reform Project Administration within its territorial boundaries. The Sub-Regional Office shall be headed by the representative of the Land Authority who shall be the administrator of the operations of the Sub-Regional Office. He shall be assisted by:

- a) An Administrative Staff which shall provide the necessary administrative and general services.
- b) Staff Assistants who shall provide all the necessary services for the extension activities of the sub-regional office, for the extension and supervision of credit, and for the supervision of collections of credit and other accounts.
- c) A supporting staff which shall be composed of specialists detailed from non-member agencies to provide the necessary supporting services to field units like pest control, soil analysis, and similar other supporting functions.

SEC. 13. The Land Reform Project Team. The authority and responsibility for the operation of the Land Reform Project Administration at district levels is vested in the Land Reform Project Team. The leader of the team shall be the administrator of the operations of the Land Reform Project Team. He shall be assisted by an appropriate number of credit and extension supervisors, farm technologists, home technologists, legal officers, and rural youth officers.

SEC. 14. Transitory Provisions. Field operations in areas where Regional Land Reform Committees have not been fully constituted shall be undertaken directly by member-agencies through their performance evaluation units, provided that all programs and projects or activities of member-agencies in these areas shall be subject to the approval of the National Land Reform Council.

Field operations of member-agencies in areas not serviced by appropriate units of the Land Reform Project Administration within a region where a Regional Land Reform Committee has been duly constituted and organized shall be undertaken through the said Regional Land Reform Committee.

ARTICLE 4 Land Authority (LA)

SEC. 15. For the purpose of accomplishing the functions provided in the Code, the following organizational units shall constitute the Land Authority:

SUBSEC. 15. 1. The Office of the Governor. Administers and assumes responsibility for the operations and activities of the Authority in implementing the national policy of establishing owner-cultivatorship and the economic family-size farm as the basis of Philippine agriculture. Acts as the Chairman of the National Land Reform Council and as overall Administrator of the Land Reform Project Administration.

1) Legal Staff. Acts as legal adviser, to interpret laws, executive orders, rules, and regulations affecting the operations of the Land Authority.

2) Administrative Services. Plans, directs, and supervises all administrative functions of the Authority, including accounting and medical services.

SUBSEC. 15.2. The Office of the Deputy Governor for Plans and Programs. Assumes responsibility for the formulation of operating plans and programs and direct surveying and mapping activities and evaluation of program implementation.

1) Aerial Photogrammetry Division. Plans, directs, and supervises the conduct of aerial photography for land capability survey and classification requirements.

2) Mapping Division. Plans, direct, and supervises the completion and printing of map manuscripts.

3) Land Surveys Division. Plans, directs, and supervises the survey and subdivision of lands under the Authority.

4) Operational Planning and Statistics Division. Formulates integrated plans and programs for operations and evaluates program and project implementation.

SUBSEC. 15.3. The Office of the Deputy Governor for Field Performance. Directs and is responsible for the implementation of approved plans and programs to achieve a speedy and systematic distribution and settlement of dispensable land.

1) Engineering and Construction Division. Plans, directs and supervises all the engineering activities of the Authority involving civil, mechanical, and agricultural engineering works.

2) Land Acquisition Division. Recommends the expropriation of landed estates and the proclamation of agricultural lands of the public domain for settlement purposes.

3) Land Distribution Division. Plans, directs, and supervises the allocation and disposition of private and public agricultural lands acquired by the Authority.

4) Land Administration Division. Plans, directs, and supervises the proper and efficient administration of all private and public lands acquired by the Authority for settlement or resale.

ARTICLE 5

Agricultural Credit Administration (ACA)

SEC. 16. For the purpose of accomplishing the functions provided in the Code, the following organizational units shall constitute the Agricultural Credit Administration.

SUBSEC. 16.1. Office of the Administrator. Provides executive direction and control as Assistant Administrator of the Land Reform Project Administration for agricultural credit.

1) Legal Staff. Acts as legal adviser; and interprets laws, executive orders, rules, and regulations affecting the operations of the ACA.

SUBSEC. 16.2. Office of the Assistant Administrator. Advises and assists the Administrator in the over-all execution and administration of approved policies and programs.

1) Plans and Programs Staff. Formulates and develops plans and programs relating to agricultural credit extension and agricultural cooperatives supervision, and evaluates program implementation.

2) Management and Internal Audit Staff. Institutes and administers a program for achieving the efficient, effective and economical performance of ACA operations.

SUBSEC. 16.3. Administrative Services. Plans, directs, and supervises administrative functions of the ACA including personnel administration, records management, medical, and general services.

SUBSEC. 16.4. Office of the Comptroller. Plans, develops and administers a program for fiscal and property management and control.

SUBSEC. 16.5. Credit and Cooperatives Department. Develops procedures and formulates rules and regulations on credit extension and collection; and provides technical assistance in the audit and supervision of agricultural cooperatives.

SUBSEC. 16.6. Special Operations Department. Plans and directs special projects of the ACA relating to the effective procurement, storage, and distribution of fertilizers and the proper disposition and liquidation of old Virginia Tobacco stocks and accounts.

SEC. 17. The Board of Governors of the former Agricultural Credit and Cooperative Financing Administration is hereby abolished and its powers and functions under Republic Act No. 821, as amended, to formulate policies and to approve plans and programs shall henceforth be exercised by the National Land Reform Council, and the power to implement and carry out the functions, powers, and duties of the administration shall be exercised by the Administrator who is the Chief Executive of the ACA and whose salary is hereby fixed at ₱24,000.00 per annum.

ARTICLE 6

Agricultural Productivity Commission (APC)

SEC. 18. For the purpose of accomplishing the functions provided in the Code, the following organizational units shall constitute the Agricultural Productivity Commission:

SUBSEC. 18.1. Office of the Commissioner. Provides executive direction and control as Assistant Administrator of the LRPA for agricultural operations.

(1) Management and Internal Audit Unit assists management in achieving an efficient, effective, and economical performance of agency affairs through studies on organization and methods; institutes and administers a program of internal audit for fiscal affairs of the Commission.

(2) Communications Media Division plans, directs, and supervises all information and education activities of the Commission.

(3) Agricultural Tenancy Office plans and recommends program for the dissemination of information on the legal rights and obligations of landholders, tenants, and lessees under the Code.

SUBSEC. 18.2. The Director for Plans and Programs prepares and recommends integrated plans and programs for the Commission's operations and evaluates program implementation.

(1) Plans and Programs Division formulates and develops plans and programs for agricultural extension services.

(2) Evaluation Division evaluates the effectiveness of program implementation of the Commission.

SUBSEC. 18.3. The Director for Administration plans, develops, and coordinates an effective program of administrative services for the Commission.

(1) Administrative Services Division plans, directs, and supervises such, administrative services as supply and records management, security, transportation, and building maintenance including medical and legal services.

(2) Budget and Cash Division plans, directs, and supervises the budget preparation, execution, and reporting activities of the Commission.

(3) Personnel Services Division plans, develops, and administers sound practices for personnel administration and advises management on all personnel matters.

(4) Accounting Division establishes, develops, and maintains an accounting system and program of the Commission.

SUBSEC. 18.4. The Director for field performance assists the Commissioner in formulating and setting general guideline for the execution of agricultural plans and program previously approved by the NLRC.

(1) Agricultural Division coordinates implementation of approved agricultural extension programs relating to farm management.

(2) Home Economics Division coordinates implementation of approved plans and programs on home extension services.

(3) Rural Clubs Division coordinates implementation of approved plans and programs on rural youth development.

(4) Cooperatives Division coordinates implementation of approved plans and programs on the promotion and organization of agricultural cooperatives.

(5) Applied research and specialist Division conducts applied researches and renders staff advice to operations unit of the LRPA.

ARTICLE 7

Office of the Agrarian Counsel

SEC. 19. For the purpose of accomplishing the functions provided in the Code, the following organizational units shall constitute the Office of the Agrarian Counsel:

SUBSEC. 19.1. The Agrarian Counsel, as chief executive of the OAC, administers and assumes responsibility for the OAC operations designed to strengthen legal assistance to agricultural lessee and owner-cultivators, and acts as legal counsel of the NLRC.

(1) Special and Appealed Cases Division plans, directs, and reviews the modification of theory of cases and trial techniques of cases handled by the regional and branch offices.

(2) Technical Staff provides legal advice to the Agrarian Counsel on policies, enforcement, and administration of laws; undertakes consultation liaison work with Land Reform Agencies.

SUBSEC. 19.2. The office of the Deputy Agrarian Counsel coordinates for the Agrarian Counsel staff activities relating to legal research, administrative, and management services for the main office as well as for field units.

(1) Administrative Division plans, directs, and supervises auxiliary services, including personnel, supply, and records management, budget and accounting, secretarial, duplicating, security, transportation, janitorial, building maintenance, and repair; and advises the Council on matters concerning administrative services.

(2) Legal Research and Statistics Division plans, directs, and conducts research and drafts legal opinions on agrarian disputes and administrative proceedings; supervises the keeping and maintenance of a library and statistical data on contracts.

(3) Management Staff conducts to improve the organization, methods, and procedures of the OAC.

SEC. 20. The policies, plans, programs placement, and budget of the legal officers of the Office of the Agrarian Counsel who shall provide legal services to LRPA shall be subject to review and approval of the NLRC for the purpose of achieving a complete integration of the Land Reform Operations.

ARTICLE 8

SEC. 21. The NLRC may create upon recommendation of the head of member-agencies such units, divisions, or departments as may be necessary to carry out effectively the responsibilities, functions, and duties of such member-agencies consistent with the LRPA organization herein established.

This Order shall serve notice upon all government agencies concerned to render the necessary assistance to carry the plan into effect.

Done in the City of Manila, this 19th day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(22), 3045-3052.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 76
CREATING THE COMMITTEE ON NON-MEMBER AGENCIES FOR LAND REFORM

WHEREAS, there are now operating various agencies in agriculture providing essential services to that sector;

WHEREAS, these agencies exercise functions auxiliary to those to be performed by the administrative machinery of the Agricultural Land Reform Code for the attainment of the objectives of the Code; and

WHEREAS, it is essential to coordinate the related activities of such agencies and land reform machinery for the implementation of the reforms envisaged by the Code in the most economical and expeditious manner;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create the Committee on Non-Member Agencies for Land Reform.

The Committee shall be composed of the heads of the following agrarian agencies:

1. The Bureau of Animal Industry
2. The Bureau of Plant Industry
3. The Bureau of Soils
4. The Bureau of Lands
5. The Bureau of Forestry
6. The Bureau of Agricultural Economics
7. The Bureau of Public Works (Irrigation Division)
8. The Presidential Assistant on Community Development
9. The Irrigation Service Unit (DPWC)

The Chairman of the National Land Reform Council shall be the Chairman of the Committee.

The Committee shall meet from time to time upon the call of the Chairman for the purpose of determining the manner and of working out ways by which the agencies represented in such Committee shall cooperate in the implementation of the reforms intended by the Agricultural Land Reform Code.

Done in the City of Manila, this 19th day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(12), 1699-1700.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 77
FIXING OFFICE HOURS DURING THE HOT SEASON

Whereas, section 564 of the Revised Administrative Code, as amended by Republic Act No. 1880, reduces the period of labor in the government service during the hot season to five continuous hours but at the same time leaves the observance thereof to the discretion of heads of departments, bureaus, and offices subject to the requirements of the service; and

Whereas, this Administration is determined to protect the health and welfare of government employees without, however, impairing the interest of the public at large, especially at this time when we are strengthening the foundations of a sound and efficient public service,

Now, therefore, pursuant, to the provisions of section 564 of the Revised Administrative Code, as amended, the offices, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Government, including the provincial, city, and municipal governments and all corporations owned or controlled by the Government, during the period from April 1 to June 15, 1964, both dates inclusive, shall be from seven-thirty o'clock in the morning to twelve-thirty o'clock in the afternoon. The provisions of this Order shall not apply to the offices in the City of Baguio, whether national, provincial, or municipal.

However, in the interest of the service, the heads of departments, bureaus, offices, agencies, and instrumentalities of the Government, including the provincial and municipal governments and all corporations owned or controlled by the Government, are enjoined to require at least one-half of their personnel to be on duty in the afternoon.

Done in the City of Manila, this 30th day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(14), 1939-1940.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 78
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 62, DATED JANUARY 15, 1964, ENTITLED
“CREATING THE RICE AND CORN AUTHORITY”

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby amend Executive Order No. 62, dated January 15, 1964, entitled, “Creating the Rice and Corn Authority,” by including the Secretary of National Defense as member thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 7th day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(17), 2323.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 79
DESIGNATING THE RICE AND CORN ADMINISTRATION AS THE GOVERNMENT AGENCY
TO UNDERTAKE THE IMPORTATION OF RICE PURSUANT TO REPUBLIC ACT NO. 2848

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby designate the Rice and Corn Administration (RCA) as the agency to undertake the importation of rice pursuant to the provisions of Republic Act No. 3848.

The RCA is hereby empowered to enter into negotiations, execute contracts, borrow money from any government financing institution, and do such other acts as may be necessary in connection with the importation of rice.

Done in the City of Manila, this 13th day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(18), 2475.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 80
AUTHORIZING THE DIRECTOR OF NATIONAL MUSEUM TO ISSUE RULES AND
REGULATIONS REGARDING THE EXPORTATION OF ANTIQUES

WHEREAS, recent archaeological and anthropological findings of the National Museum have focused attention on, and generated interest in, Philippine cultural artifacts and historical relics in and outside the Philippines;

WHEREAS, increasing valuable discoveries have created an equally increasing demand for such objects from foreign collectors;

WHEREAS, it has become apparent that many rare collections of cultural artifacts and historical relics have since found their way out of the Philippines;

WHEREAS, Act No. 3874 expressly prohibits the exportation of the Philippine antiques to conserve the cultural treasures of the Philippines within the country; and

WHEREAS, the National Museum, which is charged with the acquisition and preservation of all objects of archaeological, artistic, or commemorative value which should be preserved in testimony of the national history or culture, has since been placed under the Department of Education;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, by virtue of the powers vested in me, do hereby order:

1. The National Museum shall promulgate rules and regulations, subject to the approval of the Secretary of Education, for the purpose of effecting the objectives of Act No. 3874.

2. The Secretary of Finance, through the Commissioner of Customs, and the Secretary of Public Works and Communications, through the Postmaster General shall require all shippers, exporters, or consignors of commodities, products, or parcels being shipped abroad by means of any common carrier, commercial or government, to declare under oath in the proper shipping documents that the same are not antiques as defined in Act No. 3874 and in the rules and regulations of the National Museum, unless otherwise permitted to be exported by the Director of the National Museum under the said rules and regulations.

3. All the law enforcement agencies of the Government, as well as the various services of the Armed Forces of the Philippines, are enjoined to help prevent any illegal shipment of Philippine antiques and such other culture and historical objects herein contemplated, and to assist the Director of the National Museum in the enforcement of Act No. 3874 and this Order.

Done in the City of Manila, this 20th day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(20), 2745-2746.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 81
EXTENDING THE PROHIBITION TO SLAUGHTER CARABAOS UP TO DECEMBER 31, 1964

In order to carry out effectively the provisions of Republic Act No. 11 and to conserve our work animals for agricultural purposes, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby order:

1. The prohibition to slaughter carabaos under Executive Order No. 29, dated December 28, 1962, is hereby extended up to December 31, 1964.

2. Permits to slaughter carabaos may be issued by the Provincial Commander, subject to the following:

- (a) That the carabao is fifteen (15) years old or over;
- (b) That the carabao is unfit for work;
- (c) That the carabao must be inspected by the Provincial Veterinarian and the Provincial Commander or their authorized representatives; and
- (d) That the Provincial Veterinarian and the Provincial Commander shall make a joint certification that the carabao is 15 years old or over and unfit for work.

3. In every case where a permit to slaughter carabao is issued, the Provincial Commander shall furnish the Office of the President copies of the pertinent papers.

Done in the city of Manila, this 20th day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(20), 2746.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 82

AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 321 DATED JUNE 12, 1950, ENTITLED “PRESCRIBING
THE CODE OF THE NATIONAL FLAG AND THE NATIONAL ANTHEM OF THE REPUBLIC
OF THE PHILIPPINES.”

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL, President of the Philippines, do hereby amend Paragraph 14 of Executive Order No. 321 dated June 12, 1950, so as to read as follows:

“14. No imprint shall be made on the Flag nor shall it be marred by advertisement, or in any manner desecrated. No tattered or worn-out flag shall at any time be used or displayed. It shall not be worn as a whole or part of a costume. It shall not be used as a pennant in the hood or in any part of a motor vehicle except in celebration of Independence Day, or on such other patriotic occasions as the President may designate.”

Done in the City of Manila, this 14th day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1 - 100]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 83

REQUIRING ALL DEPARTMENTS, BUREAUS, OFFICES, AGENCIES, INSTRUMENTALITIES,
AND POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT, INCLUDING THE
CORPORATIONS OWNED AND CONTROLLED BY THE GOVERNMENT, THE ARMED
FORCES, GOVERNMENT HOSPITALS, AND PUBLIC EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS TO BUY
THROUGH PUBLIC BIDDING FROM LOCAL TEXTILE MILLS, WHENEVER AVAILABLE,
ALL THEIR REQUIREMENTS FOR CLOTHING MATERIALS.

WHEREAS, it is the policy of the Government to patronize goods manufactured in the Philippines in order to encourage local industries and conserve dollar reserves; and

WHEREAS, local textile mills now manufacture clothing materials, such as ramie, khaki, denims, herringbone twills, blankets, towels, drills, sheetings, and absorbent gauze, which are generally considered as satisfactory for the use of the Armed Forces, hospitals, public educational institutions, and other government entities;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby order;

1. All clothing materials needed by all departments, bureaus, offices, agencies, instrumentalities, and political subdivisions of the Government, including the corporations owned and controlled by the Government, the Armed Forces, Government hospitals, and public educational institutions shall be purchased through public bidding, from local textile mills, whenever available.

2. This order revokes Executive Order No. 524, dated August 12, 1952, Executive Order No. 215, dated November 17, 1956, and Executive Order No. 51, dated September 17, 1963.

Done in the City of Manila, this 18th day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(23), 3197.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 84
CREATING A SCHISTOSOMIASIS CONTROL COMMITTEE

WHEREAS, the Department of Health has launched a national schistosomiasis (snail fever) control program the success of which needs the concerted and integrated efforts of various agencies of the government and not only the Department of Health; and

WHEREAS, it is necessary to establish an administrative machinery to carry out a comprehensive program for the control of this pernicious disease in endemic and potentially endemic areas of the country for increased farm productivity;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create a Schistosomiasis Control Committee composed of the following:

The Secretary of Health	Chairman
The Secretary of Education	Member
The Secretary of Agriculture and Natural Resources	Member
The Secretary of Public Works and Communications	Member
The Chairman, National Economic Council	Member
The Social Welfare Administrator	Member
The Commissioner of Agricultural Productivity	Member
The Director-General, Program Implementation Agency	Member
The Presidential Assistant on Community Development	Member
The General Manager, National Waterworks and Sewerage Authority	Member
The President, Philippine Medical Association	Member

The Chairman may designate the technical head of the schistosomiasis control program as Executive Secretary of the Committee. He may also secure the services on detail basis of officials and employees of other branches and agencies of the government to assist the Committee in the discharge of its duties and functions.

The functions of the Committee are as follows to:

- (1) Formulate and carry out a comprehensive national schistosomiasis control program;
- (2) Foster effective exchange of information and coordination of projects, programs, and activities of various agencies connected with schistosomiasis control;
- (3) Establish effective liaison with participating agencies; and
- (4) Submit recommendations to the President on administrative or legislative measures that will effectively carry out a national control program for the disease.

The Commission shall meet regularly once a month and may hold such special meetings as the exigencies of the undertaking may demand.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(25), 3569-3570.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 85
RE-CREATING THE PEACE AND AMELIORATION FUND COMMISSION

WHEREAS, the necessity for intensifying the campaign against dissident activities, the continued existence of rampant smuggling, and other forms of lawlessness prejudicial to the economy require a vigorous and concerted action on the part of the Government and the nation at large;

WHEREAS, the tasks of maintaining peace and order, suppressing smuggling and other economically significant law violations and making the Government responsive to the needs and the best interest and welfare of the people demand the cooperation of every citizen;

WHEREAS, the successful accomplishment of these tasks urgently requires additional funds other than those derived from public revenues for carrying out the purposes hereinafter stated; and

WHEREAS, responsible civic-spirited and patriotic elements of the nation have manifested their readiness to cooperate in these undertakings and to contribute in the campaign to raise funds;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby recreate the Peace and Amelioration Fund Commission which shall be charged with the responsibility of raising funds from voluntary contributions to carry out the purposes of this Order.

Said funds shall be for:

(1) The purchase of loose firearms and such other arms and equipment as can be used to resist the violent elements in accordance with the provisions of Republic Acts Nos. 482 and 486;

(2) Compensation of additional members of the Armed Forces to be employed in the peace campaign against the remaining dissidents and in the anti-smuggling campaign, as well as in the campaign against dynamite fishing, despoliation of natural resources like illegal fishing and land-grabbing and cattle rustling;

(3) Indemnity to the heirs of those who may die or receive injuries in line of duty;

(4) Other relief and assistance to civilians who may be engaged in the aforesaid campaigns;

(5) Aid in the protection of the civilian population in case of emergency;

(6) Payment of cash rewards to civilians or to members of the Armed Forces of the Philippines and, in case of their death in action, to their immediate relatives, subject in the latter case to the prior approval of the President of the Philippines, for the surrender, capture, or killing or for the information leading to the capture or killing of leaders of the dissidents and subversive organizations, or for information leading to the apprehension of smugglers and smuggling syndicates and others engaged in the aforesaid offenses, or for other assistance rendered directly in connection with the current peace drive and the campaign against smuggling and the other aforesaid offenses, and for intelligence,

counter-intelligence, and psychological warfare expenses of the Department of National Defense and other law-enforcement bodies; and

(7) Payment of expenses in connection with investigation of complaints filed with the Office of the President against the manner the various executive departments, bureaus, offices, agencies, instrumentalities, and government-owned or controlled corporations are performing the duties entrusted to them by law, or complaints against the acts, conduct, or behavior of any officer or employee thereof.

The amounts collected shall be allotted by authority of the President of the Philippines, upon the recommendation of the chairman and the treasurer of the Commission and the Commissioner of the Budget. All the contributions and disbursements of the Commission shall be audited by the Auditor General or his representative in accordance with law.

The Commission shall be composed of a chairman, a vice-chairman and treasurer, a member and secretary, and not more than twelve members, all to be chosen by the President of the Philippines.

The Commission is hereby authorized to create local committees to assist in the performance of its functions and to adopt such rules and regulations as it may deem necessary to carry out the purposes of this Order. It may secure the services of officers and employees of any department, bureau, agency, board, commission, office, or instrumentality of the Government for the accomplishment of its task.

Done in the City of Manila, this 8th day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(26), 3723-3724.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 86
PROVIDING INSTRUCTIONS TO BE FOLLOWED IN THE CONDUCT OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS
DURING THE TIME THAT THE PRESIDENT IS OUTSIDE THE PHILIPPINES

The following instructions are hereby issued for the conduct of public affairs during the absence of the President from the Philippines on the occasion of the Summit Conference in Japan from June 12, 1964, until he returns from abroad;

1. The President of the Philippines shall continue to exercise all the functions of his office as enjoined by the Constitution and the laws, in the same manner as when he is within the national territory. The Executive Secretary shall, as heretofore, sign all papers that are ordinarily signed by him, by or under the authority of the President.

2. Each Secretary of Department shall attend to and decide matters which pertain to his department and which under the law he may decide. On those matters which require approval of the President, in case urgent action is needed, such approval shall be obtained by radio. On other departmental business which, although within the jurisdiction of a Secretary of Department, is of such importance as to affect the general policies of the Government and, therefore, should be the subject of consultation with the President, the Secretary concerned may communicate for such purpose with the President by radio or other convenient means of communication.

3. All official communications to the President, whether by letter or by radio, shall be transmitted through or by the Executive Secretary.

4. The Vice-President shall represent in social functions requiring the presence of the latter and shall preside over official ceremonies, receive and return the official calls of foreign dignitaries on behalf and in representation of the President, and on such occasions the Vice-President shall be entitled to the honors and courtesies due the President of the Philippines.

Done in the City of Manila, this 12th day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(29), 4219-4220.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 87
DIRECTING THE HOISTING OF THE NATIONAL FLAG AT THE LEGISLATIVE BUILDING
TWENTY-FOUR HOURS A DAY

WHEREAS, the National Flag symbolizes national solidarity, patriotism, and love of country; and

WHEREAS, it is imperative to inculcate in the minds of our people a continuing consciousness of the patriotic deeds of our heroes and love for the Motherland through the symbolic embodiment thereof for a cohesive, strong, and healthy nation;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby direct the display of the National Flag at the Legislative Building twenty-four hours a day. The flagpole shall be lighted at night.

Done in the City of Manila, this 12th day of June, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(29), 4220.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 88
CREATING THE FINANCE ACADEMY OF THE PHILIPPINES

Whereas, a truly career development-and-training program in the service which will provide professional and civic education as well as cultural broadening is vital to the task of insuring a more effective and efficient performance in the finance services of the government;

Whereas, in the light of experience, the present set-up of having each bureau, office, or agency in the Department of Finance conduct its own educational and training program should be improved to achieve maximum effectiveness and efficiency;

Whereas, it is popularly felt that the various educational and training programs in the Department of Finance can be enriched and made more effective if resources and facilities are consolidated and are centralized, coordinated, and integrated in one combined-services institution, with the stature of an enduring and model academy of learning in the finance services of government.

Now, therefore, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby order the establishment of the Finance Academy of the Philippines.

The mission of the Academy is to insure effective and efficient operations in the finance services of the government through training and development of all personnel (national or local) directly or indirectly under the jurisdiction of the Department of Finance, and to train and develop a continuing crops of officials and leaders, in the field of public finance and related areas, capable of assuming and discharging the duties and responsibilities of top-echelon functions in the Department of Finance and all the bureaus and offices under it. The mission extends to the turning out of graduates of both “general” and “specific” orientation for professional and civic leadership in the society.

The Finance Academy shall have the following objectives:

(a) Broad objectives—

(1) To provide opportunities for personnel efficiency training geared to the development of a desirable high standard of employee performance, morale and attitudes, including, career service in the Department of Finance and its agencies and offices, so that the Department can perform its role more effectively as the principal revenue-raising and collecting arm of the National Government;

(2) To promote inter-service understanding, communication, coordination and integrated planning in the Department of Finance, as well as harmonious relations with other Departments or Agencies in the government through instructions and study of the above aspects of government services;

(3) To conduct studies and research which will contribute to an increase in the knowledge and understanding of finance services and problems in the government; and

(4) To develop not only professional but also civic leaders.

(b) Specific objectives—

(1) To develop the technical skills of the students and their productive capacities so as to enhance their efficiency and usefulness as public servants through modern techniques and methods of approaches in public administration and management;

(2) To foster the mental habits and attitudes necessary for the development of high morale and pride in public service, including good public relations, through emphasis on professional ethics and moral instructions;

(3) To acquaint the students with modern research;

(4) To sharpen intellectual skills and increase professional knowledge, particularly with respect to modern public finance, treasury, assessment, tax, tariff, insurance and other allied areas through modern pedagogical principles and techniques, as well as the encouragement of research studies;

(5) To provide for the development of career service in the finance services, such as career appraisers in Bureau of Customs, career examiners in the Bureau of Internal Revenue, career treasurers and assessors in the treasury service and other important positions in the Department of Finance, including finance attaches (treasury, customs, internal revenue, etc.) in other foreign services; and

(6) To provide for the humanities and cultural courses necessary to complement professional knowledge and training.

(c) Scope of operations—

As an educational center, the Finance Academy shall have direct control, administration and supervision over all programs in the finance services of the government, from orientation, pre-service, in-service, job-instruction, or the like to training of special types of employees, senior executive of career development programs. Its scope of operations shall embrace all technical and other major services in the Department of Finance and all its agencies or offices.

In the interest of promoting better understanding and of enlisting public cooperation with the revenue-raising agencies of the national government, candidates from the private sector and of governments friendly to the Republic of the Philippines may be admitted from time to time as students of the Finance Academy.

The Finance Academy as hereby established shall be organized under the direction, administration and supervision of the Secretary of Finance.

Such amount as shall be necessary for the implementation of this order shall come from the funds for the training programs of the Department of Finance and all agencies thereunder upon organization and annually thereafter P1 million pesos or more to be provided in the budget.

Done in the City of Manila, this 10th day of July, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(30), 4411-4413.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 89
CREATING THE SUGAR DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE UNDER THE
OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

Pursuant to the authority conferred upon me by law, in acknowledgment of the need for the implementation of nationwide development programs for the sugar industry as a potent force in economic development and general social welfare, and in view of the industry's capacity for rapid and expansive growth, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby create the Sugar Development Committee under the Office of the President.

1. The Committee shall have the following functions and responsibilities:

(a) As a deliberative body concerned with the problem of the entire sugar industry, to discuss and objectify current situations confronting the industry;

(b) As a recommendatory council representing the interests of the industry, to draft and submit concrete recommendations to the President concerning policies and action programs which affect the industry;

(c) As a planning committee concerned mainly with the future requirements for sustained growth of the industry, to conduct research and market development programs designed to accomplish the objectives of growth in the sugar industry; and

(d) As an implementing body geared toward the proper execution and management of policies and action programs approved and proclaimed by the President, to harness available potential resources from both government and private sectors for the development of the industry.

2. The Committee shall be composed of eleven members:

Chairman	Mr. Jose Mapa Gomez
Other Members:	
a. President, National Federation of Sugar Planters	Dr. Trino Montinola
b. President, Philippine Sugar Association	Mr. Manuel Elizalde
c. Administrator, Sugar Quota Administration	Mr. Conrado Manalansan
d. Chairman, Philippine Sugar Institute	Mr. Marciano Dizon
e. Department Head in Economic Affairs, Department of Foreign Affairs ..	Mr. Agustin Mangila
f. Executive Director, National Economic Council	Mr. Rizalino Pablo
g. Deputy Director General, Program Implementation Agency	Mr. Placido Mapa, Jr.
h. Executive Vice-President, Philippine National Bank	Mr. Carlos Sobreviñas
i. Governor, Agricultural Loans, Development Bank of the Philippines	Dr. Eugenio Eusebio

-
- j. Group Chairman, General Program Administrators/Consultants Mr. Noel Araneta
k. Deputy Governor, Central Bank Mr. Amado Briñas

3. The Committee shall be headed by its Chairman who shall be the chief executive officer of the Committee, and will be empowered to appoint such persons or entities and to issue such rules and regulations for the purposes of assisting him in the discharge of his duties and responsibilities and of implementing the objectives and programs of the committee.

4. The Chairman is also authorized to call directly upon any department, bureau, or office in the executive branch of the government or upon any government-owned or controlled entity or agency for such assistance as the Committee may need, and subject to approval of the President, to requisition for, utilize, and make use of, the services of their personnel.

Done in the City of Manila, this 10th day of July, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(30), 4413-4414.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 90
ABOLISHING THE PRESIDENTIAL COMMITTEE ON ADMINISTRATION
PERFORMANCE EFFICIENCY (PCAPE)

In view of the failure of Congress to provide funds in the current budget (Republic Act No. 4164) for the operation of the Presidential Committee on Administration Performance Efficiency (PCAPE) created under Executive Order No. 1, dated December 30, 1961, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby order:

The Presidential Committee on Administration Performance Efficiency (PCAPE) created under Executive Order No. 1, dated December 30, 1961, is hereby abolished.

The records, property, equipment, unexpended balance of appropriations, and pending work of the PCAPE under Executive Order No. 1, dated December 30, 1961, and Executive Order No. 55, dated October 1, 1963, are hereby transferred to the Office of the President.

The officials and employees detailed to the PCAPE from other offices or entities are hereby returned to their respective offices or entities. Such personnel as may not be necessary to finish the pending work of the PCAPE are authorized to receive a gratuity of one-month salary for every year of continuous satisfactory service in the government but not exceeding twelve months, on the basis of the last salary received: *Provided*, That if any of said officials or employees are entitled to gratuity under any retirement law, they shall select either such gratuity or the gratuity herein provided: *And provided, further*, That in case an official or employee who receive gratuity is reinstated in the government service, he shall refund to the National Government the unexpired portion of his gratuity.

This Order shall take effect immediately.

Done in the City of Manila, this 12th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: Presidential Museum and Library

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(34), 5111-5112.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 91

IMPLEMENTING REPUBLIC ACT NUMBERED THIRTY-SIX HUNDRED AND ONE,
ENTITLED “AN ACT CREATING THE NATIONAL IRRIGATION ADMINISTRATION”

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby order:

1. The Board of Directors of the National Irrigation Administration (NIA) as composed in Article III, section 4, of Republic Act No. 3601 shall immediately call an executive meeting for the purpose of organizing the National Irrigation Administration and exercise thereafter its powers and duties as defined in said Act.

2. In order to effect a coordinated effort in the development, improvement, maintenance, and operation of all national gravity irrigation systems throughout the country, the Friar Lands irrigation systems now under the administrative control of the Bureau of Lands, Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources, are hereby transferred to the National Irrigation Administration. This transfer will include all personnel of the Irrigation Unit of the Bureau of Lands, and all unexpended appropriations, and the equipment, records, assets, and liabilities pertaining to the Friar Lands irrigation systems.

3. The Board of Directors of the National Irrigation Administration is hereby authorized to make available such adequate office space as is necessary for all personnel of the National Irrigation Administration for the efficient discharge of its functions.

4. To effectuate an equitable assessment of irrigation fees for all national gravity irrigation systems, whether financed under bond funds floated in accordance with Article II, section 3, of Republic Act 3601, general obligation bond (GOB) funds or general funds appropriated in all Public Works Acts or from any other funds previously made available for the construction of national gravity irrigation projects, the Board of Directors is hereby directed to study and recommend the proper rates of irrigation fees which will include maintenance and operation cost, cost of construction without interest, and insurance, which fees shall be applicable to all national gravity irrigation systems including the Friar Lands irrigation systems irrespective of the sources of government funds used in the construction thereof. Studies and appropriate recommendations shall also be made as to the manner and procedure of collecting these irrigation fees.

5. The Board of Directors is hereby directed to promulgate rules and regulations necessary for the proper administration and management of the National Irrigation Administration, and implementation of Republic Act 3601, subject to the approval of the President of the Philippines pursuant to Article III, section 5 (a), of Republic Act 3601.

6. The Auditor General and all other officers concerned are hereby directed to effect the transfer of the personnel, unexpended appropriations, functions, duties, equipment, records, assets, and liabilities

of the Irrigation Division of the Bureau of Public Works to the NIA, pursuant to Article VII, section 12, of Republic Act No. 3601, and the personnel and equipment of the Friar Lands irrigation systems as ordained in section 2 of this Executive Order.

Done in the City of Manila, this 13th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(35), 5291-5292.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 92

OPENING THE PORT OF SURIGAO, SURIGAO DEL NORTE, AS A SUBPORT OF ENTRY
WITHIN THE COLLECTION DISTRICT OF THE PORT OF MASAO

Pursuant to the provisions of section 702 of Republic Act No. 1937, and upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Finance, the Port of Surigao, Surigao del Norte, is hereby created, opened, and established as a sub-port of entry within the collection district of the Port of Masao, Butuan City.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the Republic of the Philippines to be affixed.

Done in the City of Manila, this 4th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(39), 6177.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 93
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF NILO IN THE PROVINCE OF ZAMBOANGA DEL SUR.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Zamboanga del Sur a municipality to be known as Nilo to consist of the following barrios and sitios of the municipalities of Dumalinao and Pagadian, both of said province.

From the Municipality of Dumalinao

1. Bantaaw	6. Limas	11. Nilo	16. Lugatok
2. Libayoy	7. Motorsawa	12. Malasik	17. Lacarayan
3. Tigbao	8. Bigong	13. Lukupayan	18. Mahayag
4. Maragang	9. Lomot	14. Caluma	19. Polangol
5. Lugimit	10. Camalig	15. Guinlin	20. Bosol

From the Municipality of Pagadian

1. Deborok	4. Bulawan	7. Upper Sibatang	10. Ditawan
2. Detoray	5. Matalag	8. Lourdes	11. Mate
3. Lizon Valley	6. Lala	9. Dampalan	12. Liawan

The seat of government of the municipality of Nilo shall be at the barrio of Nilo.

The municipality of Nilo as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at Point “1” following straight line latitude 7°47'53" at north direction until it intersects the Municipal boundary lines of Pagadian, Dumalinao and Lapuyan until it intersects the intersection of the Municipal Boundaries of Pagadian, Lapuyan, and Ramon Magsaysay called Point “2”; thence due east following the straight/boundary lines of Pagadian and Ramon Magsaysay until it intersects the intersection of the Municipal Boundaries of Pagadian, Labangan and Tukuran called Point “3”; thence due southeast following straight line until it intersects longitude 123°20' called point “4”; thence due south following longitude 123°20' until it intersects latitude 7°47'53" called Point “5”; thence due west following straight line latitude 7°47'53" until it intersects point “1” the point of beginning.” (From the Technical Description submitted by the Office of

the Highway District Engineer of Zamboanga del Sur, based on the map of the proposed municipality of Nilo, Scale; 1:100,000. now on file in this Office.)

The Municipalities of Dumalinao and Pagadian shall have their present territories minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Nilo as delimited above.

The municipality of Nilo shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipalities of Dumalinao and Pagadian, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Nilo, can still maintain creditably their municipal governments, meet all their statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 4th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1 - 100]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 94
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF MIDSALIP IN THE PROVINCE OF
ZAMBOANGA DEL SUR.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Zamboanga del Sur a municipality to be known as Midsalip to consist of the following barrios and their respective sitios of the municipalities of Ramon Magsaysay and Dumingag, both of said province:

From the Municipality of Ramon Magsaysay

- | | | | |
|-------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. Midsalip | 6. Lumpanid | 11. Sominot | 16. Matalang |
| 2. Guma | 7. Lumangoy | 12. Balobohan | 17. Sigapod |
| 3. Bakahan | 8. Dumalinao | 13. Balonai | 18. Duilic |
| 4. Guinabot | 9. Boloran | 14. Timbaboy | 19. Pawan |
| 5. Kamaron | 10. Sawa | 15. Ganipay | 20. Dakayakan |
| | | | 21. Pisompong |

From the Municipality of Dumingag

- | | | |
|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. Pili | 3. Ecuán | 5. Guitalos |
| 2. Cabaloran | 4. Golictop | 6. Licoro-an |

The seat of government of the municipality of Midsalip shall be at the barrio of Midsalip.
The municipality of Midsalip as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning from point 1, intersection of latitude 7°58' and longitude 123° 23'; thence due West until it intersects longitude 123° 10' called point 2; thence due North following partly the provincial boundary between Zamboanga del Norte and Zamboanga del Sur until it intersects latitude 8°06' called point 3; thence due East until it intersects longitude 123° 23' called point 4; thence due South back to point 1, point of beginning.” (From the Technical Description prepared by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Zamboanga del Sur based on the map of the proposed municipality of Midsalip, Scale: 1:50,000 now on file, in this Office.)

The Municipalities of Dumingag and Ramon Magsaysay shall have their present territories minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Midsalip as delimited above.

The municipality of Midsalip shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipalities of Ramon Magsaysay and Dumingag, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Midsalip, can still maintain creditably their municipal governments, meet all their statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 4th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1 - 100]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 95
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF PITOGO IN THE PROVINCE OF
ZAMBOANGA DEL SUR.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Zamboanga del Sur a municipality to be known as Pitogo to consist of the following barrios and their respective sitios of the municipalities of Dimataling and Tabina, both of said province:

From the Municipality of Dimataling:

- | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|------------------|
| 1. Flecha | 5. Panubigan | 9. Sugbay II |
| 2. Lower Panikian | 6. Pitogo | 10. Balongbalong |
| 3. Upper Panikian | 7. Balabawan | 11. Sugbay I |
| 4. Tongao | 8. Culojo | |

From the Municipality of Tabina:

1. Limbayan

The seat of government of the municipality of Pitogo shall be at the barrio of Pitogo.
The municipality of Pitogo as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at Point 1 the intersection of the shoreline near barrio Limbayan and latitude 123°26'; thence following the boundary of the marine waters which this municipality shall have pursuant to the provisions of Section 2321 of the Revised Administrative Code along Maligay Bay to point “2” at the middle of the mouth of Guling Creek; thence following the boundary line separating Libertad and Dimataling with a distance of 1,100 meters at point 3; thence following a straight line in a southeasterly direction to point 1 the point of beginning. This includes the island of Panikian.” (From the map of the proposed municipality of Pitogo prepared and submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Zamboanga del Sur, scale 1:100,000, now on file in this Office).

The municipalities of Dimataling and Tabina shall have their present territories minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Pitogo as delimited above.

The municipality of Pitogo shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipalities of Dimataling and Tabina after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Pitogo can still maintain creditably their municipal governments, meet all their statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 4th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1 - 100]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 96
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF MARUING IN THE PROVINCE OF
ZAMBOANGA DEL SUR.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Zamboanga del Sur a municipality to be known as Maruing to consist of the following barrios and sitios of the municipality of Lapuyan, said province:

- | | | |
|-------------|--------------------|-------------|
| 1. Maruing | 7. Linocmadalum | 13. Sumelem |
| 2. Timbang | 8. Nipa | 14. Gonsili |
| 3. Boalan | 9. Dumra | 15. Pampang |
| 4. Moncayo | 10. Tabon | 16. Kabog |
| 5. Pingalay | 11. Boalan (sitio) | 17. Latas |
| 6. Luanan | 12. Tambotambo | 18. Burakan |

The seat of government of the municipality of Maruing shall be at the barrio of Maruing.
The Municipality of Maruing as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at Point 1, center of the mouth of Kumalarang River; thence following the upstream course of said river with a distance of 3,800 M. to point 2; thence, following a straight line northeasterly direction until it intersects the inlet of Kumalarang River at Lake Wood called point 3; thence following the old boundary of Lapuyan clockwise direction to point 4; thence following the old boundary of Lapuyan and Midsalip with a distance of 2,700 M. to point 5; thence following a straight line southward until it intersects the national highway at Kumalarang Bridge called point 6; thence following a straight line SW direction until it intersects the shore line of Igat Bay called point 7; thence following the boundary of the marine waters which this municipality shall have pursuant to the provisions of Section 2321 of the Revised Administrative Code along Igat Bay in a clockwise direction back to point 1, the point of beginning. This includes the Island of Kabog.” (From the map of the proposed municipality of Maruing prepared and submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Zamboanga del Sur. Scale 1:1,000,000).

The municipality of Lapuyan shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Maruing as delimited above.

The municipality of Maruing shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Lapuyan, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Maruing, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all their statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 4th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1 - 100]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 97
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF NAGA IN THE PROVINCE OF
ZAMBOANGA DEL SUR.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Zamboanga del Sur a municipality to be known as Naga, to consist of the following barrios and sitios of the municipality of Kabasalan, said province;

- | | | |
|-------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| 1. Naga | 8. Lower Solitan | 15. Balono |
| 2. Gubawang | 9. Upper Solitan | 16. Kaliantana |
| 3. Mamagon | 10. Solo | 17. Andamio |
| 4. Baus | 11. Tambanan | 18. Posaan |
| 5. Bangcaobangcao | 12. Botong | 19. Cabong |
| 6. Baga | 13. Batang | 20. Tipan |
| 7. Santa Clara Crossing | 14. Cucotan Lupa | |

The seat of government of the municipality of Naga shall be at the barrio of Naga.
The municipality of Naga as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at point 1, center of the mouth of Bacalan River; thence, northward following the course of Bacalan River until it intersects the Provincial Boundary of Zamboanga del Sur and Zamboanga del Norte at Point 2; thence, following the Provincial Boundary of Zamboanga del Sur and Zamboanga del Norte on an easterly direction up to point 3, its intersection with longitude 122°-44'; thence, due south until it intersects Gacbusan Creek called point 4; thence, following the downstream course of Gacbusan Creek on a southwesterly direction up to point 5, intersection of Baga River and Gacbusan Creek; thence, following the downstream course of Baga River until it joins Kabasalan River at Point 6; thence, following the downstream course of Kabasalan River up to Point 7, center of the mouth of Kabasalan River Near Barrio Mamagon; thence, following the boundary of the marine waters which this municipality shall have pursuant to the provisions of Section 2321 of the Revised Administrative Code, to point 1, point of beginning.” (From the technical description prepared and submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Zamboangadel Sur)

The municipality of Kabasalan shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Naga, as delimited above.

The municipality of Naga shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Kabasalan, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Naga, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 4th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) CALIXTO O. ZALDIVAR
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *[Executive Order Nos.: 1 - 100]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 98

AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 91, DATED AUGUST 13, 1964, ENTITLED
“IMPLEMENTING REPUBLIC ACT NUMBERED THIRTY-SIX HUNDRED AND ONE,
ENTITLED ‘AN ACT CREATING THE NATIONAL IRRIGATION ADMINISTRATION’”

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby amend Executive Order No. 91, dated August 13, 1964, by making it effective as of March 17, 1964.

Done in the City of Manila, this 15th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(40), 6353.

MALACANANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 99
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF SEBASTE IN THE PROVINCE OF ANTIQUE

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Antique, a municipality to be known as Sebaste to consist of the barrios of Callan, Naubon, Ydio, Sebaste, Abiera, Bacalan, Alegre, Arasasan, P. Javier, and Aguila, of the municipalities of Culasi and Pandan, with the seat of government at the barrio of Sebaste.

The municipalities of Culasi and Pandan shall have their present territories minus the portions thereof which are included in the, municipality of Sebaste.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 8178 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Sebaste shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipalities of Culasi and Pandan, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Sebaste, can still maintain creditably their municipal governments, meet all their statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 26th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JUAN S. CANCIO*Acting Assistant Executive Secretary*Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(41), 6539.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 100
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF MOLUGAN IN THE PROVINCE OF
MISAMIS ORIENTAL

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Misamis Oriental a municipality to be known as Molugan to consist of the barrios of Molugan, Taytay, Himaya, and the sitio of Tinambaling in the barrio of Bolobolo, all of the municipality of El Salvador, with the seat of government at the barrio of Molugan.

The municipality of Molugan as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at point I on plan N (0°N) 1,400 meters from the flag pole of the municipal building of Opol, thence, S. 47 deg. 45 min. W, 10/000 meters to point 2, thence, S 13 deg. 00 min. W, 7/750 meters to point 3; thence, S 49 deg. 00 min. W, 4/900 meters to point 4, thence, N 66 deg. 30 min. W, 3/500 meters to point 5, thence, N 19 deg. 30 min. E, 2/050 meters to point 6, thence, N 44 deg. 30 min. E, 2/050 meters to point 7, thence N 33 deg. 00 min. E, 15/950 meters to point 8, thence, N 62 deg. 00 min. E, 2/450 meters to point 9, thence following the shore line S 59 deg. 30 min. E, 3/400 meters to point of beginning.” (From House Bill No. 10833)

The municipality of El Salvador shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Molugan as delimited above.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 10833 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Molugan shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of El Salvador, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Molugan, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 26th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(41), 6540-6541.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 101
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF MALIXI IN THE PROVINCE OF SURIGAO DEL SUR.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Surigao del Sur a municipality to be known as Malixi to consist of the barrios of Malixi, Soriano, Sta. Juana, Manambia, Batunan, Quezon, Tagbina, Lago, Maglambing, Carpenito, Mabtay and Tagongon, all of the municipality of Hinatuan, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Malixi.

The municipality of Malixi as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at point marked “A” on plan being on the intersection of a straight line from the barrio of Gamut, Lianga, to the mouth of Mansamoyao gushing spring and boundary of Lianga-Hinatuan municipalities. Thence, a straight line to Mansamoyao spring point “B”; thence, S2 deg. 30 min. W. to point “C” meeting point with the Surigao Agusan prov’l boundary; thence, following Surigao-Agusan boundary on northerly direction at point “D” meeting point with the Hinatuan-Lianga municipal boundary; thence, following the municipal boundary of Hinatuan-Lianga on easterly direction to point of beginning. (From the map submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Surigao del Sur, Scale 1:125,000 now on file, in this Office).

The municipality of Hinatuan shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Malixi, as delimited above.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 7417 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Malixi shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors hereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Hinatuan, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Malixi, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 28th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *[Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 102
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF ROXAS IN THE PROVINCE OF DAVAO.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Davao, a municipality to be known as Roxas to consist of the barrios and sitios of Coronon, Astorga, Darong, Inawayan, Sibulan, Pitogo, Idong, Cobingon, Sappot, Tubison, Bayongon, Landing, Tagulaya, Lomlom, Lower Quinocol, Upper Quinocol, Isom, Baracatan, Cabarisan and Lubo, all of the municipality of Sta. Cruz, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Darong.

The boundary that shall separate the municipality of Roxas from the municipality of Sta. Cruz shall be as follows:

“Beginning from a point at the mouth of the Pilan Delok Creek at Davao Gulf; thence along the center of Pilan Delok Creek to its source; thence by a straight line to the summit of Mt. Lepantod; thence by a straight line to the summit of Mt. Apo.” (From the technical description submitted by the District Engineer of Davao based on the map of the municipality of Sta. Cruz, scale 1:125,000, on file in this Office).

The municipality of Sta. Cruz shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the municipality of Roxas.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill 1965 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Roxas shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Sta. Cruz, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Roxas, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 28th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *[Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 103
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF MAGSAYSAY IN THE PROVINCE OF DAVAO

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Davao a municipality to be known as Magsaysay to consist of the barrios of Magsaysay, Bala, Barayong, Bog, Bacungan, Blocon, Dalawinon, Kanapulo, Kasuga, Mabini, Kialag, San Isidro, San Miguel, Dalumay, Tecul, Daig, Lipara and Malungon, all of the municipality of Bansalan, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Magsaysay.

The municipality of Magsaysay shall be bounded as follows:

“Northwest: Point of National (Davao-Cotabato) Highway; thence straight line to the west following the Davao-Cotabato boundary; On the Southeast: Point of Matanao River at the Matanao-Bansalan boundary following said river upstream to the National Highway; thence following said highway to the point of Davao-Cotabato boundary; On the South: Matanao-Bansalan boundary; On the West: From a western point of Davao-Cotabato boundary; thence straight line to the South following the western Bansalan boundary up to a point of Matanao-Bansalan Boundary.” (From House Bill No. 1599)

The municipality of Bansalan shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Magsaysay, as delimited above.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 1599 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Magsaysay shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Bansalan after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Magsaysay can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 28th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *[Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 104
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF STA. MARIA IN THE PROVINCE OF DAVAO.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Davao, a municipality to be known as Sta. Maria to consist of the barrios and sitios of Basiawan, Kidalan, Pongpong, Cogon, Kimatay, Pugad Buaya, Kadaatan, Sta. Maria, Culibao, Camasi, Kibulan, Kulungan, Longag Bato, Gandang, Sulok, Ogpao, Mamacao, Dool, Kisulad, Cabalantian, Tagbilaran, Boca, Dita, Malalag Tubig, Lagaylay, Tambo and Magapisa, all of the municipality of Malalag, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Basiawan.

The boundary that shall separate the municipality of Sta. Maria from the municipality of Malalag shall be as follows:

“Beginning at a point where the Malalag Bay cuts deepest inland and including all areas within the barrio of Bato; thence a line following the ridge of Baculing Mountain range which crosses the Malalag-Malita provincial road in the vicinity of Km. 342/000 and to the highest point above barrio Kadaatan; thence a straight line towards the peak of Mt. Tangali and beyond until it intersects the Malalag-Malita Boundary line.” (From the technical description prepared and submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Davao based on the map of the municipality of Malalag, scale 1:62,500, on file in this Office.)

The municipality of Malalag shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Sta. Maria,

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 89 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Sta. Maria shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Malalag after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Sta. Maria can still maintain creditably its municipal governments, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 28th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *[Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 105
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF BADIANGAN IN THE PROVINCE OF ILOILO.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Iloilo a municipality to be known as Badiangan, to consist of the following barrios of the municipality of Janiuy, said province:

- | | | |
|----------------|----------------|-------------------|
| 1. Badiangan | 11. Catubig | 21. Mapile Grande |
| 2. Agusipan | 12. Guinawahan | 22. Mapile Sangjo |
| 3. Astorga | 13. Ilongbukid | 23. Odiongan |
| 4. Bingawan | 14. Indorohan | 24. San Julian |
| 5. Bitaoyan | 15. Iniligan | 25. Sariri |
| 6. Botong | 16. Latawan | 26. Sianon |
| 7. Budiano | 17. Linayoan | 27. Sinwagan |
| 8. Cabanga-an | 18. Mainguit | 28. Talaba |
| 9. Cabayogan | 19. Malublub | 29. Tamocol |
| 10. Calansanan | 20. Mansolan | 30. Teneclan |
| | | 31. Tina |

The seat of government of the municipality of Badiangan shall be at the barrio of Badiangan
The Municipality of Badiangan as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“The boundary lines between the Municipality of Janiuy and the proposed Municipality of Badiangan starts from the northern portion of the Municipality from MBM No. 33 (Municipal Boundary Monument) of Lambunao and Janiuy to Barrio Boundary Monument (BBM No. 104) of the barrio of Sarawag and Mapile Grande; then to BBM No. 102 of the barrio of Sarawag-Patongpatong and Mapile Grande-Botong; then to BBM No. 96 of the barrio of Patongpatong-Madong and Botong; then to BBM No. 75 of the barrio of Madong and Botong-Calanzanan; then to BBM No. 76 of the barrio of Madong and Calanzanan; then to BBM No. 78 along the Magapa River to BBM No. 79 of the barrio of Matag-ob-Gibolo and Calanzanan; then to BBM No. 60 of the barrio of Gibolo and Calanzanan- Sianon; then to BBM No. 59 of the barrio of Gibolo-Damires and Sianon; then to BBM No. 48 of the barrio of Damires and Sianon-Iniñigan; then to BBM No. 50 of the barrio of Damires and Iniligan-Teneclan; then to BBM No. 51 of the barrio of Damires and Teneclan-Catubig; then to BBM No. 52 of the barrio of Damires-Tamuan and Catubig; then to BBM No. 16 of the barrio Tamuan and Catubig; then to BBM No. 15 of the barrio

Tamuan-Cabantog and Catubig; then to BBM No. 14 of the barrio Cabantog-Carañas and Catubig-Bitaoyan; then to BBM No. 17 of the barrio Bitaoayan and Caranas and along the Municipal boundary of Janiway and Pototan from MBM No. 3 to MBM No. 2 of the Janiway Cadastre No. 266 described and indicated on the attached map.” (As certified by the Office of the District Land Officer, Land District No. 29, Bureau of Lands, City of Iloilo, based on the map prepared and authenticated by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Iloilo, on file in this Office, Scale: 1:40,000)

The municipality of Janiway shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Badiangan, as delimited above.

House Bill No. 7711 for the creation of the new municipality was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Badiangan shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Janiway, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Badiangan, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 28th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *[Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 106
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF MINA IN THE PROVINCE OF ILOILO

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Iloilo, a municipality to be known as Mina to consist of the barrios of Abat, Agmanaphao, Amiroy, Badiangan, Bañgao, Cabalabaguan, Capul-an, Dala, Guibuangan Mina, Janipa-an East, Janipa-an West, Mina East, Mina West, Nasirum, Naumuan, Talibon Grande, Talibong Pequeño, Singay, Tipolo, Tolabucan, Tumay and Yugot all of the municipality of Pototan, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Mina.

The municipality of Pototan shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the municipality of Mina.

House Bill No. 7607 creating this new municipality was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Mina shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Pototan after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Mina, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

(SGD.) **DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL**
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) **JUAN S. CANCIO**
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *[Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 107
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF ANDONG IN THE PROVINCE OF LANA DEL SUR

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Lanao del Sur a municipality to be known as Andong to consist of the barrios of Macadar, Lalapung, Dilausan, Tringun, Bitar Occidental, Bitar Oriental, Dulangan, Malalia, Lunai, Diganun, Dalama, Matling, Kalumbong, Bumbaran, Bonga, Tacob, and Magolalung in the municipalities of Lumbatan, Butig, and Tubaran, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Macadar.

The municipalities of Lumbatan, Butig, and Tubaran shall have their present territories minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Andong.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 3474 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Andong shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations, and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipalities of Lumbatan, Butig, and Tubaran, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Andong, can still maintain creditably their municipal governments, meet all their statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(42), 6737.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 108
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF SULTAN ALONTO IN THE
PROVINCE OF LANA DEL SUR

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Lanao del Sur a municipality to be known as Sultan Alonto to consist of the barrios of Kilikili, Frankfurt and Upper Fort, all of the municipality of Wao, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Kilikili.

The municipality of Wao shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Sultan Alonto.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 7742 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Sultan Alonto shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Wao after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Sultan Alonto, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(42), 6738.

MALACANANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 109
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF MAGUING IN THE PROVINCE OF LANA DEL SUR

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Lanao del Sur a municipality to be known as Maguing to consist of barrios of Borua, Pindulonan, Alog, Butod, Dimarua, Lumbac, Balagunun, Dimagalin, Bulao, Borokot, Dasaon, Romapunut, Dilausan, Madaya, Madanding, Malungun, Mimbisa, Pindulonan, Linindingan, Buadiangcay, Pagalongan, Pilimoknan, Maguing-Propor, Batobato, Bualan, Tandiongkairan, Rinabor, Minipagalanga, Balintao, Bubong, Dilimbayan, Panayangan, Macadiar, Polo, Elian, Kianodan, Runggayan, Ilalag, Camalag, Kilala, Cambong, Balawag, Minaring, Dalidigan, Bosicong, Pantao, and Agagan, all of the municipality of Lumba-Bayabao, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Dilausan.

The municipality of Lumba-Bayabao shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the municipality of Maguing.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 10291 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Maguing shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Lumba-Bayabao after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Maguing, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(42), 6739.

MALACANANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 110
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF DIANATON IN THE PROVINCE OF LANA DEL SUR

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Lanao del Sur a municipality to be known as Dianaton to consist of the barrios of Bumbaran, Guiarong, Upper Daguang, Dayantonog, Tugaig, Bayanga, and Lankong of the municipalities of Butig and Balabagan, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Tugaig.

The municipalities of Butig and Balabagan shall have their present territories minus the portions thereof which are included in the municipality of Dianaton.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 11518 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Dianaton shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality Butig and Balabagan after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Dianaton, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(42), 6740.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 111
CREATING THE MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF ELPIDIO QUIRINO IN MOUNTAIN PROVINCE

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in Mountain Province a municipal district to be known as Elpidio Quirino to consist of the following barrios of the municipalities of Balbalan and Pinukpuk, both of said province.

From the Municipality of Balbalan

- | | | |
|-----------|----------|-----------|
| 1. Mabaca | 2. Buaya | 3. Tawang |
|-----------|----------|-----------|

From the Municipality of Pinukpuk

- | | | |
|------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. Aciga | 3. Wagud | 5. Katabbagan |
| 2. Amacian | 4. Ballayangon | |

The seat of government of the Municipal District of Elpidio Quirino shall be at the barrio of Mabaca.

The municipalities of Balbalan and Pinukpuk shall have their present territories minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipal district of Elpidio Quirino.

The creation of this new municipal district as proposed in House Bill No. 5833 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipal district of Elpidio Quirino shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor; and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipal district is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipal district and that the mother municipalities of Balbalan and Pinukpuk, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipal district of Elpidio Quirino, can still maintain creditably their municipal governments, meet all their statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(43), 6965.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 112

CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF BAYOG IN THE PROVINCE OF ZAMBOANGA DEL SUR

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Zamboanga del Sur, a municipality to be known as Bayog, to consist of the following barrios and sitios of the municipality of Buug, said province:

- | | | |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. Bayog | 8. Damit | 15. Dimalinao |
| 2. Buboan | 9. Depasi | 16. Baking |
| 3. Datagan 3 | 10. Pangì | 17. Dipuri |
| 4. Pulang Bato | 11. Datagan 1 | 18. Kwai |
| 5. Dipili | 12. Datagan 2 | 19. Maton-og |
| 6. Salawagan | 13. Mataga | 20. Kanipa-an |
| 7. Lamari | 14. Liba | |

The seat of government of the municipality of Bayog shall be at the barrio of Bayog.

The municipality of Bayog as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at point “1” junction of Sibuguey river and Dipuri river; thence due East until it intersects the municipal boundary of Kumalarang and Buug at point “2”; thence due North following the municipal boundary of the municipalities of Buug and Kumalarang until it intersects the municipal boundary of Lapuyan and Kumalarang at point “3”; thence due East to point “4” following the municipal boundary of Kumalarang and Lapuyan with a distance of 2 kilometers; thence due North until it intersects the provincial boundary between Zamboanga del Norte and Zamboanga del Sur called point “5”; thence following the said provincial boundary in a westerly direction until it intersects the municipal boundary of Siay and Buug at point “6”; thence S 1° 30' E following the municipal boundary of Siay and Buug until it intersects the Northern boundary of the proposed municipality of Diplahan at point “7”; thence due East following the Northern boundary of the proposed municipality of Diplahan until it intersects the Center-line of Sibuguey river at point “8”; thence following the upstream course of Sibuguey river back to point “1” point of beginning.” (From the Technical Description of the proposed municipality of Bayog prepared and submitted by the Office of the Highway District-Engineer of Zamboanga del Sur).

The municipality of Buug shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Bayog as delimited above.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 7571 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Bayog shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Buug after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Bayog, can still maintain Creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JUAN S. CANCIO

Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(43), 6966.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 113
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF MAASIM IN THE PROVINCE OF COTABATO

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Cotabato, a municipality to be known as Maasim to consist of the following barrios and sitios of the municipalities of Kiamba and General Santos, both of said province:

From the Municipality of Kiamba

- | | |
|-----------------|-------------|
| 1. Lumasal | 11. Colon |
| 2. Pananag | 12. Kamanga |
| 3. Kindap | 13. Malalag |
| 4. Kanalo | 14. Colub |
| 5. Lumatil | 15. Cocub |
| 6. Daliao | 16. Bual |
| 7. Kablakan | 17. Lampane |
| 8. Maasim | 18. Manil |
| 9. Vales | 19. Dangan |
| 10. Seven Hills | 20. Malbang |

From the Municipality of General Santos

- | | |
|-----------|-----------|
| 1. Tinoto | 2. Bailat |
|-----------|-----------|

The seat of government of the municipality of Maasim shall be at the barrio of Maasim.
The municipality of Maasim as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at point No. 1, at the north of Taluc Creek, following the course of the said Creek northward as far as its uppermost reaches; thence going due north to Point No. 2 at the common boundary of Kiamba and Surala; thence following the same boundary going eastward to Point No. 3 along the common boundary of Kiamba and General Santos; thence due South terminating at Point No. 4 at Siguil River; thence following Siguil River downstream to Point No. 5 at its mouth at Sarangani Bay; thence following the coastal line westward to Point No. 1.”

The municipalities of Kiamba and General Santos shall have their present territories minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Maasim as delimited above.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 10063 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Maasim shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipalities of Kiamba and General Santos after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Maasim can still maintain creditably their municipal governments, meet all their statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JUAN S. CANCIO

Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(43), 6967.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 114
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF SIAYAN IN THE PROVINCE OF
ZAMBOANGA DEL NORTE

Pursuant to section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Zamboanga del Norte, a municipality to be known as Siayan to consist of the barrios of Siayan Proper, Polayo, Moyo, Diongan, Gonayen Proper, Datagan, Makasing, Soriao, Gunyan, Dinoyak, Pange, Balak, Litolit, Mangilay, Domogok, and Paranglumba, all of the municipality of Sindangan, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Paranglumba.

The municipality of Siayan as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“From the intersection of longitude one hundred twenty-three degrees ten minutes ($123^{\circ}-10'$); and latitude eight degrees seventeen minutes ($8^{\circ}-17'$); thence due west to longitude one hundred twenty-three degrees and four minutes ($123^{\circ}-04'$); thence due south to latitude eight degrees and ten minutes ($8^{\circ}-10'$); thence southwest to the intersection of longitude one hundred twenty-two degrees fifty-seven minutes ($122^{\circ}-57'$) and latitude seven degrees fifty-five minutes ($7^{\circ}-55'$); thence due east to longitude one hundred twenty-two degrees fifty-eight minutes ($122^{\circ}-58'$); thence northeast to the intersection of longitude one hundred twenty-three degrees four minutes ($123^{\circ}-04'$); and latitude eight degrees zero minutes ($8^{\circ}-00'$); thence due east to longitude one hundred twenty-three degrees ten minutes ($123^{\circ}-10'$); thence due north to latitude eight degrees and seventeen minutes ($8^{\circ}-17'$); the point of beginning.” (From the technical description submitted by the District Engineer of Zamboanga del Norte based on the map of the municipalities of Manukan and Sindangan on file in this office).

The municipality of Sindangan shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Siayan as delimited above.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 4454 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Siayan shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Sindangan after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Siayan can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(43), 6969.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 115
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF ROXAS IN THE PROVINCE OF
ZAMBOANGA DEL NORTE

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Zamboanga del Norte a municipality to be known as Roxas to consist of the following barrios and sitios of the municipality of Katipunan, said province:

- | | |
|-----------------|--------------|
| 1. Langatian | 11. Tangian |
| 2. Dohinob | 12. Irasan |
| 3. Tanayan | 13. Carupi |
| 4. Dinoman | 14. Bob |
| 5. Villahermoso | 15. Mamara |
| 6. Capase | 16. Sibatog |
| 7. Canibongan | 17. Meliton |
| 8. Piñalan | 18. Sindotan |
| 9. Sebod | 19. Mitotong |
| 10. Marupay | 20. Sangay |

The seat of government of the municipality of Roxas shall be at the barrio of Langatian.

The municipality of Roxas as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning from the mouth of Piao river following said river upstream until it intersects the mouth of Bob river and thence following said Bob river upstream until the Zamboanga del Sur Boundary at latitude eight degrees thirteen minutes (8°–13') thence following latitude eight degrees thirteen minutes (8°–13') due west, until it intersects longitude one hundred twenty-three degrees ten minutes (123°–10') and following longitude one hundred twenty-three degrees ten minutes (123°–10') in a straight line northward until it intersects Dohinob Dacu river which is the Manucan–Katipunan boundary and following said river downstream until the mouth of the river.” (From the technical description submitted by the Highway District Engineer of Zamboanga del Norte based on the map of said municipality of Roxas, scale 1:100,000, now on file in this Office).

The municipality of Katipunan shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Roxas as delimited above.

House Bill No. 7429 creating this new municipality was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Roxas shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Katipunan after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Roxas, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(46), 7527.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 116
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF PANGANURAN IN THE PROVINCE OF
ZAMBOANGA DEL NORTE

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Zamboanga del Norte a municipality to be known as Panganuran to consist of the following barrios and sitios, all of the municipality of Labason, said province:

- | | |
|----------------|------------|
| 1. Gutalac | 6. Manapon |
| 2. Panganuran | 7. Bakong |
| 3. La Libertad | 8. Cornado |
| 4. Tipan | 9. Mamawan |
| 5. Sibalic | |

The seat of government of the municipality of Panganuran shall be at the barrio of Gutalac.
The municipality of Panganuran as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at the mouth of the Quipit River going upstream following the main body of said Quipit River until it intersects the Interprovincial Boundary of Zamboanga del Sur and Zamboanga del Norte at Latitude Seven Degrees and Fifty-four Minutes (7° 54') and Longitude One Hundred Twenty-two Degrees and Thirty-five Minutes (122° 35'); thence following said Interprovincial Boundary until it intersects the Labason-Siocon Municipal Boundary at Latitude Seven Degrees and Forty-five Minutes (7° 45') and Longitude One Hundred Twenty-two Degrees and Twenty-four Minutes (122° 24'), thence following a straight line along said Municipal Boundary until the shore line.” (From the Technical Description submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Zamboanga del Norte, based on the map of the mother municipality of Labason and the proposed municipality of Panganuran. Scale: 1:100,000, now on file in this Office.)

The municipality of Labason shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Panganuran as delimited above.

House Bill No. 4941 creating the new municipality was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Panganuran shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Labason, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Panganuran, can still

maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL

President of the Philippines

By the President:

JUAN S. CANCIO

Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(46), 7528.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 117
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF GLORIA IN THE PROVINCE OF ORIENTAL MINDORO

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Oriental Mindoro a municipality to be known as Gloria, to consist of the barrios of Maligaya, Batingan, Malusak, Langang, Balite, Malamig, Kalamundingan, Papandungin, Kawit, Bulbogan, Agsalin, and Banus, of the municipality of Pinamalayan, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Maligaya.

The municipality of Pinamalayan shall have its present territory minus the territory comprised in the municipality of Gloria.

The creation of this municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 8421 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Gloria shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance, that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Pinamalayan, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Gloria, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(43), 6970.

MALACANANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 118
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF KALILANGAN IN THE PROVINCE OF BUKIDNON

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Bukidnon a municipality to be known as Kalilangan to consist of the barrios of Lampanosan, Madatol, Macaopao, Sabang, Kalilangan, Boribod, Pamutohan, Kabaning, Malinao, Imbariz, Kibaritan, and Mayohay, all of the municipality of Pangantucan, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Kalilangan.

The municipality of Pangantucan shall have its present territory minus the portions, thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Kalilangan.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 9011 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Kalilangan shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Pangantucan after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Kalilangan, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(44), 7179.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 119
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF LANTAPAN IN THE PROVINCE OF BUKIDNON

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Bukidnon a municipality to be known as Lantapan to consist of the barrios of Bugcaon, Culasihan, Bantuanon, Lantapan, Balila, Baclayon, Alanib, Kaatuan, Songko, Victory, Kibangay, Basak, and Kibogtong and the territory west of Cabangahan Creek, westward along the highway towards and up to the present boundary of the municipalities of Malaybalay and Talakag, all of the municipality of Malaybalay, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Lantapan.

The municipality of Malaybalay shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Lantapan.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 9011 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Lantapan shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Malaybalay after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Lantapan, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(44), 7170.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 120
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF LIBERTAD IN THE PROVINCE OF
ZAMBOANGA DEL SUR

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Zamboanga del Sur a municipality to be known as Libertad, to consist of the following barrios and sitios of the municipalities of Dimataling, Margosatubig, and Dinas, said province:

From Dimataling:

- | | | |
|----------------------|-----------------|----------------------|
| 1. Tinitayan | 10. Sungbato | 19. Garap |
| 2. Upper Dumanquilas | 11. Mahayag | 20. Maligangan |
| 3. Binuay | 12. Racak | 21. Tipangi |
| 4. Maliba | 13. Tiniguangan | 22. Puting Balas |
| 5. Lalab | 14. Buntod Biga | 23. Tinglawe |
| 6. Baluno | 15. Magahis | 24. Sandacan |
| 7. Salawagan | 16. Buntod Boga | 25. Longhigue Island |
| 8. Guilisan | 17. Baha | 26. Lulotan |
| 9. Banganga | 18. Dada-an | 27. Libertad |

From Margosatubig:

- | | | |
|------------|----------|-------------|
| 1. Sagucan | 2. Sagua | 3. Cansamon |
|------------|----------|-------------|

From Dinas:

- | | | |
|---------------|----------|---------------|
| 1. Sambulawan | 4. Cogon | 6. Buntiti-an |
| 2. Ludiong | 5. Balao | 7. Lucoban |
| 3. San Isidro | | |

The seat of government of the municipality of Libertad shall be at barrio of Libertad.

The municipality of Libertad as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at Point 1 the mouth of Cansamon Creek, following a straight line with a northerly direction until it intersect Point 2, the intersection of the municipal boundaries of Lapuyan,

Margosatubig, and San Miguel; thence to Point 3 the highest peak of Buga Mountain; thence following a straight line with a southeasterly direction to Point 4 on the mouth of Maridu Creek; thence following the shoreline of marine waters to Point 5 the mouth of Racak Creek; thence following a straight line with a southwesterly direction to Point 6 the mouth of Goling Creek; which intersect the bank of Sugbay River; thence following Sugbay River downstream until it reach the marine water of Malibay Bay up to Point 1 the point of beginning.” (From the technical description prepared and submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Zamboanga del Sur).

The municipalities of Dimataling, Margosatubig and Dinas shall have their present territories minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Libertad, as delimited above.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 7982 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Libertad shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipalities of Dimataling, Margosatubig, and Dinas, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Libertad can still maintain creditably their municipal governments, meet all their statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JUAN S. CANCIO

Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(46), 7528-7530.

MALACANANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 121
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF GENERAL AGUINALDO IN THE PROVINCE OF
ZAMBOANGA DEL SUR

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Zamboanga del Sur a municipality to be known as General Aguinaldo to consist of the following barrios and sitios of the municipalities of San Miguel, Dumalinao, San Pablo, and Dinas, said province:

From the municipality of San Miguel:

- | | | |
|---------------------|------------|--------------|
| 1. Guipos | 3. Mate | 5. Alangilan |
| 2. Bag-ong Oroquita | 4. Limonan | |

From the Municipality of Dumalinao:

- | | | |
|-----------|------------|----------------|
| 1. Tikwas | 3. Rebocon | 5. Guling |
| 2. Tina | 4. Napulan | 6. Balongating |

From the Municipality of San Pablo:

- | | | |
|----------|-----------|-------------|
| 1. Payag | 2. Condom | 3. Daplayan |
|----------|-----------|-------------|

From the Municipality of Dinas:

- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| 1. Singolot | 2. Sagacad |
|-------------|------------|

The seat of government of the municipality of General Aguinaldo shall be at the barrio of Guipos. The municipality of General Aguinaldo as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Starting from Point 1, the intersection of the latitude 6° 37' and longitude 123° 20'; thence due West following latitude 6° 37' with a distance of about 3,500 meters to point 2; thence N 45° 00' W with a distance of about 4,200 meters to point 3; thence following a straight line with bearing N 18° 30' E until it intersects latitude 7° 59' to point 4; thence due East following latitude 7° 59' until it intersects the shoreline of Illana Bay to point 5; thence following the boundary of the marine waters which this municipality shall have pursuant to the provisions of section 2321 of the Revised

Administrative Code along Illana Bay until it intersects latitude 7° 42' 30" to point 6; thence due West following latitude 7° 42' 30" with an approximate distance of 7,300 meters to point 7; thence due South with a distance of about 3,900 meters to point 8; thence due West until it intersects longitude 123° 20' to point 9; thence due South following longitude 123° 20' to point 1; the point of beginning.” (From the Technical Description of the proposed municipality of General Aguinaldo prepared and submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Zamboanga del Sur).

The municipalities of San Miguel, Dumalinao, San Pablo, and Dinas, shall have their present territories minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of General Aguinaldo as delimited above.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 7892 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of General Aguinaldo shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipalities of San Miguel, Dumalinao, San Pablo, and Dinas, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of General Aguinaldo, can still maintain creditably their municipal governments, meet all their statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 31st day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JUAN S. CANCIO

Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(46), 7531-7532.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 122
PROVIDING INSTRUCTIONS TO BE FOLLOWED IN THE CONDUCT OF PUBLIC AFFAIRS
DURING THE TIME THAT THE PRESIDENT IS OUTSIDE THE PHILIPPINES

The following instructions are hereby issued for the conduct of public affairs during the absence of the President from the Philippines, on the occasion of his state visit to the United States of America from October 3, 1964, until he returns from abroad:

1. The President of the Philippines shall continue to exercise all the functions of his office as enjoined by the Constitution and the laws, in the same manner as when he is within the national territory. The Executive Secretary shall, as heretofore, sign all papers that are ordinarily signed by him by or under the authority of the President.

2. Each Secretary of Department shall attend to and decide matters which pertain to his department and which under the law he may decide. On those matters which require approval of the President, in case urgent action is needed, such approval shall be obtained by radio. On other departmental business which, although within the jurisdiction of a Secretary of Department, is of such importance as to affect the general policies of the Government and, therefore, should be the subject of consultation with the President, the Secretary concerned may communicate for such purpose with the President by radio or other convenient means of communication.

3. All official communications to the President, whether by letter or by radio, shall be transmitted through or by the Executive Secretary.

4. The Vice-President shall represent the President in social functions requiring the presence of the latter and shall preside over official ceremonies, receive and return the official calls of foreign dignitaries in behalf in representation of the President, and on such occasions the Vice-President shall be entitled to the honors and courtesies due the President of the Philippines.

Done in the City of Manila, this 3rd day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(42), 6741.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 123

READJUSTING THE BOUNDARY LINE BETWEEN THE MUNICIPALITIES OF MAIGO
AND BACOLOD, BOTH OF THE PROVINCE OF LANA DEL NORTE,
BY REVOKING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 342, DATED JUNE 26, 1959

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, the boundary line between the municipalities of Maigo and Bacolod, both of the province of Lanao del Norte, is hereby readjusted by revoking Executive Order No. 342, dated June 26, 1959, entitled "Amending Executive Order No. 331, current series, creating the municipality of Maigo, province of Lanao, by changing the boundary line between said municipality and the municipality of Bacolod." Upon the creation of a municipality, the revision of its boundaries as created should be undertaken with extreme caution.

This Order shall have the effect of restoring the boundary line between the municipalities of Maigo and Bacolod as defined in Executive Order No. 331, dated February 27, 1959, creating the municipality of Maigo.

Done in the City of Manila, this 3rd day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(44), 7181.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 124
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF RIZAL IN THE PROVINCE OF SURIGAO DEL NORTE

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Surigao del Norte a municipality to be known as Rizal to consist of the barrios of Catadman, Rizal, Roxas, Columbus, Puerto Princesa, Melgar, Cortes, Montag, and Tagabaca, all of the municipality of Dinagat, with the seat of government at the barrio of Rizal.

The municipality of Rizal as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“From point A at the established Municipal boundary line of Dinagat and Cagdianao on a straight line due West passing Poladio Point to point B; thence following the old boundary line between the province of Surigaio and Leyte due south at point C; thence on an imaginary straight line passing Cogon Point of Sibanao Island to point D; at the southern mouth of Panlibo-ohan River of Capaquian Island; thence following the course of Panlibo-ohan River northward to point Kan-ayut at point E; thence following the established boundary line of Barrios Wilson and Tagabaca to point F at the boundary line of Dinagat and Cagdianao; thence following the old boundary line of Dinagat and Cagdianao northward to the point of beginning at point A. (Based on the map of Dinagat Island showing the proposed municipality of Rizal and the remaining portion of the mother municipality of Dinagat, submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Surigao del Norte, on file in this Office, Scale: 1:100,000)

The municipality of Dinagat shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Rizal as delimited above.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 9422 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Rizal shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Dinagat, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Rizal, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 3rd day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(46), 7533-7534.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 125

TRANSFERRING THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF PROSPERIDAD
IN THE PROVINCE OF AGUSAN FROM ITS PRESENT SITE AT THE BARRIO OF
PROSPERIDAD TO THE BARRIO OF BAHBAH, SAME MUNICIPALITY

Upon the recommendation of the Provincial Board of Agusan and pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, the seat of government of the municipality of Prosperidad in the province of Agusan, is hereby transferred from its present site at the barrio of Prosperidad to the barrio of Bahbah, same municipality.

This Order shall take effect immediately.

Done in the City of Manila, this 23rd day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JUAN S. CANCIO

Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(47), 7725.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 126
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF TIGAO IN THE PROVINCE OF SURIGAO DEL SUR

Upon the recommendation of the Provincial Board of Surigao del Sur and pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Surigao del Sur a municipality to be known as Tigao, to consist of the barrios of Tigao, Mabahin, Matho and Balibadon, all of the municipality of Cortes, with the seat of government at the barrio of Tigao.

The municipality of Tigao as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at the point marked A on the plan which is on the southeastern part of Panhasan Island following an imaginary line due west until it intersect the boundary line between Cortes and Lanuza at point B; thence following the Cortes-Lanuza Municipal Boundary in a southerly direction to point C; thence following the Cortes-Tandag Municipal Boundary in a easterly direction up to the mouth of Balawan Creek at point D; thence following the seashore in a northerly direction up to the point of beginning.” (Based on the map of the proposed municipality of Tigao submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Surigao del Sur, Scale 1:50,000, on file in this Office.)

The municipality of Cortes shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Tigao, as delimited above.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 4012, was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Tigao shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the mayor, vice-mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Cortes, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Tigao, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 23rd day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(47), 7725-7726.

MALACANANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 127
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF TAPAKAN IN THE PROVINCE OF COTABATO

Upon the recommendation of the Provincial Board of Cotabato and pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Cotabato a municipality to be known as Tampakán, to consist of the barrios and sitios of Tampakán, Maltana, Kipaldig, Liberty, Boto, Lambayong, Kolondatal, Tablo, Liberty II, and Miasong, all of the municipality of Tupi, with the seat of government at the barrio of Tampakán.

The municipality of Tupi shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Tampakán.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 1672, was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Tampakán shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the mayor, vice-mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Tupi, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Tampakán, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 26th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(47), 7727.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 128
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF MACO IN THE PROVINCE OF DAVAO

Pusuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Davao a municipality to be known as Maco to consist of the barrios and sitios of Maco, Bukana, Lupon, Hijo, San Juan, Langgam, San Roque, Anisingan, Mapaang, Manipongol, Binuangan, Patari, Ulogan, Tugunan, Magaarad, Lumatab, Concepcion, Dao, Maduaw, Panangan, Panibasan, Lower Tagaawa, Upper Tagaawa, Masara-Sawmill, Limbo, Kalabkan, New Leyte, Dumlan, Libaylibay, Siranganan, Alibungog, Lumbo, Taira, Anagasi, Anibongan, Lapu-Lapu, Tiglawig, Pangi, Pandiupon, Rabaywa, Laniti, Anislag, Balatinao, Baayon, Simura, Sarog, Kantunga, Birigian, Burog, Kaburakanan, Macupa, Pangian, Kantaraud, Kawayan, Pangpang, Basag, Kambakuro, Kapakyasan, Tigpan, Tibulan, Marabiga, Kamansi, Kuyapi, Lahog, and Makutpu of the municipality of Mabini, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Maco.

The municipality of Maco as herein created shall have the following boundaries:

“Starting from corner 1, a point at the mouth of Hijo river; thence following Hijo river upstream in a general northerly and northeasterly direction to corner 2, a point at the southern municipal boundary of Mawab; thence following the southern municipal boundary of Mawab in a straight line S 76°–30' E, 14.25 kilometers to corner 3, a point at the southernmost boundary corner of same municipality of Mawab; thence due north, 1.75 kilometers to corner 4, at point at intersection of the municipal boundaries of Mawab and Nabunturan; thence S 77°–30' E, 6.75 kilometers to corner 5, a point at the southern boundary of the Municipality of Nabunturan, thence S 55°–00' W, 20 kilometers to corner 6, a point; thence due west, 6.25 kilometers to corner 7, a point at the mouth of Tabuipua creek at Gulf of Davao; thence following the shoreline in a general northerly and westerly direction to corner 1, or point of beginning.” (From House Bill No. 1828)

The municipality of Mabini shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the municipality of Maco, as delimited above.

The creation of this municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 1828 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Maco shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Mabini after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Maco, can still maintain

creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 29th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JUAN S. CANCIO

Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*. 60(47), 7728-7729.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 129
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF NEW CORELLA IN THE PROVINCE OF DAVAO

Pusuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Davao a new municipality to be known as New Corella, to consist of the barrios of New Corella, New Bohol, New Cortes, New Sambog, Del Pilar, Limba-an, Mesaoy, Camansi, Macgum, Sta. Cruz, and the sitios of Sawaon, San Roque, Caso-on, Maputi, Carcor, Sto. Niño, Viga, Casañgoy, Mandapa-an, New Anda, Dasing, Capatagan, Lunao, Cabidanan, Sambayon, Banglasan, and Kanikid, all of the municipality of Asuncion, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of New Corella.

The municipality of Asuncion shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of New Corella.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 895 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of New Corella shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Asuncion after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of New Corella can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations, and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 29th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 60(47), 7729-7730.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 130
CREATING THE NATIONAL TRAFFIC SAFETY ADVISORY COMMITTEE TO PLAN, STUDY,
AND RECOMMEND MEASURES FOR THE PROMOTION OF TRAFFIC SAFETY

WHEREAS, the loss of life, limb, and property resulting from traffic accidents has gone up to an unprecedented level;

WHEREAS, it is the duty of the government to solve the critical traffic situation with the end in view of minimizing, if not totally eliminating, traffic accidents resulting in the loss of life and destruction to property; and

WHEREAS, in the furtherance of this duty, it is necessary to improve and coordinate the efforts of all agencies concerned with the enforcement of traffic laws, rules, and regulations;

NOW THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby create the National Traffic Safety Advisory Committee for the purpose of planning, studying, and recommending measures for the promotion of traffic safety. The committee shall be composed of the following:

The Executive Secretary	Chairman
The Secretary of Public Works and Communications	Member
The Commissioner, Public Service Commission	Member
The Commissioner, Land Transportation Commission	Member
The Chief, Traffic Control Group, P.C.	Member
The Chairman, League of Provincial Governors and City Mayors	Member
The President, National Association of Chiefs of Police of the Philippines	Member
The President, Safety Organizations of the Philippines	Member
The President, Bus Operators Association of the Philippines	Member
The President, National Association of Taxicab Operators	Member
A representative from the civic organizations	Member

Done in the City of Manila, this 24th day of November, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(3), 241-242.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 131
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 106, DATED OCTOBER 1, 1964, CREATING THE
MUNICIPALITY OF MINA IN THE PROVINCE OF ILOILO

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, Executive Order No. 106, dated October 1, 1964, creating the municipality of Mina in the province of Iloilo is hereby amended so as to include the barrio of Nabitasan of the municipality of Pototan, said province, as one of the barrios to comprise the municipality of Mina.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(3), 242.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 132
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 108, DATED OCTOBER 1, 1964, CREATING THE
MUNICIPALITY OF SULTAN ALONTO IN THE PROVINCE OF LANA DEL SUR

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, the barrio of Panang of the municipality of Wao, is hereby included as among the barrios that shall consist the municipality of Sultan Alonto.

The boundary that shall separate the municipality of Wao from the municipality of Sultan Alonto shall be the Ginipukan-Balatin River.

This amends accordingly Executive Order No. 108, dated October 1, 1964.

Done in the City of Manila, this 2nd day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JUAN S. CANCIO*Acting Assistant Executive Secretary*Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(3), 242-243.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 133TRANSFERRING THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF BURGOS IN
THE PROVINCE OF ILOCOS SUR FROM ITS PRESENT SITE AT THE BARRIO OF LUNA TO
THE BARRIO OF BATO, SAME MUNICIPALITY

Pursuant to the provisions of section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code and in the interest of public welfare, the seat of government of the municipality of Burgos, province of Ilocos Sur, is hereby transferred from its present site at the barrio of Luna to the barrio of Bato, same municipality.

This transfer of the seat of government of the municipality of Burgos as proposed in House Bill No. 2411 was approved by the House of Representatives.

Done in the City of Manila, this 3rd day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JUAN S. CANCIO*Acting Assistant Executive Secretary***Source: Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(3), 243.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 134
CREATING THE PHILIPPINE NATIONAL VOLUNTEER SERVICE COMMITTEE

WHEREAS, the Philippines, as a member of the International Secretariat for Volunteer Service (ISVS), is aware that economic progress could be stimulated through economic cooperation;

WHEREAS, in order to gain the maximum benefits afforded by the ISVS, the Philippines has to coordinate with the international body; and

WHEREAS, to make coordination with the ISVS more effective, there is a need for creating a national body to act as liaison between the international body and Philippine Government Agencies;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create the Philippine National Volunteer Service Committee which shall act as the national liaison with the ISVS, recommend appropriate measures for promoting economic cooperation through participation in ISVS programs and coordinate with community development organizations in planning and carrying out activities supporting ISVS economic development programs.

The Philippine National Volunteer Service Committee shall be composed of a Chairman and an Executive Secretary from the Department of Foreign Affairs and a representative each from the Department of Labor, the Department of Health, the Department of Education, the Department of Agriculture and Natural Resources, the Department of Public Works and Communications, the National Economic Council, and the Office of the Presidential Assistant on Community Development, to be designated by the respective office heads.

The Chairman is hereby authorized to call upon any officer or employee of any department, bureau, or agency of the Government for such assistance as may be needed by the committee for the proper discharge of its functions.

Done in the City of Manila, this 17th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(3), 244.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 135
FURTHER AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 36, SERIES OF 1963, CREATING THE
LOANS AND INVESTMENT COUNCIL

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby further amend Paragraph 1 of Executive Order No. 36, dated March 19, 1963, as amended by Executive Order No. 45, dated August 19, 1963, creating the Loans and Investment Council to read as follows:

“1. The Council shall have the following composition:

Secretary of Finance	Chairman
Secretary of Commerce and Industry	Member
Chairman, National Economic Council	Member
Director-General, Program Implementation Agency	Member
Governor of the Central Bank	Member
Chairman of the Development Bank of the Philippines	Member
President of the Philippine National Bank	Member
General Manager of the Government Service Insurance System	Member
Administrator of the Social Security System	Member
Chairman of the Reparations Commission	Member
General Manager of the National Investment and Development Corporation	Member

Done in the City of Manila, this 24th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-four.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Secretary of Justice
concurrently
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1964). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(5), 481.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 136

**AUTHORIZING THE IMPORTATION OF RICE AND DESIGNATING THE RICE AND
CORN ADMINISTRATION AS THE GOVERNMENT AGENCY TO UNDERTAKE SUCH
IMPORTATION PURSUANT TO REPUBLIC ACT NO. 2207**

WHEREAS, the National Economic Council, under its Resolution No. 70(64), dated August 27, 1964, certified to a shortage in the local supply of rice of the quantity therein determined which is of such gravity as to constitute a national emergency;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby authorize the importation of rice in the quantity as determined by the National Economic Council to cover the shortage in the local supply and hereby designate the Rice and Corn Administration (RCA) as the agency of the Government to undertake said importation, pursuant to the provisions of Republic Act No. 2207.

The RCA is hereby empowered to conduct the necessary public bidding in accordance with the aforecited law, to execute contracts for the importation of rice on straight sales basis, to apply for and open the necessary letters of credit for the Government in coordination with other government offices and agencies, and to do such other acts and things as may be necessary in connection with said importation of rice.

Done in the City of Manila, this 5th day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

SALVADOR L. MARINÓ

Secretary of Justice

concurrently

Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(5), 482.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 137

REVISING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 321, DATED JUNE 12, 1950, ENTITLED
“PRESCRIBING THE CODE OF THE NATIONAL FLAG AND THE NATIONAL ANTHEM
OF THE REPUBLIC OF THE PHILIPPINES”

Reverence and respect for the accepted symbols of national solidarity are indicative of true patriotism and love of country. In order to develop and consecrate such sublime virtues and to inculcate in the minds of our people a just pride in their native land, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby prescribe the following rules for the observance of the National Flag and the National Anthem of the Republic of the Philippines:

I. THE NATIONAL FLAG

1. The National Flag alone shall be displayed in all public buildings, official residences, public squares, and institutions of learning every day throughout the year, and shall be raised at sunrise and lowered at sundown. It should be on the mast at the break of day, should remain flying throughout the day but shall not stay flying after the sun has set, except when specially prescribed. The flagstaff must be straight, slightly and gently tapering at the end.

2. The Flag shall be permanently hoisted, day and night, in front of the following: at Malacañang, the official residence of the President of the Philippines; the Congress of the Philippines building; Supreme Court building; at the Rizal Monument in Luneta; and at the Tomb of the Unknown Soldier, Libingan ng mga Bayani.

3. The Flag should never be used to return the salute of any individual or organization. It should never be dipped by way of compliment or salute to or for any person, except when used for exchanging courtesy as an official act between States.

4. The Flag, if flown from a flagpole, should have its blue field on top in time of peace and the red field on top in time of war; if in a hanging position, the blue field should be to the right (left of the observer) in time of peace, and the red field, to the right (left of the observer) in time of war.

5. In hoisting the Flag, it should be raised briskly to the top-end of the flagpole which, if planted on the ground, should be at a prominent place and higher than the roof of the principal building in the compound, or of such height as would give the Flag a commanding position within the compound. If the pole is attached to a building, it should be on top of its roof, and if placed at a window, it must project to an angle pointing upward.

6. When the National Flag is used together with the flag of the Armed Forces or civil organization or with that of another nation, it must always be above or on the right of the other flag. When the

National Flag is displayed in a parade with those of foreign nations, it shall always be in front of the center of the line of the other flags.

7. When the Flag is passing in a parade or in review, the people, if walking, should halt, uncover, stand at attention and salute; if sitting, they should uncover, stand at attention and salute.

8. The Flag shall be displayed on national holidays or special holidays as the President may proclaim not only in all public buildings, official residences, public squares, and institutions of learning but, whenever practicable, also in all private buildings and homes from sunrise to sunset.

9. The public display of foreign flags is prohibited except in foreign diplomatic establishments such as in chanceries, embassies, consulates, or other places authorized by bilateral or international agreement, or in international conferences of which the Philippines is a member, or in national holidays of foreign countries, provided that on such foreign national holidays the foreign flag shall be displayed together with the National Flag, which shall occupy the place of honor, i.e., on the right of the foreign flag, and shall not be smaller than the foreign flag.

10. The Philippine National Flag shall not be hoisted or displayed in front of buildings owned or occupied by alien individuals or corporations except on our national and special holidays or on their national holidays, subject, in the latter case, to the provisions of the next preceding paragraph.

11. When lowering the Flag, no part thereof should touch the ground. It should be handled and folded reverently. While the Flag is being raised or lowered and while the National Anthem is being played, the people should face the Flag, uncover, stand at attention and salute. Moving vehicles should stop, and the passengers should alight, uncover, stand at attention and salute.

12. The Flag may be hoisted at half-mast in sign of mourning. To display the Flag at half-mast, it must first be hoisted to full-mast, allowing it to fly there for a moment before bringing it to half-mast. From this position it may be raised but not lowered. To lower the Flag at sunset or at any other time when ordered, it must again be hoisted to full-mast before bringing it down. The Flag may be hoisted at half-mast by authority of the President in cases of national mourning or on such other occasions as he may designate, or at the discretion of Department Heads or chief local officials in accordance with the regulations prescribed in Executive Order No. 166, dated October 8, 1938, as amended.

13. The Flag shall never be festooned, and shall always hang with nothing to cover its surface. It shall always occupy the highest place of honor and shall not be placed under any picture, or below a person.

14. The Flag shall never be used as a staff or whip, or covering for tables, or curtain for doorways. However, the Flag may be used by the Armed Forces to cover the casket of their honored dead, which includes deceased civilians who had rendered services in the Army, Navy, or civil office of great responsibility. The white triangle of the sun and stars will cover the head end of the casket, the blue stripe to the right, the red to the left of the deceased, with both colors evenly divided on each side of the casket. The Flag should never be lowered to the grave or allowed to touch the ground, except as authorized under Republic Act No. 3934. Wreaths of flowers should not be placed on top of a flag-shrouded casket. A cross may be placed over the Flag as a symbol of "God above Country."

15. No imprint shall be made on the Flag nor shall it be marred by advertisement, or in any manner desecrated. It shall not be worn as a whole or part of a costume. It shall not be used as a pennant in the hood or in any part of a motor vehicle except in celebration of any national or special holiday as the President may designate.

16. It is inappropriate to use the Flag in a dancing pavilion or in any place where hilarity is prevailing. Its use inside or outside a cockpit, club, or other places where gambling or other vices are held is prohibited.

17. The National Flag shall never be used as a covering for a statue or monument nor should it be used to unveil the same.

18. A National Flag worn out through wear and tear, should not be thrown on a garbage heap or used as rag. It should be reverently burned to avoid misuse or desecration thereof. Government offices and educational institutions must not display worn-out or tattered flags. They should replace the same immediately.

II. THE NATIONAL ANTHEM

1. The National Anthem should not be played except on public acts of official or semi-official character or in formal ceremonies of civic nature. People in the immediate vicinity, if outdoors, should face the band, uncover and stand at attention.

2. Whenever a band is present during the lowering of the Flag, the National Anthem should be played by the band. The Flag should be lowered slowly in such a manner that the termination of the lowering coincides with the last note of the music. Anyone present should face the Flag and stand at attention as hereinafter prescribed in this Order. If the National Anthem is played indoors, everyone present should stand at attention and face the band.

3. The National Anthem should not be played and sung for mere recreation, amusement, or entertainment purposes in social gatherings purely private in nature or at political partisan meetings or places of hilarious or vicious amusement. It should, however, be sung in schools so the children may know it by heart.

4. The National Anthem should always be sung in Filipino, whether here or abroad.

III. MANNER OF SALUTING

1. Members of the Armed Forces of the country and those belonging to semi-military and police organizations in uniform should adopt the military salute provided in their regulations.

2. Civilians if outdoors should stand at attention, and if wearing hats, should uncover and hold the hats over their hearts. Complete silence must be observed and no one should be allowed to walk around while the ceremony is going on.

Done in the City of Manila, this 7th day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Secretary of Justice
concurrently
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(5), 483-485.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 138
CREATING THE COMMITTEE ON WOOD INDUSTRIES DEVELOPMENT UNDER THE
OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT

Pursuant to the authority conferred upon me by law, realizing the need for the nationwide development of the wood industry as an important factor in the economic program of the country, and in view of the rapid and expansion growth that the wood industry is capable of attaining, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby create the Committee on Wood Industries Development under the Office of the President.

1. The Committee shall have the following functions and responsibilities:

(a) As a deliberative body concerned with the problems of the entire wood industries, to study, discuss, and objectify current situations confronting the industry;

(b) As recommendatory council representing the interests of the industry, to draft and submit concrete recommendations to the President concerning policies and action programs which affect the industry;

(c) As a planning committee concerned mainly with the future requirements for the sustained growth of the industry, to conduct researches and market development programs designed to accomplish the objectives of growth in the wood industries; and

(d) As an implementing body geared toward the proper execution and management of policies and action programs approved and proclaimed by the President, to harness available potential resources from both government and private sectors for the development of the industry.

2. The Committee shall be composed of eleven members:

Chairman	Rufino G. Hechanova
	<i>Secretary of Finance</i>

Other Members:

a. President, Philippine Chamber of Wood Industries	Gaudencio S. Mañalac
b. Vice-President, Philippine Lumber Producers Association	Nicolas Capistrano
c. President, Plywood Manufacturers Association of the Philippines	Aurelio Lagman
d. President, Cagayan Exporters & Producers Association (Northern Luzon)	David M. Puzon
e. Vice-President for Western Mindanao, Philippine Chamber of Wood Industries	Teodoro C. Araneta
f. Director of Forestry	Apolonio F. Rivera

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- | | |
|---|-----------------|
| g. Director, Forest Products Research Institute | Manuel Monsalud |
| h. Deputy Director General, Program Implementation Agency | Placido C. Mapa |
| i. Executive Director, National Economic Council | Rizalino Pablo |
| j. Administrator, Reforestation Administration | Jose E. Viado |

3. The committee shall be headed by its chairman who shall be the executive officer of the committee, and will be empowered to appoint such persons or entities and to issue such rules and regulations for the purposes of assisting him in the discharge of his duties and responsibilities and of implementing the objectives and programs of the committee.

4. The chairman is also authorized to call directly upon any department, bureau, or office of the executive branch of the government or upon any government-owned or controlled entity or agency for such assistance as the committee may need and, subject to the approval of the President, to requisition or utilize and make use of the service of their personnel.

Done in the City of Manila, Philippines, this 8th day of January, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

SALVADOR L. MARIÑO

Secretary of Justice

concurrently

Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*. 61(5), 486-487.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 139
CREATING A NATIONAL COMMITTEE ON THE SAFE TRANSPORT OF
RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS

WHEREAS, it is necessary, in connection with the program for the peaceful uses of atomic energy in the Philippines, to regulate the shipment of radioactive materials in the interests of personal health and safety; and

WHEREAS, it is deemed propitious at this time to adopt national rules and regulations governing the safe carriage of radioactive materials on land, sea and air in view of the increasing number of users of radioactive materials in the Philippines and the expected widespread application of atomic energy with the commencement of operations of the nuclear reactor at the Philippine Atomic Research Center.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create a National Committee on the Safe Transport of Radioactive Materials to be composed of the following:

The Commissioner, Philippine Atomic Energy Commission, or his duly authorized representative	Chairman
The General Manager, Philippine National Railways, or his duly authorized Representative	Member
The Administrator, Civil Aeronautics Administration, or his duly authorized representative	Member
The Commissioner, Bureau of Customs, or his duly authorized representative	Member
The Postmaster General, or his duly authorized representative	Member
The Commissioner, Land Transportation Commission, or his duly authorized representative	Member
The Commissioner, Public Service Commission, or his duly authorized representative	Member

The Committee shall assist the Philippine Atomic Energy Commission in preparing rules and regulations for the safe transport of radioactive materials and shall study the manner by which these rules and regulations may be most effectively enforced within the framework of existing law. In addition, the Committee shall serve as advisor to the Philippine Atomic Energy Commission in matters affecting the shipment, transport and carriage by land, sea, or air of radioactive materials.

The Committee is hereby authorized to call upon any department, bureau, office, agency or instrumentality of the Government, including government-owned or controlled corporations, for such assistance and information as it may need in the performance of its functions.

Done in the City of Manila, this 22nd day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(12), 1635-1636.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 140
DEFINING AND FIXING THE BOUNDARIES OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF GLORIA IN THE
PROVINCE OF ORIENTAL MINDORO

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, the boundaries of the municipality of Gloria in the province of Oriental Mindoro are hereby defined and fixed as follows:

“From point 1, edge of the mouth of Quinabigan River at the shoreline, goes southward along the shoreline to the mouth of Aagsalin River, former common boundary point of the municipalities of Pinamalayan and Bansud which is point 2 on plan; thence S. 86–30 W. 29,625 M. to point 3, common municipal boundary line of Pinamalayan and Bansud, passing thru Aagsalin River Bridge at Km. 85.200; thence due North 5,645 M. to point 4, common provincial boundary line of Oriental and Occidental Mindoro; thence N. 68–55 E. 20,625 M. to point 5; thence N. 85–30 E. 6,000 M. to point 6; thence N. 59–00 E. 937.50 M. to point 7; thence S. 86–30 E. 3,790 M. passing thru Quinabigan Bridge at Km. 72.900 to the point of beginning.” (From the technical description prepared and submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Oriental Mindoro.)

Done in the City of Manila, this 25th day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(12), 1636.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 141

AMENDING SECTION 15 OF EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 135, DATED MAY 4, 1948,
ENTITLED “REGULATING THE ESTABLISHMENT, MAINTENANCE AND OPERATION
OF FRONTONS AND BASQUE PELOTA GAMES (JAI-ALAI)”

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby amend Section 15 of Executive Order No. 135, dated May 4, 1948, to read as follows:

“Sec. 15. Pelotaris, judges, referees, etc. shall be licensed.—No person or entity operating a basque pelota fronton, wherein games are played with betting, shall employ any pelotari, judge, or referee, superintendent of games (intendente), box office employees, cashiers, ticket takers, checkers, consolidators, sales clerks, supervisors and superintendents, ushers, doormen, gatekeepers, special policemen, security guards or any other official or employee whose duties are directly or indirectly connected with the operation or supervision of the games, unless such person has been duly licensed by the Games and Amusements Board. Such license shall be granted upon satisfactory proof that the applicant is in good health, knows the rules and usages of the game, and is a person of good moral character and undoubted honesty. In the case of pelotaris, such license shall be granted only upon the further condition that they are able to play the game with reasonable skill and with safety to themselves and to their opponents. The Games Amusements Board may further require other reasonable qualifications for applicants to a license not otherwise provided herein. Such license shall be obtained yearly.”

The herein amendment to Section 15 of said Executive Order No. 135 shall take effect on January 1, 1965.

Done in the City of Manila, this 26th day of February, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(12), 1637.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 142

OPENING THE PORT OF CATBALOGAN, SAMAR, AS A SUBPORT OF ENTRY WITHIN THE
COLLECTION DISTRICT OF THE PORT OF SAN JOSE, SAMAR.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 702 of Republic Act No. 1937, and upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Finance, the Port of Catbalogan, Samar, is hereby created, opened and established as a subport of entry within the collection district of the Port of San Jose, Samar.

Done in the City of Manila, this 2nd day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(12), 2145.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 143
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF KIBLAWAN IN THE PROVINCE OF DAVAO

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Davao a municipality to be known as Kiblawan to consist of the barrios and sitios of Bagumbayan, Paitan, Kiblawan, Kibungbung, Manual, New Sibonga, Maraga-a, Ihan, Bunot, Latian, Balasiao, Apik, Dapok, Guminom, Gogon-Bakaka, Pukaliil, Gucamlot, Pulatana and Daan-Mali, all of the municipality of Sulop with the seat of government at the barrio of kiblawan.

The municipality of Sulop shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Kiblawan.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 4443 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Kiblawan shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Sulop after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Kiblawan, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 5th day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(12), 1638.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 144

AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 83, DATED MAY 18, 1964, ENTITLED “REQUIRING ALL DEPARTMENTS, BUREAUS, OFFICES, AGENCIES, INSTRUMENTALITIES AND POLITICAL SUBDIVISIONS OF THE GOVERNMENT, INCLUDING THE CORPORATIONS OWNED AND CONTROLLED BY THE GOVERNMENT, THE ARMED FORCES, GOVERNMENT HOSPITALS, AND PUBLIC EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS TO BUY THROUGH PUBLIC BIDDING FROM LOCAL TEXTILE MILLS, WHENEVER AVAILABLE, ALL THEIR REQUIREMENTS FOR CLOTHING MATERIALS”

In order to develop the ramie industry, encourage the establishment of textile mills dependent on local sources of raw materials, and promote the cooperative movement, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby amend Executive Order No. 83 dated May 18, 1964, by adding thereto a new paragraph to read as follows:

“3. This Order shall not apply to requisitions for ramie materials and/or blends thereof, which may be purchased directly from duly organized Philippine entities engaged in the production and processing of ramie.”

Done in the City of Manila, this 6th day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(12), 1639.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 145
FIXING OFFICE HOURS DURING THE HOT SEASON

WHEREAS, Section 564 of the Revised Administrative Code, as amended by Republic Act No. 1880, reduces the period of labor in the government service during the hot season to five continuous hours but at the same time leaves the observance thereof to the discretion of heads of departments, bureaus and offices subject to the requirements of the service; and

WHEREAS, This Administration is determined to protect the health and welfare of government employees without, however, impairing the interest of the public at large, especially at this time when we are strengthening the foundations of a sound and efficient public service;

NOW, THEREFORE, pursuant to the provisions of Section 564 of the Revised Administrative Code, as amended, the office hours from Monday to Friday of all departments, bureaus, offices, agencies and instrumentalities of the Government, including the provincial, city and municipal governments and all corporations owned or controlled by the Government, during the period from April 1 to June 15, 1965, both dates inclusive, shall be from seven-thirty o'clock in the morning to twelve-thirty o'clock in the afternoon. The provisions of this Order shall not apply to the offices in the City of Baguio, whether national, provincial or municipal.

However, in the interest of the service, the heads of departments, bureaus, offices, agencies and instrumentalities of the Government, including the provincial and municipal governments and all corporations owned or controlled by the Government, are enjoined to require at least one-half of their personnel to be on duty in the afternoon.

Done in the City of Manila, this 20th day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(12), 2145.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 146

ENJOINING ALL OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES OF THE EXECUTIVE BRANCH OF THE
GOVERNMENT TO COOPERATE IN THE DRIVE AGAINST SMUGGLED PRODUCTS AND TO
DESIST FROM BUYING, POSSESSING OR USING THEM AND APPEALING TO THE PUBLIC
FOR COOPERATION

WHEREAS, for some years now, there have been rampant smuggling and illicit tracking in smuggled products such as “blue seal” and PX cigarettes;

WHEREAS, the smuggling and traffic in smuggled products could not long continue if our people voluntarily desisted from purchasing, possessing or using smuggled products such as “blue seal” and PX cigarettes;

WHEREAS, the smuggling and traffic in smuggled products have deprived the Government of millions of pesos in lawful revenue and, in the case of “blue seal” and PX cigarettes, have caused tremendous losses to Filipino tobacco growers and cigarette manufacturers;

WHEREAS, in addition, the traffic in smuggled products has produced the even more serious effect of breeding in our people, particularly the young, a disrespect for law; and

WHEREAS, Republic Act No. 4097, amending Section 174 of the National Internal Revenue Code, as amended, penalizes by fine of not less than ten times the amount of the specific tax due on the articles found but not less than ₱200 nor more than ₱5,000 and by imprisonment of from 4 months and 1 day to 4 years and 2 months possession by a person of articles subject to specific tax which has not been paid in accordance with law or articles which are exempt from specific tax other than those to whom the same is lawfully issued.

NOW, THEREFORE, I, DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby enjoin all officers and employees of the Executive Branch of the Government to cooperate to the fullest extent in the current drive against the flagrant and unabated smuggling and sale of smuggled products such as “blue seal” and PX cigarettes, and especially to desist from buying, possessing or using smuggled products such as “blue seal” and PX cigarettes, thereby setting an example of respect and obedience to law for the general public.

Any violation of this order by any such officer or employee shall be a ground for the taking of administrative action against him and the imposition of severe penalty.

I appeal to the general public to cooperate in this campaign against smuggling of goods by desisting from buying, possessing or using “blue seal” and PX cigarettes, the same being pernicious to the national economy and to the people’s general welfare.

This supersedes Executive Order No. 7 dated March 22, 1962.

Done in the City of Manila, this 20th day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *[Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 147
DECLARING CERTAIN MUNICIPAL DISTRICTS IN THE PROVINCE OF AGUSAN AS
MUNICIPALITIES

By operation of the provisions of Section Two of Republic Act Numbered fifteen hundred and fifteen, the municipal districts of La Paz, Loreto, Sta. Josefa and Varuela, all in the province of Agusan, each having realized an average annual income of more than four thousand pesos during the four consecutive fiscal years ended June 30, 1964, are hereby declared and considered fifth class (equivalent to seventh class pursuant to Republic Act No. 2368) municipalities effective as of July 1, 1964.

The present elective officials of the municipal districts being declared herein as municipalities shall continue to hold their respective corresponding municipal offices until their successors shall have been elected in the next general elections for local officials and shall have qualified.

Done in the City of Manila, this 31st day of March, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(19), 2767.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 148
OPENING THE PORT OF BASILAN, AS A SUBPORT OF ENTRY WITHIN THE COLLECTION
DISTRICT OF THE PORT OF ZAMBOANGA.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 702 of Republic Act No. 1937, and upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Finance, the Port of Basilan is hereby created, opened and established as a subport of entry within the collection district of the Port of Zamboanga.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(18), 2613.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 149

OPENING THE PORT OF SAN VICENTE, STA. ANA, CAGAYAN, AS A SUBPORT OF ENTRY
WITHIN THE COLLECTION DISTRICT OF THE PORT OF APPARI.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 702 of Republic Act No. 1937, and upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Finance, the Port of San Vicente, Sta. Ana, Cagayan, is hereby created, opened and established as a subport of entry within the collection district of the Port of Appari, Cagayan.

Done in the City of Manila, this 1st day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(18), 2613.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 150
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 76 DATED MAY 19, 1964, ENTITLED
“CREATING THE COMMITTEE ON NON-MEMBER AGENCIES FOR LAND REFORM.”

Paragraph 5 of Executive Order No. 76 dated May 19, 1964, is hereby amended to read as follows:

“The Committee shall be composed of the heads of the following agencies:

1. The Bureau of Animal Industry
2. The Bureau of Plant Industry
3. The Bureau of Soils
4. The Bureau of Lands
5. The Bureau of Forestry
6. The Bureau of Agricultural Economics
7. The Fisheries Commission
8. The Land Registration Commission
9. The National Irrigation Administration
10. The Presidential Assistant on Community Development
11. The Irrigation Service Unit (DPWC)
12. Philippine Constabulary.”

Done in the City of Manila, this 4th day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(18), 2614.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 151
REVISING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 26 DATED DECEMBER 11, 1962, ENTITLED
“REORGANIZING THE LIGHTHOUSE BOARD.”

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby amend Executive Order No. 26 dated December 11, 1962, which reorganized the Lighthouse Board, by including the President of the Filipino Shipowners Association, or his representative, and the President of the United Harbor Pilots’ Association of the Philippines, Inc., or his representative, as members thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 4th day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(18), 2615.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 152
CREATING THE COMMITTEE ON PHILIPPINE PETROLEUM EXPLORATION INDUSTRY.

In view of the vital importance and the necessity of exploring untapped petroleum resources in the Philippines and developing those resources already explored and the key role of the petroleum industry in the economic development of the country, I, DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create the Committee on Philippine Petroleum Exploration Industry under the Office of the President.

1. The Committee shall have the following functions and responsibilities;

- a. To study and explore the current difficulties of the petroleum industry as to financing, technical assistance, exploration and related problems;
- b. To review legislation affecting the industry with a view to giving it the needed incentives and removing all hindrances which retard its development;
- c. To study the feasibility of attracting fresh capital investments to the industry; and
- d. To study other problems of the national economy having a bearing on the petroleum industry and to propose remedies for their solution.

2. The Committee shall be composed of the following:

Hon. Rufino G. Hechanova, Secretary of Finance	Chairman
Mr. Daniel Me. Gomez, President of the Philippine Petroleum Association and Vice-President of Philippine Oil Development Co. Inc.,	Member
Mr. Jose D. Calderon, President of Maremco Mineral Corporation and Chairman of the Board of Directors of the Philippine Petroleum Association	Member
Mr. Jesus S. Cabarrus, President of Acoje Oil Exploration and Drilling Co., Inc.	Member
Mr. Leonides S. Virata, President of American Asiatic Oil Corporation	Member
Mr. E. Conrad Gesslin, First Vice-President and Treasurer of White Eagle Overseas Oil Co., Inc.	Member
Mr. Fernando Busuego, Director of Mines	Member
A representative of the Program Implementation Agency	Member
A representative of the National Economic Council	Member
A representative of the Development Bank of the Philippines. (To be designated by the Board of Governors)	Member

A representative of the Central Bank of the Philippines. (To be designated by the
Monetary Board.) Member
A representative of the Department of Commerce and Industry Member

3. The Chairman shall be the executive officer of the Committee and shall be empowered to appoint such persons or entities and to issue such rules and regulations as may be necessary for the purpose of assisting him in the discharge of his duties and responsibilities and of implementing the objectives and programs of the Committee.

4. The Chairman is also authorized to call directly upon any department, bureau, or office of the executive branch of the government or upon any government-owned or controlled corporation or agency for such assistance as the Committee may need and, subject to the approval of the President, to requisition or utilize and make use of the services of their personnel.

Done in the City of Manila, this 8th day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *[Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 153
EXTENDING THE PROHIBITION TO SLAUGHTER CARABAOS UP TO DECEMBER 31, 1965

In order to carry out effectively the provisions of Republic Act No. 11 and to conserve our work animals for agricultural purposes, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby order:

1. The prohibition to slaughter carabaos under Executive Order No. 81 dated April 20, 1964, is hereby extended up to December 31, 1965.

2. Permits to slaughter carabaos may be issued by the Provincial Commander, subject to the following conditions:

- (a) That the carabao is fifteen (15) years old or over;
- (b) That the carabao is unfit for work;
- (c) That the carabao must be inspected by the Provincial Veterinarian and the Provincial Commander or their authorized representatives;
- (d) That the Provincial Veterinarian and the Provincial Commander shall make a joint certification that the carabao is 15 years old or over and unfit for work; and
- (e) That all carabaos permitted for slaughter within Manila and Suburbs shall only be slaughtered at the National Slaughterhouse of the Government located at Valenzuela, Bulacan.

3. In every case where permit to slaughter carabao is issued, the Provincial Commander shall furnish the Office of the President copies of the pertinent papers.

Done in the City of Manila, this 12th day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(19), 2767.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 154

FURTHER AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 72, DATED DECEMBER 3, 1936,
AS AMENDED BY EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 383, DATED MARCH 11, 1963,
ESTABLISHING A CLASSIFICATION OF PORTS.

Executive Order No. 72, dated December 3, 1936, as amended, is hereby further amended so as to declare the Municipal Port of Toledo as a National Port open to coastwise trade in lieu of the Port of Sangi, Toledo.

Done in the City of Manila, this 26th day of April, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(18), 2615.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 155
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 153, DATED APRIL 12, 1965,
ON THE SLAUGHTER OF CARABAOS.

Pursuant to the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby amend Executive Order No. 153, dated April 12, 1965, by deleting therefrom subparagraph (e) of paragraph 2, which reads as follows:

“(e) That all carabaos permitted for slaughter within Manila and Suburbs shall only be slaughtered at the National Slaughterhouse of the Government located at Valenzuela, Bulacan.”

In all other respects said executive order shall be in full force and effect.

Done in the City of Manila, this 10th day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(21), 3081.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 156

TRANSFERRING THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF DINAIG IN THE PROVINCE OF COTABATO FROM ITS PRESENT SITE AT THE BARRIO OF CAPITON TO THE BARRIO OF DALICAN, SAME MUNICIPALITY.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code and in the interest of public welfare, the seat of government of the municipality of Dinaig, province of Cotabato, is hereby transferred from its present site at the barrio of Capiton to the barrio of Dalican, same municipality.

Done in the City of Manila, this 27th day of May, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(25), 3901.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 157
DECLARING THE MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF JIPAPAD IN THE PROVINCE OF SAMAR
AS A MUNICIPALITY.

By operation of the provisions of Section two of Republic Act Numbered fifteen hundred and fifteen, the municipal district of Jipapad in the province of Samar, having realized an average annual income of more than four thousand pesos during the four consecutive fiscal years ended June 30, 1964, is hereby declared as fifth class (equivalent to seventh class pursuant to Republic Act No. 2368) municipality effective as of July 1, 1964.

The present elective officials of the municipal district being declared herein as a municipality shall continue to hold their respective corresponding municipal offices until their successors shall have been elected in the next general elections for local officials and shall have qualified.

Done in the City Manila, this 16th day of July, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JUAN S. CANCIO

Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(32), 4819.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 158

REVOKING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 375, ISSUED ON FEBRUARY 9, 1960, ENTITLED,
“TRANSFERRING THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF MILAGROS,
PROVINCE OF MASBATE, FROM THE PRESENT SITE AT THE POBLACION TO THE
SITIO OF BONBON, SAME MUNICIPALITY.

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by law, and in the interest of public welfare, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby revoke Executive Order numbered three hundred and seventy five, issued on February 9, 1960, entitled, “Transferring the seat of government of the Municipality of Milagros, province of Masbate, from its present site at the poblacion to the sitio of Bonbon, same municipality.”

The revocation herein made shall have the effect of returning the seat of government of the Municipality of Milagros from sitio Bonbon to its former site at the poblacion.

Done in the City of Manila, this 24th day of July, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(34), 5169.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 159
CREATING THE BICOL DEVELOPMENT PLANNING BOARD

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law and with the aim in view of accelerating the economic progress of the Bicol provinces, I, DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL, President of the Philippines, do hereby create a Bicol Development Planning Board which shall conduct scientific and systematic surveys of the assets and potentialities of the Bicol region, plan its development, and pool the resources of the provinces and cities thereof for the implementation of programs to enhance the economic, social, industrial and commercial development and the general welfare of the region and its people.

The Board shall have the following powers and functions:

1. To act as the technical arm of the Bicol provincial and city executives on matters concerning regional planning;
2. To receive, screen and study such matters as may be submitted or referred by the various governmental agencies concerned with the development of the Bicol area;
3. To formulate such guidelines, policies, objectives, requirements or conditions for the effective exercise of the Board in regard to the various development programs, with the end in view of effecting an integrated and systematic coordination of plans and activities in furtherance of the regional socio-economic development program;
4. To make recommendations to the President through the Committee on Regional Planning on any matter concerning Bicol regional planning or affecting the plans and activities thereof;
5. To advise or assist the local planning boards within the region on phases of organization or operation or in any other matter referred to it by such boards;
6. To enlist and accept such technical assistance or financial support as it may deem essential to the proper discharge of its task;
7. To perform such other functions as may be directed by the President.

The Board, in the pursuit of its objectives, shall coordinate with the Committee on Regional Planning created under Administrative Order No. 123 dated May 6, 1965. All expenses necessary for the operations and projects of the Bicol Development Planning Board shall be for the account of the member provinces and cities unless otherwise provided for by law.

The Board shall be composed of the Governors of the Provinces of Albay, Camarines Norte, Camarines Sur, Catanduanes, Masbate and Sorsogon and the Mayors of the Cities of Legaspi and Naga. They shall elect a Chairman and Vice Chairman from among themselves.

All departments, offices, bureaus, agencies, and other government entities shall render assistance to and coordinate with the Bicol Development Planning Board on such matters affecting the development of the Bicol region.

Done in the City of Manila, this 27th day of July, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *[Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 160

OPENING THE PORT OF DADIANGAS, GENERAL SANTOS, COTABATO, AS A SUBPORT OF
ENTRY WITHIN THE COLLECTION DISTRICT OF THE PORT OF DAVAO.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 702 of Republic Act No. 1937, and upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Finance, the Port of Dadiangas, General Santos, Cotabato, is hereby created, opened and established as a subport of entry within the collection district of the Port of Davao.

Done in the City of Manila, this 6th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(38), 5889.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 161
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF DON CARLOS IN THE PROVINCE OF BUKIDNON.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, the barrios of Don Carlos Sur, Don Carlos Norte, Sinangguyan, Minsalagan, Kibatang, Manlamnay, San Isidro, San Nicolas, Bershiba, Bocboc, San Francisco, Calaocalao, Kiara, Kalubihon, Old Nongnongan and other adjacent barrios and sitios, all of the municipality of Maramag, province of Bukidnon, are hereby segregated from said municipality and organized into an independent municipality in said province, to be known as the municipality of Don Carlos with the seat of government at the barrio of Don Carlos Sur.

The municipality of Don Carlos as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“From point 1, on the attached plan, located at the junction of Pulangui and Maramag rivers at longitude 125°-2'-00" E. with latitude 7°-42'-00" N. more or less; thence following through the Maramag river in northwesterly direction towards its upper stream at the head of the waterfall of said river at longitude 125°-1'-00" E. and latitude 7°-43'-00" N. to point 2; thence moving due west to the east side of Sayre Highway, distance of 700 meters to point 3; thence moving in the same direction to the opposite of said Highway a distance of 60 meters to point 4; thence moving due west toward the east bank of the Mulita river at longitude 124°-55'-10" E. and latitude 7°-42'-50" N. a distance of 9 kilometers and 430 meters more or less to point 5; thence moving in the same course to the opposite side of same river a distance of 70 meters; thence moving due west until it reaches the east bank of Kidanguin river at longitude 124°-49'-00" E. and latitude 7°-42'-50" N. a distance of 10 kilometers point 7; thence moving in southerly direction following the center of said river towards the lower stream at longitude 124°-51'-00" E. and latitude 7°-38'-00" N. more or less point 8; thence moving due east passing through the northmost and highest Peak of Rauban Hill located on the west of Bocboc marsh to the west bank of Mulita river at longitude 124°-56'-00" E. and latitude 7°-38'-00" N. distance of 10 kilometers and 150 meters to point 9; thence following the center of said river in northeasterly direction toward the upper stream until it reaches the junction of Kitaotao creek and Mulita river otherwise known as M.B.M. No. 1 of Pls. #112 equivalent to point 10; thence following through the center of Kitaotao creek toward the upper stream until it reaches the Sayre Highway at M.B.M. No. 3 of Pls. #112, as point 12; thence moving due east toward the west bank of the Pulangui river at longitude 125°-31'-00" E. with latitude 7°-39'-00" N. more or less to point 13; thence following through the center of the Pulangui river moving upper stream to point 1, point of beginning, containing an entire area of 18,450 hectares,

more or less. (Based on the technical description furnished by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Bukidnon of the sketch plan or map of the proposed municipality of Don Carlos prepared by the said Office and on file in this Office, Scale: 1:50,000).

The municipality of Maramag shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof included in the municipality of Don Carlos, as delimited above.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 9010 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Don Carlos shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Maramag after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Don Carlos, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 17th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *[Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 162

“MODIFYING THE RATES OF IMPORT DUTY OF CERTAIN IMPORTED
ARTICLES AS PROVIDED UNDER REPUBLIC ACT NUMBERED NINETEEN
HUNDRED THIRTY-SEVEN, OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE TARIFF AND
CUSTOMS CODE OF THE PHILIPPINES AS AMENDED”

Pursuant to the powers vested in me by Section 401 of Republic Act Number Nineteen Hundred Thirty-Seven, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby direct and order:

SECTION 1. The articles specifically listed hereunder as classified under Section 104 of Republic Act Number Nineteen Hundred Thirty-Seven shall pay the following rates of import duty:

Tariff Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of Duty
15.07	Fixed vegetable oils, fluid or solid, crude, refined or purified:	
	A. Crude:	
	1. *****	
	2. *****	
	3. Tung and oiticica oil ad val. 20%	
	4. Other ad val. 35%	
	B. Refined or purified:	
	1. *****	
	2. Tung and oiticica oil ad val. 35%	
	3. Other ad val. 70%	
24.02	Manufactured tobacco; tobacco extracts and andessences:	
	A. *****	
	B. *****	
	C. *****	
	D. Cigarettes of all kinds n.w., kg. ₱10.00	
	and adval. 50%	
	E. *****	
	F. *****	
32.09	Varnished, lacquers and lacquer enamels: other paints and enamels; distempers, water pigments of the kind used for finishing leathers, pigments in linsed oil, white spirit, of turpentine, varnish or other paint or enamel media; prepared dyes in forms or packings of of a kind sold by retail; STAMPING FOIL:	

Tariff Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of Duty
	A. * * * * *	
	B. Aluminum paste; water pigments of a kind used for finishing leather	ad val. 75%
	C. Other	ad val. 100%
33.01	Essential oils (Terpeneless or not); concretes and absolutes; residnoids:	
	A. Lime oil and lemon oil	ad val. 25%
	B. Other	ad val. 50%
37.01	Plates, sensitized, unexposed, of glass or other materials (including film in the flat):	
	A. * * * * *	
	B. Other	ad val. 15%
47.02	Waste paper (including old and out of date newspapers and periodicals) and paperboard; scrap articles of paper or of paperboard, fit only for use in papermaking	ad val. 15%
48.15	Other paper and paperboard, cut to size or shape:	
	A. Paper:	
	1. * * * * *	
	2. * * * * *	
	3. * * * * *	
	4. * * * * *	
	5. Filter paper	ad val. 25%
	6. Other	ad val. 45%
	B. Paperboard:	
	1. Filterboard	1.w., kg. ₱0.10 and ad val. 50%
	2. Other	1.w., kg. ₱0.15 and ad val. 75%
	C. * * * * *	
58.05	Narrow woven fabrics, and narrow fabrics (boldoc) consisting of warp without weft, assembled by means of an edhesive, other than articles falling within heading No. 58.06;	
	A. Narrow woven fabrics of the kind being processed into inked ribbons for typewriters and similar machines	ad val. 30%
	B. Other	ad val. 60%
58.08	Tulle and other net fabrics (but not including woven, knitted or crocheted fabrics), plain:	
	A. Knotted net fabric for fishing nets:	
	1. Of cotton	ad val. 50%
	2. Of staple type man-made textiles	ad val. 60%
	3. Other	ad val. 35%
	B. Other:	
	1. Of cotton, other vegetable textiles or rayon	ad val. 50%
	2. Of synthetic or of other artificial textile	ad val. 60%
	3. Other	ad val. 70%
65.06	Other headgear, trimmed or not:	
	A. * * * * *	
	B. Other:	
	1. For welders and other safety headgear	ad val. 40%
	2. Other	ad val. 50%

Tariff	Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of Duty
	70.10	Glass carboys, bottles, demijohns, jars, pots, tubular containers and similar containers of a kind used for the packing and other closures, of glass: A. * * * * *	
		B. Opal glass containers	ad val. 10%
		C. Other: 1. Bottles and vials for antibiotics, serums and other injectibles	ad val. 20%
		2. Other	ad val. 40%
	73.40	Other articles of iron or steel: A. * * * * *	
		B. Grinding balls and rods and industrial belt lacings	ad val. 15%
		C. Other:	ad val. 25%
	84.29	Machinery of a kind used in the bread grain milling industry and other machinery for the working of cereals or leguminous vegetables: A. * * * * *	
		B. Rubber roller-type rice huller and parts thereof	ad val. 20%
		C. Other:	ad val. 10%
	87.02	Motor vehicles for the transport of persons or articles; sports motor vehicles: A. Jeeps, vans, trucks and buses: 1. Diesel or semi-diesel	ad val. 15%
		2. Other	ad val. 20%
		B. * * * * *	
		C. * * * * *	
		D. * * * * *	
	92.03	Pipe and reed organ, including harmoniums and the like but excluding mouth organs	ad val. 20%
	92.04	Accordions, concertinas and similar musical instruments; mouth organs: A. Harmonicas	ad val. 25%
		B. Other	ad val. 20%
	92.05	Other wind musical instruments	ad val. 20%
	92.07	Electromagnetic, electrostatic, electronic and similar musical instruments (e.g., pianos, organs and accordions)	ad val. 20%
	92.10	Parts and accessories of musical instruments (other than strings), including mechanisms for musical boxes and perforated music rolls; metronomes, tuning forks and pitch pipes of all kinds: A. * * * * *	
		B. Parts and accessories of guitars, ukeleles, violins, drums, cymbals, wind and brass instruments (e.g., machineheads, pegs, picks, tailpieces, bows, floor stand, holder, pedals, wire brush, drumheads, drum sticks, snare strands, muffler, pickups, reeds and mouthpieces)	ad val. 10%
		C. Other	ad val. 15%
	95.08	Molded or carved article of wax, of stearin, of natural gums or natural resins (eg., copal or rosin), or of modeling pastes, and other molded or carved articles, not otherwise provided for worked, unhardened gelatin (except gelatin falling within heading No. 35.03) and articles of unhardened gelatin:	

Tariff		
Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of Duty
A.	Empty gelatin capsules for pharmaceutical products	ad val. 50%
B.	Other	ad val. 100%

SECTION 2. After the expiration of thirty (30) days from the issuance of this Order, all the above described articles entered or withdrawn from warehouse, in the Philippines, for consumption shall be subject to the rates of import duty herein prescribed.

SECTION 3. Any unwarranted increase in the prices of local products benefited by these tariff changes may be sufficient ground for the revocation of such tariff changes.

Done in the City of Manila, this 17th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(41), 6477.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 163
OPENING THE PORT OF TOLEDO CITY, AS A SUBPORT OF ENTRY WITHIN THE
COLLECTION DISTRICT OF THE PORT OF CEBU.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 702 of Republic Act No. 1937, and upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Finance, the Port of Toledo City, is hereby created, opened and established as a subport of entry within the collection district of the Port of Cebu.

Done in the City of Manila, this 18th day of August in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *[Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 164
DECLARING THE MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF TUBO IN THE
PROVINCE OF ABRA AS A MUNICIPALITY.

By operation of the provisions of Section two of Republic Act Numbered fifteen hundred and fifteen, the municipal district of Tubo in the province of Abra, having realized an average annual income of more than four thousand pesos during the four consecutive fiscal years ended June 30, 1964, is hereby declared as fifth class (equivalent to seventh class pursuant to Republic Act No. 2368) municipality effective as of July 1, 1964.

The present elective officials of the municipal district being declared herein as a municipality shall continue to hold their respective corresponding municipal offices until their successors shall have been elected in the next general elections for local officials and shall have qualified.

Done in the City of Manila, this 18th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

JUAN S. CANCIO

Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(40), 6335.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 165
CREATING THE MUNICIPAL ADVISORY HEALTH COUNCIL

For the purpose of effectively preventing and combating the occurrence and recurrence of “Cholera El Tor” and other dangerous communicable disease, especially in localities where the health and sanitary condition are below standard, and to implement health laws in the localities throughout the country, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create the Municipal Advisory Health Council under the direct supervision and control of the Secretary of Health, through the Regional Health Director and the Provincial Health Officer.

The Advisory Health Council shall be composed of the following:

The Municipal Health Officer	Chairman
The District Supervisor or Principal	Member
The President, League of Parents-Teachers Association	Member
The PACD official, if any, in the locality	Member
The Chairman, League of Barrio Councils	Member
The Chairman of the Committee on Health Municipal Council	Member
The Municipal Secretary	Secretary

The Advisory Council shall exercise the powers and duties enumerated in Sections 995 and 996 of the Revised Administrative Code, as amended, and such other duties as may be delegated to it by the Secretary of Health.

All officers concerned are hereby directed to extend their full cooperation to the Council in the discharge of its functions.

The Secretary of Health shall promulgate rules and regulations to carry out the purpose of this Order.

Done in the City of Manila, this 27th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(42), 6336.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 166
DECLARING THE MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF PIAGAPO IN THE PROVINCE OF
LANAO DEL SUR AS A MUNICIPALITY.

By operation of the provisions of Section two of Republic Act Numbered fifteen hundred and fifteen, the municipal district of Piagapo in the Province of Lanao del Sur, having realized an average annual income of more than four thousand pesos during the four consecutive fiscal years ended June 30, 1965, is hereby declared as fifth class (equivalent to seventh class pursuant to Republic Act No. 2368) municipality effective as of July 1, 1965.

The present elective officials of the municipal district being declared herein as a municipality shall continue to hold their respective corresponding municipal offices until their successors shall have been elected in the next general elections for local officials and shall have qualified.

Done in the City of Manila, this 27th day of August, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

(SGD.) **DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL**
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) **JUAN S. CANCIO**
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *[Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 167
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 114, SERIES OF 1964, CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY
OF SIAYAN IN THE PROVINCE OF ZAMBOANGA DEL NORTE.

Pursuant to the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby amend the first paragraph of Executive Order No. 114, series of 1964, to read as follows:

“Pursuant to Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Zamboanga del Norte, a municipality to be known as Siayan Proper, Dinoyak, Pange, Balak, Litolit, Mangilay, Domogok and Paranglumba, all of the municipality of Sindangan, said province, with the seat of government at barrio of Paranglumba.”

Done in the City of Manila, this 2nd day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(44), 6941.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 168

AUTHORIZING THE ESTABLISHMENT OF THE MALIGAYA RICE RESEARCH
AND TRAINING CENTER OF THE PHILIPPINES AT THE MALIGAYA EXPERIMENT
STATION OF THE BUREAU OF PLANT INDUSTRY, DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
AND NATURAL RESOURCES AND DEFINING ITS OBJECTIVES.

In order to strengthen the machinery for increased production of rice through the training of manpower vitally necessary in bridging the gap between technology and the farmers, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby authorize the establishment of the Maligaya Rice Research and Training Center of the Philippines at the Maligaya Experiment Station of the Bureau of Plant Industry, located in the Municipality of Muñoz, Province of Nueva Ecija. The Center shall be administered by the Bureau of Plant Industry and shall utilize the present staff and facilities of the Maligaya Experiment Station for its nucleus.

As its basic responsibility the Center shall undertake an intensified research and training program on the more practical aspects of rice production through the medium of field research, whereby the findings of scientific institutions in the country, public and private alike, are subjected to confirmation on a larger scale, and in the process simultaneously train researchers, production men and extension agents from agencies concerned with rice production, who in turn will disseminate the acquired information to an increasing number of farmers in their respective areas of assignments.

The Center shall have for its initial operation the amount of three hundred thousand pesos authorized under the General Appropriation Act for Fiscal Year 1965–1966.

Done in the City of Manila, this 3rd day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
JUAN S. CANCIO
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(43), 6787.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 169
CREATING THE COCONUT DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE UNDER THE
OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT.

Pursuant to the authority conferred upon me by law, in acknowledgment of the need for the implementation of nationwide development programs for the coconut industry as a potent force in economic development and general social welfare, and in view of the industry's internal capacity for rapid and expansive growth, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby create the Coconut Development Committee under the Office of the President.

1. The Committee shall have the following functions and responsibilities:

(a) As a deliberative body concerned with the problems of the entire coconut industry, to discuss and objectify current situations confronting the industry;

(b) As a recommendatory council representing the interests of the industry, to draft and submit concrete recommendations for implementation by the President or for legislation by Congress concerning policies, action programs and other matters which affect the industry;

(c) As a planning committee concerned mainly with the future requirements for sustained growth of the country, to conduct research and market development programs designed to accomplish the objectives of growth in the coconut industry;

(d) As an implementing body geared toward the proper execution and management of policies and action programs approved and proclaimed by the President, to harness available potential resources, from both government and private sectors for the development of the industry; and

(e) As a coordinating body for all policy, promotional, development, regulatory and research groups directly connected or concerned with the industry, to coordinate, collate, resolve or reconcile the various policies, findings and acts or activities of such groups.

2. The Committee shall be composed of a Chairman, who shall be Mr. Ramon Diaz until another person is designated by the President; a Vice-Chairman, who shall be the representative of the Program Implementation Agency designated by the President; and, as members, a representative each from the following organizations, to be designated by the President upon recommendation of such organizations:

- a. Philippine Coconut Producers Federation;
 - b. Philippine Copra Exporters Association;
 - c. Coconut Manufacturers Association;
-

- d. Philippine Coconut Administration;
- e. Philippine Coconut Research Institute;
- f. Office of Economic Affairs, Department of Foreign Affairs;
- g. Philippine National Bank;
- h. Development Bank of the Philippines;
- i. Central Bank;
- j. National Economic Council

3. The Committee shall be headed by its Chairman who shall be the chief executive officer of the Committee, and will be empowered to appoint such persons or entities and to issue such rules and regulations for the purposes of assisting him in the discharge of his duties and responsibilities and of implementing the objectives and programs of the Committee.

4. The Chairman is also authorized to call directly upon any department, bureau, or office in the executive branch of the government or upon any government-owned or controlled entity or agency for such assistance as the Committee may need, and subject to approval by the President, to requisition for, utilize and make use of, the services of their personnel.

5. The Committee may receive such donations, grants or emoluments as are permitted by law, subject to the usual accounting and auditing requirements.

Done in the City of Manila, this 6th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(44), 6941.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 170
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF SANTIAGO IN THE PROVINCE OF SOUTHERN LEYTE

Upon the recommendation of the Provincial Board of Southern Leyte and pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, the barrios of Bandy, Maslog, Cawayan, Cabascan, Anahawan, Cambito, Maanyag, Carnaga, San Isidro, Punong, Hinapo, Rizal and other adjacent barrios and sitios, all of the municipality of Malitbog, province of Southern Leyte, are hereby segregated from said municipality and organized into an independent municipality in said province, to be known as the municipality of Santiago with the seat of government at the barrio of Bandy.

The municipality of Santiago as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at the mouth of the Canumay Stream on the shoreline in Sogod Bay, marked Point 1; thence, following upstream the Canumay stream until it intersects the municipal boundaries of Malitbog and Matalom, marked Point 2; thence, following the boundaries between the municipalities of Malitbog and Matalom in a northerly direction to the intersection of the municipal boundaries of Malitbog, Matalom and Bontoc, marked Point 3; thence, following the Higosan River downstream to its mouth at the shoreline in Sogod Bay, marked Point 4; thence, following the boundary of the marine waters which this municipality shall have pursuant to Section 2321 of the Revised Administrative Code to Point marked 1, the point of beginning.” (Based on the technical description furnished by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Southern Leyte of the sketch plan or map of the proposed municipality of Santiago prepared by the said Office and on file in this Office, Scale: 1:50,000)

The municipality of Malitbog shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof included in the municipality of Santiago, as delimited above.

The municipality of Santiago shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor, and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of implementing the provisions of the Minimum Wage Law and of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Malitbog, after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Santiago, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 10th day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(44), 7097.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 171

MODIFYING THE RATES OF IMPORT DUTY OF CERTAIN IMPORTED ARTICLES
AS PROVIDED UNDER REPUBLIC ACT NUMBERED NINETEEN HUNDRED THIRTY-SEVEN,
OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE TARIFF AND CUSTOMS CODE OF THE
PHILIPPINES AS AMENDED.

Pursuant to the powers vested in me by Section 401 of Republic Act Numbered Nineteen Hundred Thirty-Seven, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby direct and order:

SECTION 1. The articles specifically listed hereunder as classified under Section 104 of Republic Act Numbered Nineteen Hundred Thirty-Seven shall pay the following rates of import duty:

Tariff Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of Duty
73.13	Sheets and plates of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled:	
	A. Tinplates	
	1. x x x x	
	2. Electrolytic	ad val. 40%
	B. x x x x x x	

SEC. 2. After the expiration of thirty (30) days from the issuance of this Order, all the above-described articles entered or withdrawn from warehouse, in the Philippines, for consumption shall be subject to the rates of import duty herein prescribed.

SEC. 3. Any unwarranted increase in the prices of local products benefited by these tariff changes may be sufficient ground for the revocation of such tariff changes.

Done in the City of Manila, this 22nd day of September, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(44), 6943.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 172
CREATING THE LABOR CODE COMMITTEE

WHEREAS, there has been a long-felt need for coordinating, improving and harmonizing the laws, judicial precedents, administrative policies and regulations involving labor-management relations by the adoption of a progressive and all-encompassing Labor Code, guided by the constitutional mandate for the promotion of social justice and protection of labor; and

WHEREAS, there is also an urgent need for a systematic and realistic adjustment of existing policies and procedures affecting government agencies, labor unions, work standards, employment, regulations, judicial remedies, compensation affecting farm and industrial workers, agrarian lessees and government employees, and consequent remedial legislative measures for the attainment of these objectives;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create a Labor Code Committee to study, examine and harmonize existing labor laws, policies and regulations and submit recommendations for the amendment, revision and codification of labor and social legislation of the Philippines. The Committee shall be composed of the following:

The Presiding Judge of the Court of Industrial Relations	Chairman
Mr. Vicente A. Rafael, President and General Counsel, Philippine Labor Unity Movement; Labor Director, National Apprenticeship Council; Labor Representative L-M Advisory Council	Member
The Executive Judge of the Court of Agrarian Relations	Member
A Representative of the Department of Justice	Member
A Representative of the Department of Labor	Member

The Committee shall meet at the call of the Chairman. It is authorized to call upon any department, bureau, office, agency or instrumentality of the government for such information and assistance as it may require in the performance of its work.

The Committee is also authorized to secure such personnel, funds and equipment as may be assigned or allotted to it to enable it to carry out this undertaking which the administration is determined to accomplish.

The Committee shall submit its report and recommendations to the President before the opening of the regular session of Congress.

Done in the City of Manila, this 4th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(47), 7847.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 173
DECLARING THE “CASA REAL” AT MALOLOS, BULACAN, A NATIONAL SHRINE.

WHEREAS, the four centuries’ old “Casa Real” in Paseo del Congreso, Plaza Rizal, Malolos, Bulacan, is a historical edifice, having housed the first printing press of the First Philippine Republic which published the revolutionary organs Kalayaan and La Independencia and which was the seat of government of the town of Malolos during the early American regime; and

WHEREAS, this cultural heritage of our nation’s past should be preserved for posterity;

NOW, THEREFORE, by virtue of the powers vested in me, I, DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL; President of the Philippines, do hereby declare the “Casa Real” at Malolos, Bulacan, a National Shrine and assign it under the care and custody of the National Museum for its protection and preservation.

Done in the City of Manila, this 4th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). [*Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229*]. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 174
DECLARING THE MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF SAN ANDRES IN THE
PROVINCE OF QUEZON AS A MUNICIPALITY.

By operation of the provisions of Section two of Republic Act Numbered fifteen hundred and fifteen, the municipal district of San Andres in the province of Quezon having realized an average annual revenue of more than four thousand pesos for the last four consecutive fiscal years ended June 30, 1963, as certified by the General Auditing Office, is hereby declared and considered fifth class (equivalent to seventh class pursuant to Republic Act Numbered Twenty-three hundred and sixty-eight) municipality beginning July 1, 1963.

The conversion of this municipal district into municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 4864 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The present elective municipal district officials shall continue as such officials of the newly declared municipality until the new officials thereof shall have been elected in the next general elections and shall have qualified.

Done in the City of Manila, this 5th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *[Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 175
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITIES OF PANDAMI AND
LAMINUSA IN THE PROVINCE OF SULU

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there are hereby created in the province of Sulu, the municipalities of Pandami and Laminusa to consist of the following sitios and islands of the municipality of Siasi, said province:

Municipality of Pandami:

- | | | |
|-------------|----------------------------|--------------------|
| 1. Hambilan | 5. Pandami (Parian Dakula) | 9. Bubuan Island |
| 2. Lapak | 6. Sibaud | 10. Manibul Island |
| 3. Malanta | 7. Tapaan Island | 11. Sirum Island |
| 4. Manubul | 8. Manincolat Island | |

Municipality of Laminusa:

- | | | |
|--------------|-------------|----------------------------|
| 1. Bulikulul | 4. Punungan | 7. Sumbasumba Island |
| 2. Kalang | 5. Silumpak | 8. Parangan Paturan Island |
| 3. Laminusa | 6. Tara | |

The seat of government of the municipality of Pandami shall be at the sitio of Pandami (Parian Dakula) and that of the municipality of Laminusa at the sitio of Laminusa.

The municipality of Siasi shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the municipalities of Pandami and Laminusa.

The creation of Pandami and Laminusa as proposed in House Bills Nos. 9004 and 9005 were approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipalities of Pandami and Laminusa shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayors, Vice-Mayors and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 14th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(51), 8145.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 176
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF MABUHAY IN THE PROVINCE OF
ZAMBOANGA DEL SUR

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Zamboanga del Sur a new municipality to be known as Mabuhay to consist of the barrios of Mabuhay, Malinao, Sagay, Katipan, Mualbual, Tuburan, Kawilan, Abunda, Punawan, Kaliran, Taguisian, Bag-ong Silang, Sioton, Bagurod, Paminsa-an, Pinalim, Kasigpitan, Sawa and Ligaya, all of the municipality of Olutanga, with the seat of government at the barrio of Mabuhay.

The municipality of Mabuhay as herein created shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at point “1”, the intersection of the Northern shoreline of Olutanga Island and Longitude 122°40'; thence S 22°00' E until it intersects the Southern shoreline of the said Island at point 2; thence following the shoreline in a counterclockwise direction back to point 1, the point of beginning.” (From a technical description submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Zamboanga del Sur based on the map of the proposed municipality of Mabuhay, scale 1:50,000, now on file in this Office.)

The municipality of Olutanga shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Mabuhay as delimited above.

The municipality of Mabuhay shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 9th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(49), 7833.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 177
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF CABATAN IN THE PROVINCE OF
ZAMBOANGA DEL SUR

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Zamboanga del Sur a municipality to be known as Cabatan to consist of the barrios of Biopus, Danan, Linogwayan, Balasan, Limason, Capatagan, Waling-Waling, Lunib, Cogon, Sogokan, Cabatan and Maculay Island, all of the municipality of Margosatubig, with the seat of government at the barrio of Cabatan.

The municipality of Cabatan as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at point 1, center at the mouth of Timboligue River; thence, following the upstream course of said river straight line to the center of Mount Tamaru called point 2, thence, following straight line to the center of Mount Biga; thence a straight line until it intersects longitude 5.39° E to the boundary of Dimataling Municipality; thence, following the shoreline in a clockwise direction back to point 1, the point of beginning.” (From House Bill No. 3911.)

The municipality of Margosatubig shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Cabatan, as delimited above.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 3911 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Cabatan shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 9th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(50), 8006.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 178
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF SURABAY IN THE PROVINCE OF
ZAMBOANGA DEL SUR

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Zamboanga del Sur a municipality to be known as Surabaya to consist of the following barrios and sitios of the municipalities of Ipil and Tungawan, said province:

From the Municipality of Ipil:

- | | | |
|---------------|--------------------|--------------|
| 1. Surabaya | 9. Casacon | 17. Siawang |
| 2. Calipan | 10. Capisan | 18. Mutop |
| 3. Kulambugan | 11. Lingatongan | 19. Silabuyo |
| 4. Diosan | 12. Lacawan | 20. Gango |
| 5. Tupilac | 13. Upper Surabaya | 21. Silingan |
| 6. Guiapos | 14. Calola | 22. Bulo-an |
| 7. Sisay | 15. Km. 5 | 23. Tumiton |
| 8. Tilasan | 16. Camanga | |

From the Municipality of Tungawan:

- | | | |
|---------------|----------------|--------------|
| 1. Libertad | 5. Timbabawan | 9. Gumutok |
| 2. Ligi-an | 6. San Jose | 10. Malongon |
| 3. Catulan | 7. Tigbalangao | |
| 4. Tigbanwang | 8. Lubok | |

The seat of government of the municipality of Surabaya shall be at the barrio of Surabaya.
The municipality of Surabaya as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning from point “1” at the center of the mouth of Buluan River; thence following the shoreline of Sibuguey Bay to point “2” at the center of the mouth of Tigbawang River; thence due west with a distance of 15,000 meters known as point “3”; thence N 53–00 E° following the municipal boundary of Ipil and Titay with a distance of 31,700 meters known as point “4”; thence due south until it reaches the mouth of Buluan River known as point “1”, the beginning point.” (From the technical description submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Zamboanga del Sur based on the map of the proposed municipality of Surabaya, scale 1:100,000, now on file in this Office.)

The municipalities of Ipil and Tungawan shall have their present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Surabaya as delimited above.

The municipality of Surabaya shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 9th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

SALVADOR L. MARINÓ
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(50), 8007.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 179
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF DITAY IN THE PROVINCE OF ZAMBOANGA DEL SUR

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Zamboanga del Sur a municipality to be known as Ditay to consist of the following barrios and sitios of the municipality of Siay, said province:

- | | | |
|--------------|--------------|-------------------|
| 1. Ditay | 8. Camanga | 15. Upper Buyogan |
| 2. Balagon | 9. Maniha | 16. Lower Buyogan |
| 3. Ganyangan | 10. Minsulao | 17. Paradise |
| 4. Batu | 11. Luup | 18. Sampule |
| 5. Gusawan | 12. Coloran | 19. Lalat Mines |
| 6. Laeh | 13. Parok | |
| 7. Monsing | 14. Ginoman | |

The seat of government of the municipality of Ditay shall be at the barrio of Ditay.

The municipality of Ditay as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at point 1 the center of Ganyangan Bridge; thence following straight line with a bearing of S 57–30 E until it reaches at the center of Gusawan Bridge; point 2; thence following downstream course of Gusawan Creek until it reaches the center of the mouth of Gusawan river; point 3; thence following the shoreline of Sibuguey Bay in westerly direction until it reaches the mouth of Calapan river, point 4; thence N 13–00 E, point 5; thence N 1–00 E until it reaches the Provincial boundary between Zamboanga del Sur and Zamboanga del Norte, point 6; thence following Easterly the boundary line between the Province of Zamboanga del Sur and Zamboanga del Norte until it reaches the old boundary of Siay, the mother municipality, point 7; thence S 1–00 W, following the boundary of the mother municipality and Bayog until it intersects Sibuguey river, point 8; thence following downstream course of Sibuguey river, until it intersects Ganyangan creek, point 9; thence following upstream course of Ganyangan creek to point 1, point of beginning.” (From the Technical Description submitted by the Highway District Engineer of Zamboanga del Sur based on the Map of said proposed municipality, scale 1:100,000, now on file in this Office)

The municipality of Siay shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Ditay as delimited above.

The municipality of Ditay shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 9th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(50), 8008.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 180
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF DIPLAHAN IN THE PROVINCE OF
ZAMBOANGA DEL SUR.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Zamboanga del Sur a municipality to be known as Diplahan to consist of the following barrios of the municipalities of Malangas, Buug and Siay, said province:

From the Municipality of Malangas:

- | | | |
|-------------|------------|---------------|
| 1. Diplahan | 5. Mijo | 9. Sta. Cruz |
| 2. Lubing | 6. Lombong | 10. Danlutan |
| 3. Lindang | 7. Sta. Fe | 11. Del Monte |
| 4. Goling | 8. Baluran | 12. Tono |

From the Municipality of Buug:

- | | |
|-------------|------------|
| 1. Galet | 3. Ganlan |
| 2. Balangao | 4. Sampole |

From the Municipality of Siay:

- | | | |
|-------------|-------------|------------------|
| 1. Gintulan | 4. Minsulao | 7. Sampole |
| 2. San Jose | 5. Lu-up | 8. Lower Boyogan |
| 3. Parok | 6. Paradise | 9. Upper Boyogan |

The seat of government of the municipality of Diplahan shall be at the barrio of Diplahan.
The Municipality of Diplahan as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning from point 1, intersection of longitude 123° 00' and the center line of Diplahan-Malangas national road; thence S. 67° 30' W. until it intersects the municipal boundary of Malangas and Alicia, with a distance of about 9,250 meters called point 2; thence N. 43° 00' W., following the municipal boundary of Alicia and Malangas with a distance of about 2,000 meters to point 3; then N. 13° 00' E. with a distance of about 19,100 meters to point 4; thence due east until it intersects longitude 123° 00' called point 5; thence due south following longitude 123° 00' back to point 1, the

point of beginning.” (From the map of the proposed municipality of Diplahan prepared and submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer)

The municipalities of Malangas, Buug and Siay shall have their present territories minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the Municipality of Diplahan as delimited above.

The Municipality of Diplahan shall begin to exist upon the: appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 9th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL

President of the Philippines

By the President:

SALVADOR L. MARIÑO

Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(51), 8146.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 181
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF BAWANG IN THE PROVINCE OF
ZAMBOANGA DEL SUR

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Zamboanga del Sur a municipality to be known as Bawang to consist of the following barrios and sitios of the municipalities of Buug and Kumalarang, said province:

From the Municipality of Buug:

- | | | |
|---------------|----------------------|----------------|
| 1. Bawang | 9. Mahayahay | 17. Malapas |
| 2. Silupa | 10. Barorao | 18. Danluga |
| 3. Compostela | 11. Masulon | 19. Alangalang |
| 4. Mabuhay | 12. Pulo | 20. Darimbang |
| 5. Palalian | 13. Manga | 21. Daraan |
| 6. Pamintayan | 14. Kianan | 22. Tawan |
| 7. Guminta | 15. Lower Compostela | 23. Talomos |
| 8. Lantawan | 16. Bagong Borbon | |

From the Municipality of Kumalarang:

- | | | |
|------------|-----------|-----------|
| 1. Boyugan | 4. Mapao | 7. Kabasi |
| 2. Lunapay | 5. Manago | |
| 3. Tugaya | 6. Gusom | |

The seat of government of the municipality of Bawang shall be at the barrio of Bawang.

The municipality of Bawang as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning from point “1”, at the centerline of Picanan Bridge, of the Pagadian-Zamboanga City National Road; thence following the centerline of Picanan Creek, in a downstream direction until the mouth of said Picanan Creek, called point “2”; thence following the shore line of Dumanquilas Bay in a southwesterly direction until it exceed seven (7) kilometers and six hundred (600) meters more or less from the centerline of Palalian River known as point “3”; thence due north until it intersects the centerline of the Pagadian-Zamboanga City National Road at Km. 239.000 known as point “4”; thence following the centerline of the said National Road until it reaches point “5”, a point which is one (1) kilometer before the junction of the said National Road and Samar Mining Company Private Road;

thence S 30–00 E with a distance of two (2) kilometers to point “6”; thence N 60–00 E with a distance of two (2) kilometers to point “7”; thence N 30–00 W until it intersects the centerline of the aforesaid National Road at point “8”; thence following again the centerline of the Pagadian-Zamboanga City National Road until it reaches kilometer 229.000 called point “9”; thence due north until it reaches the centerline of Picanan Creek known as point “10”; thence following the course of Picanan in a downstream direction back to point “1”, the point of beginning. This includes the islands of Cabog, Baong-Baong, Lapinigan, and Pamonoan.” (From the Technical Description submitted by the Highway District Engineer of Zamboanga del Sur based on the map of the proposed municipality of Bawang, scale 1:40,000, now on file in this Office.)

The municipalities of Buug and Kumalarang shall have their present territories minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Bawang as delimited above.

The municipality of Bawang shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 9th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(51), 8147.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 182
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF SAN ISIDRO IN PROVINCE OF DAVAO

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Davao a municipality to be known as San Isidro to consist of the barrios and sitios of La Union, Talisay, Cambalion, Bitagan, Baon, Wason, Manikling, San Roque, Dogmanon, Bato-Bato, Iba, Bitoon, Montabac, Bacong, Capasanan, Tipdas, Mag, Maputi and Haguimitan, all of the municipality of Governor Generoso, with the seat of government at the present site of the sitio of Bato-Bato.

The municipality of San Isidro as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at Pinagsakan Creek running due east to the boundary line of the Municipality of Mati; thence from the south, beginning at the center of the mouth of the Cuabo River and running in a meandering direction following the said river to the crest of mountain forming the watershed; thence to the top of Mount Mayo, following the northern Boundary line of the Municipality of Mati.” (From House Bill No. 661)

The municipality of Governor Generoso shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of San Isidro as delimited above.

The Creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 661 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of San Isidro shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Governor Generoso after the segregation there from of the territory comprised in the municipality of San Isidro, can still maintain creditably its municipal government meet all its statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Davao, this 9th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(52), 8335.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 183
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF TARRAGONA IN THE PROVINCE OF DAVAO

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Davao, a municipality to be known as Tarragona to consist of the barrios of Tagabukid, Tarragona, Jovellar, Lucatan, Ompao, Tubaon and Dadong, all of the municipality of Mati, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Tarragona.

The municipality of Mati shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the municipality of Tarragona.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 15129 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Tarragona shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Mati after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Tarragona, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 9th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

SALVADOR L. MARINÓ
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(52), 8336.

MALACANANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 184
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF KAPUTIAN IN THE PROVINCE OF DAVAO

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Davao, a municipality to be known as Kaputian to consist of the barrios of Binoni, Anonang, Zion, Pangubatan, Kumaan, San Isidro, Santa Cruz, Adecor and all the barrios situated on Talicod Island, all of the municipality of Samal, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Kaputian.

The municipality of Samal shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the municipality of Kaputian.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 14655 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Kaputian shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Samal after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Kaputian, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Davao, this 9th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 61(52), 8337.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDEER NO. 185
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF LOURDES IN THE PROVINCE OF
ORIENTAL MINDORO

Upon the recommendation of the Provincial Board of Oriental Mindoro and pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Oriental Mindoro a municipality to be known as Lourdes to consist of the following barrios of the municipality of Naujan:

- | | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| 1. Bagong Buhay | 10. Apitong | 19. Aurora |
| 2. San Antonio | 11. Tagumpay | 20. Arangin |
| 3. Nag-iba 1 | 12. Santo Niño | 21. Evangelista |
| 4. Bacungan | 13. Sampaguita | 22. San Andres (Putik) |
| 5. Gamao | 14. San Nicolas | 23. General Esco |
| 6. Buhangin | 15. Inarawan | 24. Metolza |
| 7. Piñahan | 16. Malvar | 25. Tigoan |
| 8. Barcenaga | 17. Mulawin | 26. Mahabang Parang |
| 9. Santa Maria | 18. Del Pilar | 27. San Luis (Barucan) |

The seat of government of the municipality of Lourdes shall be at the barrio of Barcenaga.

The municipality of Lourdes as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“From point 1 on plan, at the edge of Magasawangtubig River at the shore line following upstream of Magasawangtubig River to the confluence of Magasawangtubig River, Aglubang River and Ibulo River; Thence following upstream of Aglubang River to Point 2; Thence S. 2–05 W., 1,725 m. to point 3 of the common old boundary point of the municipality of Naujan and the province of Occ. Mindoro; Thence N. 61–18 W., 19,725 m. to point 4 of the common boundary line of Occ. Mindoro and Or. Mindoro; Thence N. 24–00 E., 22,875 m. to point 5, common old boundary line of the municipality of Baco and the municipality of Naujan; Thence S. 82–15 E., 14,400 m. to point 6, common old boundary line the municipalities of Naujan and Calapan; Thence N. 60–00 E., 9,150 m. to point 7, common old boundary line of the municipalities of Naujan and Calapan; Thence Southward following the shore line down to point 1, point of beginning at the edge of Magasawangtubig River, containing an area of 334.88 sq. kms. more or less.” (From the Technical Description prepared and submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Oriental Mindoro based on the map of the Municipality of Naujan, scale 1:75,000, now on file in this Office.

The municipality of Naujan shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Lourdes as delimited above.

The municipality of Lourdes shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 14th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

SALVADOR L. MARINÓ
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(1), 1.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 186
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 156 DATED JANUARY 6, 1956,
AND PROVIDING ADDITIONAL POWERS AND DUTIES TO THE
PRESIDENTIAL ASSISTANT ON COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT.

In order to implement more effectively a coordinated community development program designed to improve the social, economic and political conditions of communities, integrate these communities into the life of the nation and enable them to contribute more fully to national progress, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby order:

SECTION 1. Sub-paragraph 3, Section 2, of Executive Order No. 156 issued on January 6, 1956, is hereby amended to read as follows:

“(3) Develop a grants-in-aid program and/or a rural development loan program to stimulate participation of barrio citizens in community development.”

SEC. 2. Section 6 of the aforementioned Executive Order No. 156 is hereby amended to read as follows:

SEC. 6. The Presidential Assistant on Community Development is hereby authorized to contract indebtedness from any person, public or private corporation, any agency of the Philippine Government or any international lending institution, and to execute for and in behalf of the Republic of the Philippines, deeds of conveyances or lease contracts covering such real or personal property as he may deem necessary in pursuance of his functions.”

Done in the City of Manila, this 15th day October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(1), 2.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 187
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF BAGUMBAYAN IN THE PROVINCE OF COTABATO

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Cotabato a municipality to be known as Bagumbayan to consist of the following barrios and sitios of the municipality of Isulan with the seat of government at the barrio of Bagumbayan:

1. Bagumbayan	12. Kapaya	23. Mamison
2. Bai	13. Keposo	24. Mapayag
3. Sirafinang	14. Kibongkong	25. Marbel
4. Biwang	15. Kinayao	26. Masiag
5. Busok	16. Kulaman	27. Muno
6. Chrismor	17. Ladasino	28. Natubak
7. Damaclot	18. Lanao	29. Payaguntong
8. Dawing	19. Languan	30. Pongolan
9. Gapok	20. Lawa	31. Salatan
10. Kamband	21. Malalas	32. Sipaka
11. Kanakan	22. Malingaon	33. Tuka

The municipality of Bagumbayan as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at the junction where the course of Panas Creek and Ala River meets, following upstream on the course of Panas Creek to Pangolan Creek due West following upstream course of Pangolan Creek, thence to Salatan Creek, following the downstream course of Salatan Creek to the junction of Kabulunan River, thence straight westward to a point where the boundaries of the municipalities of Lebak, Kalamansig and Isulan meets, thence going southward following the former boundary of Isulan and that of Kalamansig and Palembang to a point where the boundary of the municipalities of Isulan, Palembang and Surala meet, thence straight eastward following the boundary of the municipalities of Isulan and Surala to a point at Malay Creek, thence following the course Malay Creek downstream towards Ala River, thence following the course of the Ala River on a northward direction to the point of beginning at the junction of Ala River and Panas Creek.” (From House Bill No. 13731.)

The municipality of Isulan shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Bagumbayan as delimited above.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 13731 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Bagumbayan shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in Bato, Cebu, this 24th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

SALVADOR L. MARINÓ
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(1), 3.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 188
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF NEW BATAAN IN THE PROVINCE OF DAVAO

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Davao, a municipality to be known as New Bataan to consist of the barrios of Katipunan, including Upper Aguibawa and Upper Agusan of Barrio San Miguel, Magsaysay, Panag, Batinao, Fatima, Magangit, Camanlangan, Cabinuangan, San Roque and Bantacan, all of the municipality of Compostela, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Bantacan.

The municipality of New Bataan shall have the following boundaries:

“From point “10” corner 10 to Lot 10116 PLS 2 Municipality of Nabunturan; thence to point “7” corner 3 of Lot 2021 PLS a Municipality of Compostela, to point “1” MBM No. 12 Municipality of Banganga; there to point “3” MBM No. 13 municipality of Caraga; thence to point “4” MBM No. 14 Municipality of Pantukan; then to point “5” MBM No. 1 Municipality of Pantukan; and thence to point of beginning at point “10”. (From House Bill No. 14652)

The Municipality of Compostela shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of New Bataan as delimited above.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 14652 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of New Bataan shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 2nd day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(1), 4.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 189
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF CARMEN IN THE PROVINCE OF DAVAO

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Davao, a municipality to be known as Carmen to consist of the barrios and sitios of Ising, Cebulano, Cuatro-cuatro, Lapaz, Sto. Niño, Mangalcal, New Camiling, Alejal, Magsaysay, Tuganay, Bingcungan, Anibongan, San Isidro, Mabawas, Cabayangan, Tubod, Small La Pax, Dila-dila, Taba, Tagum, Lawaan, Balisong, Magudising, Calabasa and New Casay, all of the Municipality of Panabo, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Ising.

The municipality of Panabo shall have the present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Carmen.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 207 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Carmen shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 2nd day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

FROILAN R. MONTALBAN
*Acting Assistant Executive Secretary*Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(6), 835.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 190
DEFINING THE BOUNDARIES OF THE CITY OF PALAYAN.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 2 of Republic Act No. 4475, the boundaries of the City of Palayan is hereby defined and fixed as follows:

“1. A parcel of land (Lot No. 1, Plan IN-162), situated in the Municipality of Boñgabon. Bounded on the NE. by the property claimed by Herman Shivers; on the SE. and SW. by the public land; and on the NW. by the Provincial Road. Beginning at a point marked “1” on plan, being N. 60 deg. 01' E., 20190.48 m. from B.L.L.M. No. 1; thence N. 74 deg. 01' E., 893.06 m. to point 2; thence S. 18 deg. 50' E., 2399.89 m. to point 3; thence S. 51 deg. 26' W., 2384.33 m. to point 4; thence S. 9 deg. 44' E., 1763.04 m to point 5; thence S. 63 deg. 21' W., 2250.15 m. to point 6; thence S. 37 deg. 30' W., 514.22 m. to point 7; thence N. 63 deg. 35' W., 1121.68 m. to point 8; thence N. 67 deg. 08' W., 2970.22 m. to point 9; thence N. 36 deg. 08' E., 429.79 m. to point 10; thence N. 70 deg. 14' E., 655.11. m. to point 11; thence N. 83 deg. 49' E., 321.14 m. to point 12; thence N. 41 deg. 59' E., 2085.05 m. to point 13; thence N. 28 deg. 01' E., 1419.84 m. to point 14; thence N. 62 deg. 02' E., 1430.50 m. to point 15; thence N. 57 deg. 49' E., 1090.51 m. to point 16; thence N. 44 deg. 47' E., 377.47 m. to point 17; thence N. 73 deg. 34' E., 307.09 m. to point of beginning containing an area of twenty-four million three twenty-nine thousand six hundred and fifty-nine (24,329,659) square meters more or less. All points referred to are indicated on the plan and on the ground; points 1, 4 to 17 inclusive are marked by B.L. concrete monuments; points 2 and 3 by old P.L. S.B.L. monuments; point 2 on the bank of Pampanga River; point 15, on the bank of Sapang Tablang; bearings true; declination 0 deg. 30' E., date of Survey, June 21, September 4, 1918 and April 7, May 16, 1919.

“2. A parcel of land (Lot No. 2, Plan IN-162), situated in the municipality of Boñgabon. Bounded on the NE. by the Pampanga River; on the SE. by the Provincial Road; on the SW. by the property claimed by Jose Nava; and on the NW. by the property claimed by Eduardo P. Dulay and the Pampanga River. Beginning at a point marked “1” on plan, being N. 66 deg. 06' E., 12,557.43 m. from B.L.L.M. No. 1; thence N. 31 deg. 15' W., 630.01 m. to point 2; thence N. 42 deg. 13' E., 1345.36 m. to point 3; thence N. 67 deg. 58' E., 513.12 m. to point 4; thence S. 53 deg. 12' E., 66.61 m. to point 5; thence N. 80 deg. 35' E., 46.36 m. to point 6; thence S. 84 deg. 22' E., 3416 m. to point 7; thence S. 57 deg. 09' E., 29.58 m. to point 8; thence S. 52 deg. 23' E., 106.19 m. to point 9; thence S. 85 deg. 50' E., 36.29 m. to point 10; thence S. 68 deg. 52' E., 73.36 m. to point 11; thence S. 81 deg. 39' E., 45.27 m. to point 12; thence N. 83 deg. 20' E., 47.34 m. to point 13; thence N. 81 deg. 46' E., 3698 m. to point 14; thence N. 77 deg. 28' E., 26.37 m. to point 15; thence N. 67 deg. 25' E., 141.04 m. to point 16; thence N. 50 deg. 38' E., 58.28 m. to point 17;

thence N. 34 deg. 21' E., 63.40 m. to point 18; thence N. 49 deg. 09' E., 70.16 m. to point 19; thence N. 69 deg. 26' E., 90.95 m. to point 20; thence N. 3 deg. 29' E., 122.42 m. to point 21; thence N. 22 deg. 47' E., 76.82 m. to point 22; thence N. 23 deg. 38' E., 40.40 m. to point 23; thence N. 14 deg. 30' E., 109.54 m. to point 24; thence N. 24 deg. 53' E., 59.85 m. to point 25; thence N. 18 deg. 15' E., 166.04 m. to point 26; thence N. 19 deg. 14' E., 114.47 m. to point 27; thence N. 6 deg. 18' W., 284.38 m. to point 28; thence N. 15 deg. 23' E., 447.25 m. to point 29; thence N. 14 deg. 14' E., 148.42 m. to point 30; thence N. 16 deg. 34' W., 231.69 m. to point 31; thence N. 11 deg. 24' W., 84.08 m. to point 32; thence N. 24 deg. 02' W., 145.18 m. to point 33; thence N. 42 deg. 25' W. 123.50 m. to point 34; thence N. 67 deg. 18' W., 56.06 m. to point 35; thence N. 25 deg. 23' W., 68.58 m. to point 36; thence S. 67 deg. 46' W., 117.46 m. to point 37; thence S. 82 deg. 06' W., 62.15 m. to point 38; thence N. 70 deg. 14' W., 61.99 m. to point 39; thence N. 40 deg. 32' W., 135.39 m. to point 40; thence N. 29 deg. 00' W., 100.71 m. to point 41; thence N. 31 deg. 32' W., 84.99 m. to point 42; thence N. 44 deg. 28' W., 48.44 m. to point 43; thence N. 36 deg. 39' W., 123.66 m. to point 44; thence N. 14 deg. 28' E., 72.09 m. to point 45; thence N. 20 deg. 13' E., 56.92 m. to point 46; thence N. 23 deg. 54' E., 70.10 m. to point 47; thence N. 22 deg. 58' E., 30.94 m. to point 48; thence N. 19 deg. 38' E., 94.65 m. to point 49; thence N. 44 deg. 24' E., 121.86 m. to point 50; thence N. 87 deg. 19' E., 56.60 m. to point 51; thence N. 36 deg. 48' E., 46.10 m. to point 52; thence N. 58 deg. 02' E., 102.55 m. to point 53; thence N. 87 deg. 36' E., 70.33 m. to point 54; thence N. 70 deg. 05' E., 140.51 m. to point 55; thence N. 63 deg. 31' E., 145.25 m. to point 56; thence N. 69 deg. 15' E., 65.82 m. to point 57; thence N. 86 deg. 10' E., 55.52 m. to point 58; thence S. 73 deg. 34' E., 59.07 m. to point 59; thence S. 74 deg. 21' E., 89.24 m. to point 60; thence S. 70 deg. 42' E., 102.74 m. to point 61; thence N. 82 deg. 59' E., 30.72 m. to point 62; thence S. 44 deg. 52' E., 11.92 m. to point 63; thence S. 87 deg. 23' E., 323.46 m. to point 64; thence N. 80 deg. 10' E. 157.10 m. to point 65; thence N. 88 deg. 29' E., 99.26 m. to point 66; thence N. 89 deg. 11' E., 130.01 m. to point 67; thence N. 61 deg. 32' E., 106.51 m. to point 68; thence N. 62 deg. 53' E., 159.60 m. to point 69; thence N. 83 deg. 17' E., 327.62 m. to point 70; thence N. 37 deg. 40' E., 523.84 m. to point 71; thence N. 13 deg. 27' E., 152.49 m. to point 72; thence N. 10 deg. 23' W., 266.74 m. to point 73; thence N. 63 deg. 03' W., 871.78 m. to point 74; thence N. 23 deg. 36' W., 607.82 m. to point 75; thence N. 64 deg. 15' E., 500.82 m. to point 76; thence N. 74 deg. 44' E., 47.84 m. to point 77; thence S. 74 deg. 36' E., 142.78 m. to point 78; thence S. 64 deg. 58' E., 354.81 m. to point 79; thence S. 54 deg. 03' E., 43.93 m. to point 80; thence S. 53 deg. 30' E., 192.96 m. to point 81; thence S. 58 deg. 25' E., 126.54 m. to point 82; thence S. 75 deg. 26' E., 1213.92 m. to point 83; thence S. 81 deg. 18' E., 83.31 m. to point 84; thence N. 85 deg. 50' E., 220.84 m. to point 85; thence N. 60 deg. 06' E., 97.50 m. to point 86; thence S. 62 deg. 36' E., 86.75 m. to point 87; thence S. 74 deg. 14' E., 135.10 m. to point 88; thence S. 23 deg. 08' E., 392.44 m. to point 89; thence S. 19 deg. 25' W., 152.83 m. to point 90; thence S. 28 deg. 25' W., 989.54 m. to point 91; thence S. 44 deg. 18' W., 385.80 m. to point 92; thence S. 57 deg. 48' W., 1090.28 m. to point 93; thence S. 61 deg. 55' W., 1433.43 m. to point 94; thence S. 28 deg. 01' W., 1420.73 m. to point 95; thence S. 41 deg. 59' W., 2076.29 m. to point 96; thence S. 83 deg. 57' W., 311.28 m. to point 97; thence S. 70 deg. 19' W., 667.57 m. to point 98; thence S. 36 deg. 07' W., 429.08 m. to the point of beginning; containing an area of eleven million two hundred twenty-seven thousand six hundred and seventy-five (11,227,675) square meters more or less. All points referred to are indicated on the plan and on the ground; points 1, 2, 3, 4, 36, 69, 75, 88, 89, 90, 92 and 93 are marked by old B.L. concrete monuments; points 20, 64, 94, 95, 96, 97 and 98 by B.L. concrete monuments; points 21 and 22 by tacks on stakes; points 23 and 24 by tacks on crosses of trees; points 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 44,

45, 48, 51, 54, 57 and 58 by tacks on trees; point 56 by cross on tree; points 71, 79, 80, 82, 85, 86 and 91 by old G. L. Spikes on trees; points 76, 77, 78 and 81 by old tacks on trees; points 4 to 16 inclusive, on bank of stream points 17 to 89 inclusive, on bank of Pampanga River; point 93 on bank of Sapang Tablang; bearings true; declination 0 deg. 30' E., date of survey, June 21, September 4, 1918 and April 7, May 16, 1919," (From the technical description submitted by the Acting District Engineer of Nueva Ecija and certified to by the Acting Director of Public Works in his 1st Indorsement dated October 25, 1965, based on the plan now on file in this office, Scale 1:10,000)

Done in the City of Manila, this 6th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). [*Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229*]. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 191
DECLARING THE MUNICIPAL PORT OF POCTOY, ODIONGAN, ROMBLON,
AS A NATIONAL PORT OPEN TO COASTWISE TRADE.

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby further amend Executive Order No. 72, series of 1936, so as to declare the municipal port of Poctoy, Odiongan, Romblon, as a national port open to coastwise trade.

Done in the City of Manila, this 12th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(3), 371.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 192

OPENING THE PORT OF PASACAO, CAMARINES SUR, AS A SUBPORT OF ENTRY WITHIN
THE COLLECTION DISTRICT OF THE PORT OF JOSE PANGANIBAN, CAMARINES NORTE.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 702 of Republic Act No. 1937, and upon the recommendation of the Secretary of Finance, the Port of Pasacao is hereby created, opened and established as a subport of entry within the collection district of the Port of Jose Panganiban, Camarines Sur.

Done in the City of Manila, this 12th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(3), 371.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 193
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF LIMASAWA IN THE PROVINCE OF SOUTHERN LEYTE

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Southern Leyte a municipality to be known as Limasawa to consist of all barrios and sitios of the whole island of Limasawa, municipality of Padre Burgos, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Triana.

The municipality of Padre Burgos shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Limasawa.

The municipality of Limasawa shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Padre Burgos after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of Limasawa, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 24th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

(SGD.) **DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL**
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) **SALVADOR L. MARIÑO**
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *[Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 194
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF SAN RICARDO IN THE PROVINCE OF
SOUTHERN LEYTE

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Southern Leyte a municipality to be known as San Ricardo to consist of the following barrios and sitios of the municipality of Pintuyan, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of San Ricardo.

- | | | |
|----------------|---------------------------|---------------|
| 1. San Ricardo | 7. Timba | 13. San Ramon |
| 2. Cogon | 8. Camang | 14. Bitoon |
| 3. Lobo | 9. Buenavista | 15. Saub |
| 4. Alangalang | 10. Esperanza | 16. Capingkit |
| 5. Cabutan | 11. Pinut-an | |
| 6. Benit | 12. Kinachawa (kinatsawa) | |

The municipality of San Ricardo as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Starting from the mouth of a creek on the seashore West of sitio Capingkit going upland along the course of said creek, passing the Mesyong Dotarot Bridge of the National Highway, to Corner 9 of Project 39–Block B of LC–791—Bureau of Forestry—direct to Northeast trail to corner 27 following Lines 26, 25, 24, 23 and 22 of same Block B, thence direct to Corner 27 of Block A and Block I, thence direct to Corner boundary of Liloan and Pintuyan, thence to Corner 1 of Project 28–Block E (Timberland) Liloan, LC–791 of the Bureau of Forestry, thence straight direct to the seashore point along the Beach of Surigao Strait, closed to the point of beginning of the creek in sitio Capingkit.” (From the technical description submitted by the Provincial Land Officer of Southern Leyte, based on the map of the Municipality of Pintuyan prepared by the District Engineer now on file in this Office.)

The municipality of Pintuyan shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of San Ricardo.

The municipality of San Ricardo shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof and upon the certification by the Secretary of Finance that said municipality is financially capable of providing for all the statutory obligations and ordinary essential services of a regular municipality and that the mother municipality of Pintuyan after the segregation therefrom of the territory comprised in the municipality of

San Ricardo, can still maintain creditably its municipal government, meet all its statutory and contractual obligations and provide for the essential municipal services.

Done in the City of Manila, this 24th day of October, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(2), 201.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 195CHANGING THE PAR VALUE OF THE PESO FROM US\$0.50 TO US\$0.2564103
(U.S. DOLLAR OF THE WEIGHT AND FINENESS IN EFFECT ON JULY 1, 1944).

Pursuant to the power vested in me by Republic Act Numbered Two Hundred and Sixty-Five, and in conformity with the provisions of all executive and international agreements subscribed to and ratified by the Republic of the Philippines, and upon proposal of the Monetary Board with the unanimous concurrence of the members of said Monetary Board, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby modify the par value of the peso from US\$0.50 to US\$0.2564103 (U.S. dollar of the weight and fineness in effect on July 1, 1944), effective noon on Monday, the eight day of November, 1965.

Done in the City of Manila, this 6th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(3), 372.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 196
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF MANGAGOY IN THE PROVINCE OF
SURIGAO DEL SUR

Upon the recommendation of the Provincial Board of Surigao del Sur and pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Surigao del Sur a municipality to be known as Mangagoy to consist of the barrios of Mangagoy, Mampaya-an, New Bohol, Guicob, Tabon and Lawigan, all of the municipality of Bislig, with the seat of government at the barrio of Mangagoy.

The municipality of Mangagoy as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“From the Eastern shore of Mancarogo River at its mouth marked point “A” on the map; thence from point “A” following the course of Mancarogo River upstream until its source at point “B” on the map; thence from point “B” following an imaginary straight line on southwestern direction until it reaches the intersection of Bislig River at point “C” on the map; thence from point “C” following the course at right side of Bislig River upstream until it reaches the established municipal boundary line of Bislig and Lingig at point “D”; thence from point “D” following the established boundary line of Bislig and Lingig Northeastwardly until it reaches the shoreline marked point “E”; thence from point “E” following the shoreline Northwestwardly until it reaches the point of beginning at point “A”. (From the map of the municipality of Bislig prepared and submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Surigao del Sur, scale 1:50,000, on file in this Office.)

The municipality of Bislig shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Mangagoy as delimited above.

The creation of this new Municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 2821 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Mangagoy shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 17th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(4), 523.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 197
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF CARMEN IN THE PROVINCE OF SURIGAO DEL SUR.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Surigao del Sur a municipality to be known as Carmen to consist of the barrios of Carmen, Esperanza, Cancaban, Bonga, Santa Cruz, Antao and Puyat, all of the municipality of Lanuza, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Carmen.

The municipality of Carmen as herein organized shall have the following boundaries;

“Beginning at the point marked “A” on the map following the Municipal Boundary of Lanuza (Mother Municipality) and Madrid on southwesterly direction until it intersect the Provincial Boundary line between the Provinces of Surigao del Sur and Agusan marked point “B”; thence, from point “B” following the provincial boundary of Surigao del Sur and Agusan provinces on southeasterly direction up to the point marked “C”; thence, from point “C” following an imaginary straight line on northeasterly direction up to point marked “D” which is 3.5 Km. more or less south of Surigao-Davao National Road; thence, from point “D” following an imaginary straight line N-26 deg. 30'-E to point marked “E” which is at the center of the bridge and at the intersection between the Surigao-Davao National Road and Malonong River; thence, from point “E” following the course of Malonong River downstream up to the mouth on the seashore marked point “F”; thence, following the seashore on the northwesterly direction up to the point of beginning point “A”. The barrios of Esperanza, Antao, Cancaban, Bonga, Sta. Cruz, Puyat and Barrio Carmen, the proposed seat of government, together with its corresponding sitios that compose the Municipality of Carmen shall also be the water territory limits of said proposed sub-division.” (From the technical description submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Surigao del Sur based on the map of the municipality of Lanuza, scale 1:100,000, now on file in this office.)

The municipality of Lanuza shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Carmen as delimited above.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 16404 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Carmen shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 17th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *[Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 198
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF KITAOTAO IN THE PROVINCE OF BUKIDNON

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the Province of Bukidnon a municipality to be known as Kitaotao to consist of the following barrios of the municipality of Dangcagan, said province.

From the Municipality of Dangcagan

- | | | |
|------------------|------------------|----------------|
| 1. San Isidro | 7. Osmeña | 13. Cebale |
| 2. Bolocaon | 8. Cauyonan | 14. Balangigay |
| 3. Kimolong | 9. Malobalo | 15. Kitobo |
| 4. Kitaotao | 10. Bobong | 16. Dalorong |
| 5. Magsaysay | 11. Lower Bokbok | |
| 6. Santo Rosario | 12. Simod | |

The seat of government of the municipality of Kitaotao shall be at the barrio of Kitaotao.

The municipality of Dangcagan shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Kitaotao.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 9010 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Kitaotao shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 18th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(4), 524.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 199
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF PULANGI IN THE PROVINCE OF BUKIDNON

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Bukidnon a municipality to be known as Pulangi to consist of the following barrios of the municipalities of Dangcagan, Maramag and Valencia, all of said province.

From the Municipality of Dangcagan

- | | | |
|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. Nanapan | 3. Dilapa | 5. Mibantang |
| 2. Sta. Cruz | 4. Kiburiao | |

From the Municipality of Maramag

- | | | |
|--------------|------------|-------------|
| 1. Salawagan | 4. Kiokong | 7. Lumintao |
| 2. Manoto | 5. Lagaan | 8. Kulaman |
| 3. San Jose | 6. Paitan | |

From the Municipality of Valencia

1. Dagat-Kidavao

The seat of government of the municipality of Pulangi shall be at the barrio of Salawagan.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 9010 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Pulangi shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 18th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(4), 525.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 200
DIRECTING THE BOARD OF LIQUIDATORS TO ACQUIRE, ADMINISTER AND DISPOSE OF
CERTAIN REAL PROPERTY OF THE PHILIPPINE NATIONAL RAILWAYS.

Pursuant to the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby order:

SECTION 1. The Board of Liquidators (BOL) is hereby authorized and directed to negotiate with the Philippine National Railways for the acquisition of the latter's real property covered by its abandoned rights of way and to purchase the same in the name of the Republic of the Philippines at reasonable appraised valuation, subject to existing liens and encumbrances in favor of third parties.

SEC. 2. The BOL shall administer and subdivide said real property into convenient-sized lots for disposition and resale at cost to qualified persons on installment or cash basis: *Provided, however,* That preference shall be given to bona fide occupants thereof who entered the land on or before September 28, 1964, and who have since continuously occupied, improved and maintained the same: *Provided, further,* That in case there are more qualified applicants than lots available for disposition, the same shall be raffled off among the qualified applicants.

SEC. 3. The BOL shall issue certificates of priority recognizing the *bona fide* occupants of said land and acknowledging their right to preference in the acquisition of a lot covered by this Executive Order, provided that such certificate of priority shall be non-transferable and any transfer thereof shall be null and void.

SEC 4. The proceeds derived from the disposition of the lots, after all expenses of administration are deducted, shall be credited in favor of the Philippine National Railways in payment of the agreed purchase price of said real property; and in accordance with such arrangements as shall be made with the mortgagee banks in whose favor there are existing liens and encumbrances on said land, the same shall be remitted to either the Philippine National Railways or said mortgagee banks, as the case may be.

SEC. 5. The lands acquired under the provisions of this executive order shall not be subject to encumbrance or alienation from the time of the award thereof until the date of issuance of the certificate of title, nor shall they become liable to the satisfaction of any debt contracted prior to the issuance of such title.

SEC. 6. Any applicant of land under this executive order who transfers whatever right he has acquired on said land in violation of the foregoing provisions shall not be entitled to apply for another piece of land and any such transfer shall be null and void.

SEC. 7. The BOL shall, after consultation with the Secretary of Agriculture and Natural Resources and with the approval of the President of the Philippines, promulgate rules and regulations for the administration and disposition of the lands subject of this executive order.

SEC. 8. The BOL is hereby authorized to make advances for expenses to be incurred in the administration and disposition of said lands, subject to reimbursement from the proceeds derived from the disposition thereof.

SEC. 9. All departments, bureaus and offices of the Government, its agencies and instrumentalities, including corporations owned or controlled by the Government, and the local governments shall extend at the request of the BOL, such assistance and facilities as the latter may need in the performance of its work.

SEC. 10. This executive order shall take effect upon its approval.

Done in the City of Manila, this 18th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(6), 836.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 201
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF EVA IN THE PROVINCE OF BOHOL

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Bohol a municipality to be known as Eva to consist of the following barrios of the municipalities of Balilihan, Catigbian, Batuan, Sagbayan, Bilar and Sevilla, all of said province:

From the Municipality of Balilihan:

- | | | |
|------------|-----------|-----------|
| 1. Janopol | 2. Boctol | 3. Baocan |
|------------|-----------|-----------|

From the Municipality of Catigbian:

- | | | |
|-------------|------------------|--------------|
| 1. Ambuan | 4. Mahayag Sur | 7. Bagtic |
| 2. Ba-ang | 5. Mahayag Norte | 8. Cambailan |
| 3. Jagbuaya | 6. Maitum | 9. Cang-eras |

From the Municipality of Batuan:

- | | |
|---------------|----------|
| 1. Rosariohan | 2. Rizal |
|---------------|----------|

From the Municipality of Sagbayan:

- | |
|--------------|
| 1. Cabasaoan |
|--------------|

From the Municipality of Bilar:

- | |
|------------|
| 1. Dagohoy |
|------------|

From the Municipality of Sevilla:

- | | | |
|---------------|--------------|-------------|
| 1. Calinginan | 2. Bayawahan | 3. Cambague |
|---------------|--------------|-------------|

The seat of government of the municipality of Eva shall be at the present site of the barrio of Janopol.

The municipality of Eva as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at point 1 in a straight line bearing S89° 00'E to Point 2, a distance of 10.2 kms.; thence, in a straight line bearing S21°30'W to Point 3, a distance of 6.5 kms.; thence, in a straight line bearing S5° 00'W to Point 4, a distance of 6.3 kms.; thence, in a straight line bearing S55° 30'W to Point 5, a distance of 6.9 kms.; thence, in a straight line bearing N47° 00'W to Point 6, a distance of 6.75 kms.; thence, in a straight line bearing N15° 30'E to Point 1, the point of beginning, a distance of 12.4 kms. (Based on the map prepared by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Bohol, on file in this Office, Scale: 1:100,000)

The municipalities of Balilihan, Catigbian, Batuan, Sagbayan, Bilar and Sevilla shall have their present territories minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Eva, as delimited above.

The municipality of Eva shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 18th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) SALVADOR L. MARINÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). [*Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229*]. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 202
CREATING THE MUNICIPAL DISTRICTS OF CABANGLASAN AND TIKALAAAN IN THE
PROVINCE OF BUKIDNON.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there are hereby created in the province of Bukidnon the municipal districts of Cabanglasan and Tikalaan to consist of the following barrios of the municipalities of Malaybalay and Talakag, respectively, said province.

Municipal District of Cabanglasan
(From the Municipality of Malaybalay)

- | | | |
|---------------|----------------|------------------|
| 1. Managok | 7. Mandaing | 13. Mapulo |
| 2. Langasihan | 8. Cabanglasan | 14. Bosdi |
| 3. San Martin | 9. Cabulohan | 15. San Peter |
| 4. Miglamin | 10. Paradise | 16. Samboanguita |
| 5. Imbatug | 11. Silao | 17. Kaburakanan |
| 6. Lambagon | 12. Iba | |

Municipal District of Tikalaan
(From the Municipality of Talakag)

- | | | |
|---------------|----------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. Basak | 4. Tikalaan | 7. All other barrios west of the |
| 2. Colawingon | 5. Overlooking | Cagayan River |
| 3. Indulang | 6. Salucut | |

The seat of government of the municipal district of Cabanglasan shall be at the barrio of Cabanglasan and that of the municipal district of Tikalaan at barrio of Tikalaan.

The municipalities of Malaybalay and Talakag shall have thier present territories minus the portions thereof which are included in the municipal districts of Cabanglasan and Tikalaan, respectively.

The creation of Cabanglasan and Tikalaan as proposed in House Bill No. 9009 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipal districts of Cabanglasan and Tikalaan shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayors, Vice-Mayors and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 18th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(5), 685.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 203
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF P. DUPAYA IN THE PROVINCE OF CAGAYAN

Upon the recommendation of the Provincial Board of Cagayan and pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Cagayan, a municipality to be known as P. Dupaya to consist of the barrios of Tagumay, Newagac, Taligan, Palagao Sur, Palagao Norte, Santa Ana, Calaoagan Dackol, Capidigan, Nabacayan, Barbarit, Naddungan, Langan, Baraoidan, Ngagan, Bangatan, Cumao, Agutan, Baraccaoit, San Vicente, Capisayan, Piña Este, Piña Weste, Mabirbira, Mabono, Tanglagan and Agaman, all of the municipality of Gattaran, with the seat of government at the barrio of Nabacayan.

The boundary that shall separate the municipality of P. Dupaya from the municipality of Gattaran shall be as follows:

“From MBM No. 8, Cad. 272, following the Gattaran-Alcala municipal boundary with a bearing of S 81.00 W and a distance of 4,500 m. to point “A”; thence due north until it intersects the Tagumay Creek at point “B”; thence following Tagumay Creek in a northwesternly direction to point marked “C” (B. L. Mon. Cor. of the lots of Feliciano Lorenzo, Domingo Vargas and Pascual Sinco); thence N 17.00 E until it reaches the Gattaran-Lallo municipal boundary (Point “C”. (From the technical description on the map prepared and submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Cagayan, Scale 1:50,000 on file in this Office.)

The municipality of Gattaran shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of P. Dupaya.

The municipality of P. Dupaya shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 20th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(5), 686.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 204
INCREASING THE BASE PAY OF THE CHIEF OF STAFF,
ARMED FORCES OF THE PHILIPPINES

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by Section 90 of the National Defense Act, as amended, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby prescribe that the monthly base pay of the Chief of Staff, Armed Forces of the Philippines, shall be one thousand eight hundred pesos.

This Order shall take effect on October 1, 1965.

Done in the City of Manila, this 20th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(5), 687.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 205
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF TAMBLOT IN THE PROVINCE OF BOHOL

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Bohol a municipality to be known as Tamblot, to consist of the barrios of Bagacay, Bihi, Basdio, Biasong, Cabacongan, Calayugan, Cambaquesa, Campatud, Candaingan, Canigaan, Canhandon, Canmag, Cansuagwit, Cantam-is, Cantaongon, Cantomocad, Catagbacan, Genomoan, Mocpoc, Lo-oc, Nueva Vida, Panangkilos, Pantudlan, Pondol, Sondol, Talisay, Ubayon and Ubujaan, all of the municipality of Loon, with the seat of government at the barrio of Catagbacan.

The municipality of Tamblot as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“From point 1 marked Km. 38 bearing distance of 2-½ Km. South 40 degrees 00' E, to point 2 highest point of (Ktedong Hill); thence South 45 degrees 00' E, distance 2 Km. to point 3 (highest point) Paulino Escal Hill; thence South 47 degrees 00' E, distance 2 Mm. to point 4 (highest point) Esteban Uyang Hill; thence South 65 degrees 00' West distance 3-½ Km. to point 5 (Northern Approach of Genomoan Bridge); thence following the course of Mo-along River to point 6 (Northern Approach of Me-along Bridge Km. 31-450).” (From the Technical Description submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Bohol based on the map of the proposed municipality of Tamblot (Barcelona) Scale 1:25,000 prepared by the said Office.)

The municipality of Loon shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Tamblot, as delimited above.

The municipality of Tamblot shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the mayor, vice-mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 22nd day of November, in the year of our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(5), 687.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 206
REVOKING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 185 ISSUED ON OCTOBER 14, 1965,
ENTITLED “CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF LOURDES
IN THE PROVINCE OF ORIENTAL MINDORO.”

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by law, and in the interest of public welfare, considering the strong and well-grounded objections of the municipal council of the municipality of Naujan and of the elected national and provincial officials in the province, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby revoke Executive Order numbered one hundred eighty-five issued on October 14, 1965 entitled “Creating the Municipality of Lourdes in the Province of Oriental Mindoro.”

Done in the City of Manila, this 22nd day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(5), 688.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 207
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF ALEGRIA IN THE PROVINCE OF
SURIGAO DEL NORTE

Upon the recommendation of the Provincial Board of Surigao del Norte and pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Surigao del Norte a municipality to be known as Alegria, to consist of the barrios and sitios of Alegria, Ombong, San Pedro, Alipao, Pungtod, Gamotan, Anahao, Camp Eduardo, Budlingin, Lomundo and Manag-as, all of the municipality of Mainit, with the seat of government at the barrio of Alegria,

The municipality of Alegria as herein organized shall have following boundaries:

“Beginning from a point marked “A” on the map, at the mouth of Magpayang River, in Lake Mainit, going upstream along same river to pungtod Bridge, marked point “B”; thence from Pungtod Bridge on an easterly direction to the intersection of the common municipal boundary of Tubod, Bacuag and Mainit, marked point “C”; thence, from point “C” folloing the municipal boundary of Bacuag and Mainit, on a southwesterly direction to a point marked “D” on the map, common pont of intersection of the municipal boundaries of Bacuag, Gigaquit and Mainit; thence from point “D” following the municipal boundary of Mainit and Gigiquit on a southeasterly direction to a point marked “E”, intersection at the provincial boundary of Surigao del Norte and Agusan provinces; thence from point “E” following the provincial boundary of Surigao del Norte and Agusan, westward, to a point along the shoreline of Lake Mainit, marked point “F” on the map; thence, from point “F” following the shoreline of Lake Mainit on a northerly direction to the mouth of Magpayong River, marked point “A”, point of the beginning.” (From the map of the municipality of Mainit submitted by the Highway District Engineer of Surigao del Norte, scale 1:40,000, on file in this Office.)

The municipality of Mainit shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Alegria.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 7639, was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Alegria shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 22nd day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(5), 689.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 208

REVOKING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 35 ISSUED ON FEBRUARY 28, 1963, ENTITLED
“TRANSFERRING THE SEAT OF GOVERNMENT OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF DANGCAGAN
IN THE PROVINCE OF BUKIDNON FROM ITS PRESENT SITE AT THE BARRIO OF
DANGCAGAN TO THE BARRIO OF KITAOTAO, SAME MUNICIPALITY.”

Pursuant to the authority vested in me by law, and in the interest of public welfare, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby revoke Executive Order Numbered Thirty-five issued on February 28, 1963, entitled “Transferring the seat of government of the municipality of Dangcagan in the province of Bukidnon from its present site at the barrio of Dangcagan to the barrio of Kitaotao, same municipality.”

The revocation herein made shall have the effect of returning the seat of government of the municipality of Dangcagan to its original site at the barrio of Dangcagan.

Done in the City of Manila, this 23rd day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(6), 838.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 209
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF QUIRINO IN THE PROVINCE OF QUEZON

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 63 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Quezon, a municipality to be known as Quirino to consist of the barrios of Quirino, Dikeldit, Ditailen, Debucao, Suguit and Dialatnan, all of the municipality of Maria Aurora, subprovince of Aurora, with the seat of government at the barrio of Quirino.

The municipality of Quirino as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“North – Camili and Malupa rivers; South and Southeast – present municipal boundaries of San Luis and Maria Aurora; East – present municipal boundaries of Baler and Maria Aurora; and West – Nueva Ecija, Nueva Vizcaya and Quezon provincial boundaries.”
(From the technical description submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of the Subprovince of Aurora based on the map of the municipality of Maria Aurora, scale 1:100,000, now on file in this Office.)

The municipality of Maria Aurora shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Quirino as delimited above.

The municipality of Quirino shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 26th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: Malacañang Records Office

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *[Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 210
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 184, SERIES OF 1956, INSOFAR AS THE
SOUTHWESTERN BOUNDARIES OF THE MUNICIPALITY OF DAGOHOY,
PROVINCE OF BOHOL, ARE CONCERNED.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, the southwestern boundaries of the municipality of Dagohoy, province of Bohol, as originally fixed and described in Executive Order No. 184, series of 1956, are hereby amended to read as follows:

“From a point marked “7” which is corner 16 of Lot 258–H–176125 of Sixto Tiongson; thence, a straight line running N. 5 deg. 15 min. E. 1235.00 meters to a point marked 7a, and X on coco tree .25 meters near Cawasan Creek; thence, a straight line running N. 16 deg. 45 min. W. 1810.00 meters to a point marked 7b located on Batu Puti; thence, a straight line running N. 32 deg. 00 min. W. 1120.00 meters to a point marked 7c, located on Parka; thence, a straight line running S. 89 deg. 30 min. W. 2787.19 meters to a point marked 8—P, the intersection of line 7c to 5 and line 8 to 9; thence, a straight line running N. 8 deg. 40 min. W. 594.43 meters to a point marked 9. (As described by Ananias M. Putong, Civil Engineer No. 4102, Bureau of Public Highways, based on the map of the municipality of Dagohoy showing portions claimed by the municipality of Carmen situated in the barrios of El Progreso, Montesuerte and Villafuerte, prepared and submitted by the District Engineer of Bohol, on file in this Office, Scale: 1:50,000)

This amends accordingly Executive Order No. 184, series of 1956, insofar as the southwestern boundaries of the municipality of Dagohoy are concerned.

Done in the City of Manila, this 29th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(7), 984.

MALACANANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 211
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF BURGOS IN THE PROVINCE OF SURIGAO DEL NORTE

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Surigao del Norte, a municipality to be known as Burgos and to consist of the barrios and sitios of Burgos, Baybay, Bitang, Sipan, San Mateo, Patag, Natin-ao and Mataub, all of the municipality of Sapao, with the seat of government at the barrio of Burgos.

The municipality of Sapao shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Burgos.

The creation of this new municipality was proposed in House Bill No. 7072.

The municipality of Burgos shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 29th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
*Acting Executive Secretary**Source: Presidential Museum and Library*

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(5), 690.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 211-A
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF TULOADATA IN THE PROVINCE OF LANA DEL SUR

Upon the recommendation of the Provincial Board of Lanao del Sur and pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Lanao del Sur a municipality to be known as Tuloadata to consist of the following barrios and sitios of the municipality of Marantao, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Maul:

- | | | |
|---------------|---------------|------------------|
| 1. Ragayan | 11. Batal | 21. Dilimbayan |
| 2. Bacong | 12. Maul | 22. Dangapowalas |
| 3. Daanaingud | 13. Ilian | 23. Palao |
| 4. Calilangan | 14. Bagoingud | 24. Mikalawag |
| 5. Dawaling | 15. Bayaba | 25. Rapasun |
| 6. Lumbac | 16. Cadongan | 26. Mibayao |
| 7. Kialdan | 17. Banga | 27. Lumbacaingud |
| 8. Lubo | 18. Miponol | 28. Tuka |
| 9. Pantaimas | 19. Matampai | |
| 10. Punud | 20. Ranaramao | |

The Municipality of Marantao shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Tuloadata,

The municipality of Tuloadata shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 29th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(7), 985.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 211-B
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF NEW BAD-AS IN THE PROVINCE OF
SURIGAO DEL NORTE

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Surigao del Norte, a municipality to be known as New Bad-as and to consist of the barrios of Bad-as, Sta. Cruz, Anislagan, Alang-alang, Magupangi, Upper Macalaya and Lower Macalaya, all of the municipality of Placer, with the seat of government at the barrio of Bad-as.

The municipality of Placer shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of New Bad-as.

The creation of this new municipality was proposed in House Bill No. 2822.

The municipality of New Bad-as shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 29th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
*Acting Executive Secretary***Source: Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(7), 985.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 211-C
READJUSTING THE BOUNDARIES BETWEEN THE MUNICIPALITIES OF KUMALARANG
AND MARUING IN THE PROVINCE OF ZAMBOANGA DEL SUR.

Upon the recommendation of the Provincial Board of Zamboanga del Sur and pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, the boundaries between the municipalities of Kumalarang and Maruing in the province of Zamboanga del Sur are hereby readjusted as follows:

“Beginning at point 1, the intersection of Buug-Kumalarang municipal boundary and the shoreline of Dumanguillas Bay; thence, due North until it intersects the Provincial boundary of Zamboanga del Sur and Zamboanga del Norte called point 2; thence, following the provincial boundary in Easterly direction with a distance of 9.5 kms. called point 3; thence, due South to the outlet of Lake Wood called point 4; thence, following Kumalarang river downstream to point 5, junction of Kumalarang and Gawil river; thence, in Southwest direction to Buyugan Primary School called point 6; thence, in straight Southwest direction to the mouth of Bualan river called point 7; thence, following the shoreline in a counter clockwise direction to point 1, the point of beginning.” (From the technical description prepared by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Zamboanga del Sur based on Resolution No. 555, series of 1964 of the Provincial road of Zamboanga del Sur.)

The readjustment herein made shall have the effect of amending Executive Order Nos. 356 and 96, series of 1959 and 1964, respectively, creating the municipalities of Kumalarang and Maruing, insofar as their boundaries are concerned.

Done in the City of Manila, this 29th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(7), 986.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 211-D
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF BAYANIHAN IN THE PROVINCE OF
ZAMBOANGA DEL NORTE

Pursuant to Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Zamboanga del Norte a municipality to be known as Bayanihan to consist of the following barrios and their respective sitios of the municipality of Katipunan, said province.

- | | | |
|------------------|--------------|---------------|
| 1. Taga | 6. Singatong | 11. Sitog |
| 2. Daang Langsod | 7. Sanao | 12. Salakling |
| 3. Malugas | 8. Sinuyac | 13. Tingcugas |
| 4. Sicawang | 9. Lurnan | 14. Dagum |
| 5. Basagan | 10. Xeres | 15. Marupang |

The seat of government of the municipality of Bayanihan shall be at the barrio of Taga.

The municipality of Bayanihan as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“From the mouth of Tamlukan River following upstream the said river until it intersects longitude one hundred twenty-three degrees twenty-two minutes (123 deg. 22 min.); thence due south to latitude eight degrees thirteen minutes (8 deg. 13 min.); thence due west until it intersects longitude one hundred twenty-three degrees sixteen minutes (123 deg. 16 min.); thence due north to latitude eight degrees eighteen minutes (8 deg. 18 min.); thence northeast in a straight line until it intersects the nearest part of Dicayo River; thence following downstream Dicayo River to the mouth of the said river; thence eastward following the shoreline to the mouth of Tamlukan River the point of beginning.” (From the Technical Description prepared by the Office of the District Engineer of Zamboanga del Norte based on the map of the proposed municipality of Bayanihan, scale 1:100,000, now on file in this Office).

The municipality of Katipunan shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the municipality of Bayanihan as delimited above.

The municipality of Bayanihan shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 29th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixt-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(7), 987.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 211-E
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF KULAMAN IN THE PROVINCE OF COTABATO

Pursuant to the provisions of Sections 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Cotabato a municipality to be known as Kulaman to consist of the following barrios and sitios of the municipalities of Kalamansig, Isulan and Palimbang, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Kulaman:

From the Municipality of Kalamansig:

- | | | |
|---------------|------------|----------------|
| 1. Kulaman | 4. Banegan | 7. Nati |
| 2. Naplico | 5. Batasan | 8. Talding |
| 3. Upper Tran | 6. Tinalon | 9. Clopeneting |

From the Municipality of Isulan:

- | | | |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|
| 1. Kadi | 5. Sakuling | 9. Kapatagan |
| 2. Malegdeg | 6. Sowed | 10. Gapok |
| 3. Cawa | 7. Basag | |
| 4. Gonzal | 8. Kapayagan | |

From the Municipality of Palimbang:

- | | |
|------------|------------|
| 1. Kumilat | 2. Tacojen |
|------------|------------|

The municipality of Kulaman shall have the following boundaries:

“From point at South Kulaman towards northwest direction, intersecting the boundary line of palimbang and Kalamansig Municipalities, passing north Kulaman Bo., distance 27.0 kilometers (more or less); thence going to northeast direction intersecting the boundary line of Kalamansig and Isulan Municipalities, distance 23.0 kilometers (more or less); thence going southeast direction, until it reaches the corner of Pls-604-D, distance 4.0 kilometers (more or less); thence following the boundary line of Pls-604-D south direction until it reaches Kulaman River, distance 16.2 kilometers (more or less); thence following the stream course of Kulaman River, until it reaches the boundary line of Banga and Isulan Municipalities, distance 4.5 kilometers (more or less); thence following the old boundary line of Banga and Isulan Municipalities, until it reaches the boundary line of Palimbang Municipality,

distance 6.5 kilometers (more or less); thence following the old boundary line of Banga and Palimbang Municipalities, distance 2.8 kilometers (more or less); thence going southwest direction towards South Kulaman, distance 1.8 kilometers (more or less), the point of the beginning.” (From the Technical Description prepared and submitted by the Office of the District Engineer of Cotabato based on the map of the proposed municipality of Kulaman, scale 1:125,000 now on file in his Office)

The municipalities of Kalamansig, Isulan and Palimbang shall have their present territories minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Kulaman as delimited above.

The municipality of Kulaman shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 29th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(7), 988.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 211-F
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF QUIRINO IN THE PROVINCE OF LA UNION

Upon the recommendation of the Provincial Board of La Union and pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of La Union a municipality to be known as Quirino to consist of the barrios of Quirino, Ballogo, Ubbog, Paagan, Carcarmay, Nagatiran, Maragayap, Calongen, Nangalisan, Mabanengben Iro, Mabanengbeng 2do and Narra, all of the municipality of Bacnotan, with the seat of government at the barrio of Quirino:

The municipality of Quirino as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at a point marked “1” on plan being N. 4 deg. 55 min. W., 118.74 M. from BLBM No. 2, Dumarang, Bacnotan, province of La Union; thence S. 87 deg. 07' E., 4,145.00 meters; thence S. 15 deg. 45 min. W., 1,627.40 meters; thence S. 67 deg. 20 min. E., 1,372.80 meter; thence S. 57 deg. 28 min. E., 587.90 meter; thence S. 49 deg. 04 min. W., 1,553.10 meter; thence N. 80 deg. 10 min. W., 1,015.10 meter; thence S. 2 deg. 37 min. W., 1,135.50 meter; thence N. 73 deg. 30 min. W., 1,394.20 meters; thence N. 66 deg. 02 min W., 1,492.60 meters; thence N. 11 deg. 16 min. E., 681.50 meters; thence N. 11 deg. 38 min. W., 263.50 meters; thence N. 31 deg. 30 min. W., 440.10 meters; thence N. 32 deg 15 min. W., 202.50 meters; thence N. 23 deg. 30 min. W., 326.60 meters; thence N. 60 deg. 55 min. W., 216.50 meters; thence N. 0 deg. 10 min. E., 407.50 mtrs; thence N. 8 deg. 30 min. W., 166.00 meters; thence N. 12 deg. 50 min. W., 589.90 meters; thence N. 6 deg. 07 min. E., 342.15 meters; thence N. 8 deg. 05 min. W., 118.20 meters to the point of beginning.” (From the Technical Description prepared and submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of La Union based on the map of the proposed municipality of Quirino, scale 1:8,000, now on file in this Office.)

The Municipality of Bacnotan shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Quirino as delimited above.

The municipality of Quirino shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 29th day of November, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
FROILAN R. MONTALBAN
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(7), 989.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 212
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF QUIRINO IN THE PROVINCE OF ISABELA

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Isabela a municipality to be known as Quirino to consist of the following barrios and sitios of the municipalities of Ilagan, Roxas and Gamu, said province:

From the Municipality of Ilagan

- | | | |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------|
| 1. Sta. Lucia | 4. Santiago | 7. Dolores |
| 2. San Mateo | 5. Manaoag | 8. San Jose |
| 3. Sto. Domingo | 6. Vintar | |

From the Municipality of Roxas

1. Camaal

From the Municipality of Gamu

- | | | |
|-----------|--------------|------------------|
| 1. Luna | 3. San Juan | 5. Sta. Catalina |
| 2. Suerte | 4. Binarsang | 6. Cabaruan |
| | | 7. Sinait |

The seat of government of the municipality of Quirino shall be at a site between the barrios of Sta. Lucia, Ilagan and Luna, Gamu.

The municipality of Quirino as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“From the junction of the Mallig river and Cagayan river, running southwest along the center of Siffu river, towards Roxas until it reaches a point which is about 5.50 kilometers from the national Highway (Calao-Enrile Road); running due north until it reaches the Mallig river; running eastward along the center of Mallig river until it reaches the existing boundary line of Ilagan, Mallig, and Magsaysay; following the existing boundary line of Mallig and Ilagan and the boundary line of Magsaysay, and Tumauni up to the point of beginning.” (From the technical description of the proposed municipality of Quirino prepared and submitted by the District Engineer of Isabela).

The municipalities of Ilagan, Roxas and Gamu shall have their present territories minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Quirino as delimited above.

The municipality of Quirino shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 3rd day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

(SGD.) SALVADOR L. MARINÓ
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *[Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 213
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF BACLARAN IN IN THE PROVINCE OF RIZAL

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Rizal a municipality to be known as Baclaran to consist of the barrios of Baclaran and Tambo of the municipality of Parañaque, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Baclaran.

The boundary that shall separate the municipality of Baclaran from the municipality of Parañaque shall be as follows:

“Beginning at a point marked “1” on the attached topographic plan, being S. 86 deg. 10' E.; 265.00 m. to point 2; thence S. 51 deg. 41' E.; 1,110.00 m. to point 3; thence S. 67 deg 25' E.; 2,400.00 m. to point 4; thence S. 29 deg. 55' E.; 885.00 m. to point 5; thence S. 18 deg. 35' E.; 910.00 m. to point 6; thence S. 75 deg. 45' E.; 2,070.00 m. to point 7.” (From the technical description prepared and submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Rizal based on the map of the municipality of Parañaque, Scale 1:10,000, on file in this Office.)

The municipality of Parañaque shall have its present territory minus the portion thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Baclaran.

The creation of this municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 8646 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Baclaran shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 3rd day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(5), 691.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 214
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF SAN ISIDRO IN THE PROVINCE OF BOHOL

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Bohol, a municipality to be known as San Isidro to consist of the following barrios of the municipalities of Catigbian, Antiquera, Calape and Tubigon, all of said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of San Isidro:

From the Municipality of Catigbian

- | | |
|-------------|------------------|
| 1. Caimbang | 3. Causwagan Sur |
| 2. Cansague | 4. San Isidro |

From the Municipality of Antiquera

- | | |
|-------------|--------------|
| 1. Abihilan | 3. Cambansag |
| 2. Banunos | 4. Cansague |

From the Municipality of Calape

- | | |
|------------|--------------|
| 1. Masonoy | 2. Candungao |
|------------|--------------|

From the Municipality of Tubigon

1. Cabanugan

The municipalities of Catigbian, Antiquera, Calape and Tubigon shall have their present territories minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of San Isidro.

The municipality of San Isidro shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 3rd day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(5), 692.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 215
DELEGATING TO THE CHIEF OF CONSTABULARY CERTAIN POWERS
CONCERNING THE APPROVAL OR DISAPPROVAL OF APPLICATIONS FOR
FIREARM LICENSES AND REVOCATION THEREOF.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 905 of the Revised Administrative Code, as amended, empowering the President of the Philippines to prescribe regulations for the enforcement of the provisions of the law relating to the possession, use of firearms, etc., the following regulations are hereby promulgated:

SECTION 1. In carrying out the provisions of Sections 881, 882 and 888 of the Revised Administrative Code, as amended, empowering the President of the Philippines to approve or disapprove applications for personal, special and hunting licenses to possess firearms and ammunition, the Chief of Constabulary or his representative is authorized and directed to act for the President.

SEC. 2. In carrying out the provisions of Section 899 of the Revised Administrative Code, empowering the President of the Philippines to revoke any firearm license any time, the Chief of Constabulary is authorized and directed to act for the President.

SEC. 3. The provisions of any executive order inconsistent with this Order are hereby repealed or modified accordingly.

SEC. 4. This Order shall take effect immediately.

Done in the City of Manila, this 3rd day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

(SGD.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(SGD.) SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Malacañang Records Office**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *[Executive Order Nos.: 101 - 229]*. Manila: Malacañang Records Office.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 216
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 170 DATED SEPTEMBER 10, 1965, CREATING THE
MUNICIPALITY OF SANTIAGO IN THE PROVINCE OF SOUTHERN LEYTE.

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law and in the interest of public welfare, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby amend the penultimate paragraph of Executive Order No. 170, dated September 10, 1965, creating the municipality of Santiago in the province of Southern Leyte, to read as follows:

“The municipality of Santiago shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.”

Done in the City of Manila, this 9th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

FROILAN R. MONTALBAN
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(7), 991.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 217
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 193, DATED OCTOBER 24, 1965 CREATING THE
MUNICIPALITY OF LIMASAWA IN THE PROVINCE OF SOUTHERN LEYTE.

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law and in the interest of public welfare, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby amend the penultimate paragraph of Executive Order No. 193, dated October 24, 1965, creating the municipality of Limasawa in the province of Southern Leyte, to read as follows:

“The municipality of Limasawa shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.”

Done in the City of Manila, this 9th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

FROILAN R. MONTALBAN

Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(7), 991.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 218
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 194, DATED OCTOBER 24, 1965, CREATING THE
MUNICIPALITY OF SAN RICARDO IN THE PROVINCE OF SOUTHERN LEYTE.

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law and in the interest of public welfare, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby amend the penultimate paragraph of Executive Order No. 194, dated October 24, 1965, creating the municipality of San Ricardo in the province of Southern Leyte, to read as follows:

“The municipality of San Ricardo shall begin to exist upon the appointment/and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.”

Done in the City of Manila, this 9th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

FROILAN R. MONTALBAN
Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(8), 1166.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 219
DECLARING THE MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF MAGSAYSAY IN THE PROVINCE OF
LANAO DEL NORTE AS A MUNICIPALITY.

By operation of the provisions of Section two of Republic Act Numbered fifteen hundred and fifteen, the municipal district of Magsaysay in the province of Lanao del Norte, having realized an average annual income of more than four thousand pesos during the four consecutive fiscal years ended June 30, 1964, is hereby declared as fifth class (equivalent to seventh class pursuant to Republic Act No. 2368) municipality effective as of July 1, 1964.

The present elective officials of the municipal district being declared herein as a municipality shall continue to hold their respective corresponding municipal offices until their successors shall have been elected in the next general elections for local officials and shall have qualified.

Done in the City of Manila, this 10th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(8), 1167.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 220
AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 107 DATED OCTOBER 1, 1964, CREATING THE
MUNICIPALITY OF ANDONG IN THE PROVINCE OF LANA DEL SUR.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, the barrios of Cadayonan Macadar and Lumbac in the municipality of Lumbatan, and Mapantao, Romagondong, Pasayanon and Paiguay-Akoda in the municipality of Tubaran, all of the province of Lanao del Sur, are hereby included as among the barrios that shall consist the municipality of Andong.

This amends accordingly Executive Order No. 107 dated October 1, 1964.

Done in the City of Manila, this 8th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
SALVADOR L. MARIÑO
Acting Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(8), 1168.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 221
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF TAGOLOAN IN THE PROVINCE OF LANA DEL SUR

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Lanao del Sur a municipality to be known as Tagoloan to consist of the barrios of Pagalongan, Impalao, Basak, Dagumboan, San Amoran, San Martin, San Jose, San Rafael, Kibanog, Besigan, Malungun, Mipait, Bitag, Kolawingan, Domihorog, Tikalaan, Indolang, Ragain, Bagoaingud, Limonsdan, Linotongan, Siugagan, Kibaran, Dimakiling, Kibulag, Pigkutan, San Antonio and San Alipio, all of the municipalities of Bubong and Kapan, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Pagalongan.

The municipalities of Bubong and Kapan shall have their present territories minus the portions thereof which are included in the municipality of Tagoloan.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 13723 was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of Tagoloan shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City Of Manila, this 8th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

FROILAN R. MONTALBAN

Acting Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(8), 1168.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 222
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF SAN MIGUEL IN THE PROVINCE OF
OCCIDENTAL MINDORO

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Occidental Mindoro a municipality to be known as San Miguel, to consist of the territory from Busuañgan River to the boundary between the Municipalities of Sablayan and San Jose, and the barrios of Calintaan, New Dagupan, Tanyag, Iriron and Concepcion, all of the municipality of Sablayan, with the seat of government at the barrio of Calintaan.

The municipality of Sablayan shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of San Miguel.

The creation of this new municipality as proposed in House Bill No. 7983, was approved by the House of Representatives.

The municipality of San Miguel shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 8th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

FROILAN R. MONTALBAN
*Assistant Executive Secretary*Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(9), 1329.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 223
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF BURIBID IN THE PROVINCE OF LANA DEL SUR

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Lanao del Sur a municipality to be known as Buribid to consist of the barrios of Buribid, Polo, Bitan Occidental, Mindamdag, Tangcal, Masibay, Paigoiay, Bagiang, Botod, Bialbalan and Gabasaran, all of the municipality of Tubaran, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Buribid.

The municipality of Tubaran shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the municipality of Buribid.

The municipality of Buribid shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 8th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

FROILAN R. MONTALBAN
Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(9), 1330.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 224
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF BAYUYUNGAN IN THE PROVINCE OF BATANGAS

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Batangas a municipality to be known as Bayuyungan to consist of the barrios of Sampaloc, Berinayan, Balakilong, As-is, Bayuyungan, Bugaan, Buso-buso and San Gabriel, all of the municipality of Talisay, said province, with the seat of government at the barrio of Bayuyungan.

The municipality of Talisay shall have its present territory minus the portions thereof which are included in the municipality of Bayuyungan.

The municipality of Bayuyungan shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 8th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:

FROILAN R. MONTALBAN*Acting Assistant Executive Secretary*Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(8), 1169.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 225

MODIFYING THE RATES OF IMPORT DUTY OF CERTAIN IMPORTED ARTICLES AS
PROVIDED UNDER REPUBLIC ACT NUMBERED NINETEEN HUNDRED THIRTY-SEVEN,
OTHERWISE KNOWN AS THE TARIFF AND CUSTOMS CODE OF THE
PHILIPPINES AS AMENDED.

Pursuant to the powers vested in me by Section 401 of Republic Act Number Nineteen Hundred Thirty-seven, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby direct and order:

SECTION 1. The articles specifically listed hereunder as classified under Section 104 of Republic Act Number Nineteen Hundred Thirty-seven shall pay the following rates of import duty:

Tariff Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of duty
11.01	Cereal Flours:	
	A. Wheat Flour:	
	1. Bakery flour	ad val. 15%
	2. Specialty flour	ad val. 25%
	3. Other	g.w., 100 kgs. ₱2.50
	B. x x x x x	
	C. x x x x x	
15.07	Fixed vegetable oils, fluid or solid, crude, refined or purified:	
	A. Crude:	
	1. Palm and linseed oil	ad val. 15%
	2. x x x x x	
	3. x x x x x	
	4. Castor Oil	ad val. 50%
	5. Other	ad val. 35%
	B. Refined or purified:	
	1. Palm and linseed oil	ad val. 15%
	2. x x x x x	
	3. Castor Oil	ad val. 50%
	4. Other	ad val. 70%
18.05	Cocoa powder, whether or not sweetened	ad val. 60%
20.04	Fruits, fruit peels and parts of plants preserved in sugar (drained, glaze or crystallized):	

Tariff Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of duty	
	A. Citrus and citrus peels	ad val.	100%
	B. Other	ad val.	17%
20.05	Jams, fruit jellies, marmalades, fruit puree & fruit pastes, being cooked preparations of fruit, whether or not containing added sugar	ad val.	15%
25.01	Common salt (including rock salt, sea salt and table salt); pure sodium chloride; salt liquors; sea water	ad val.	100%
28.17	Sodium hydroxide (caustic soda); potassium hydroxide (caustic potash); peroxides of sodium and potassium:		
	A. Sodium hydroxide (caustic soda), commercial	g.w., 100 kgs.	₱200.00
	B. Other	ad val.	10%
29.23	Single or complex oxygen- function amino-compounds:		
	A. x x x x x		
	B. Glutamic acid	n.w., kg.	₱2.40
		or ad val.	40%
	C. Other	ad val.	15%
32.13	Writing ink, printing ink and other inks:		
	A. x x x x x		
	B. Printing ink	ad val.	60%
	C. Other	ad val.	20%
38.11	Disinfectants, insecticides, fungicides, weed killers, anti-sprouting products, rat poisons and similar products, put up in forms or packings for sale by retail or as preparations or as articles (e.g., sulphur-treated bands, wicks and candles, fly-papers):		
	A. Mosquito coils (including premixed mosquito coil powder)	ad val.	40%
	B. Other	ad val.	10%
38.19	Chemical products and preparations of the chemical and allied industries (inc. those consisting of mixtures of nature products) not otherwise provided for; residual products of the chemical and allied industries, not otherwise provided for:		
	A. Battery oxides	ad val.	50%
	B. Other	ad val.	10%
39.01	Condensation and polycondensation products, whether or not modified or polymerized (e.g., phenoplasts, aminoplasts, alkyds, linear polycondensation products, silicones):		
	A. x x x x x		
	B. Fiberglass-reinforced corrugated and flat sheets	ad val.	70%
	C. Other	ad val.	20%
39.02	Polymerization products (e.g., polyethylenes and derivatives, polyisobutylene, polystyrene, chloride and acetate of polyvinyl derivatives, polyacrylic derivatives, polyallylestere, copolymers, coumarone-idene resins):		
	A. x x x x x		
	B. polyvinyl chloride in sheets and strip pipes, tubes and other extruded shapes	ad val.	50%
	C. Fiberglass-reinforced corrugated and flat sheets	ad val.	70%
	D. Other	ad val.	20%

Tariff Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of duty
40.11	Rubber tires and tubes for vehicles and aircraft: A. x x x x x B. xx x x x C. For trucks and tractors D. x x x x x	ad val. 45%
40.14	Other articles of unhardened vulcanized rubber: A. x x x x x B. Rubber stoppers for pharmaceutical vials C. Other	ad val. 25% ad val. 50%
42.01	Saddlery and harness, of any material (e.g., saddles, harness, collars, traces, kneepads and boots), for any kind of animal	ad val. 100%
47.01	Pulp derived by mechanical or chemical means from any fibrous vegetable material: A. In rolls or sheets: 1. Perforated 2. Not perforated B. Other	ad val. 12% ad val. 50% ad val. 12%
48.01	Paper and paperboard (including cellulose wadding), machine made: A. Paper: 1. x x x x x 2. Bookpaper 3. x x x x x 4. x x x x x 5. x x x x x 6. Kraft paper 7. x x x x x 8. Carbonizing tissue paper and stencil tissue paper stock 9. Other B. Paperboard: 1. Kraftboard 2. x x x x x C. x x x x x	ad val. 30% ad val. 80% ad val. 15% ad val. 65% ad val. 65%
48.04	Composite paper or paperboard (made by sticking flat layers together), not surface-coated or impregnated, whether or not internally reinforced: A. Paper: 1. Asphalt laminated: (a) Internally reinforced with fiber or other material (b) Other 2. Other B. x x x x x	ad val. 25% ad val. 50% ad val. 40%
48.07	Coated (incl. surface-colored, decorated or printed) or impregnated paper and paperboard in rolls or sheets, not being printed matter falling within chapter 49: A. Carbon paper and stencil sheets	ad val. 50%

Tariff Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of duty
	B. Plastic impregnated or plastic coated paper and paperboard simulating leather, for use in the manufacture of shoes, bags and the like	ad val. 60%
	C. Gummed Kraftpaper	ad val. 50%
	D. Other	ad val. 25%
48.13	Carbon and other copying papers (incl. typewriting stencils), cut to size, whether or not put in boxes:	
	A. Stencil sheets:	
	1. Valued at ₱4.00 or less per 24 sheets.	24 sheets ₱1.00
		and ad val. 60%
	2. Valued at more than ₱4.00 per 24 sheets	ad val. 50%
	B. Carbon paper:	
	1. Carbon paper (whether or not combined with master paper) for producing master copies for use in spirit duplicating machines	ad val. 25%
	2. Other	ad val. 90%
48.16	Boxes, bags and other packing containers, of paper or paperboard	ad val. 90%
55.08	Terry toweling and similar terry fabrics, of cotton	ad val. 75%
59.01	Wadding and articles of wadding; textile flock and dust and mill neps:	
	A. Wadding and articles of wadding:	
	1. Sanitary towels and napkins	ad val. 70%
	2. Wadding in the piece, of the kind used for padding, mattresses and the like	ad val. 50%
	3. Other	ad val. 25%
	B. Textile flock and dust and mill neps	ad val. 50%
	C. Other	ad val. 20%
59.04	Twine, cordage, ropes and cables, plaited or not:	
	A. x x x x x	
	B. Of cotton or other vegetable textile:	
	1. Not exceeding 6 mm. in diameter	ad val. 50%
	2. Other	ad val. 25%
	C. Of staple type man-made textiles:	
	1. Not exceeding 6 mm. in diameter	ad val. 50%
	2. Other	ad val. 25%
	D. Other	ad val. 25%
59.05	Nets and netting made of twine, cordage or rope, and made-up fishing nets of yarn, twine, cordage or rope:	
	A. Made-up fishing nets of cotton yarn or twine; and nettings made of cotton twine	ad val. 80%
	B. Other	ad val. 60%
59.07	Textile fabrics coated with gum or amylaceous substances, of the kinds used for the outer covers of books and the like; tracing cloth; prepared painting cttnvas; buckram and similar woven fabrics for hat-shapes and similar uses:	
	A. Textile fabrics coated with gum or amylaceous substances, of the kind used for the outer covers of books and the like; buckram	ad val. 40%
	B. Other	ad val. 25%

Tariff Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of duty	
59.08	Textile fabrics impregnated or coated with preparations of cellulose derivatives or of other artificial plastic materials:		
	A. Cotton or other staple type textiles	ad val.	50%
	B. Other	ad val.	25%
59.09	Textile fabrics impregnated or coated with oil or preparations with a basis of drying oil	ad val.	50%
59.11	Rubberized textile fabrics, other than rubberized knitted or crocheted articles:		
	A. Cotton or other staple type textile	ad val.	60%
	B. Other	ad val.	30%
64.02	Footwear with outer soles of leather, composition leather, rubber or artificial plastic material, other than footwear falling within heading No. 64.01:		
	A. Footwear with uppers of leather, of a length (front of sole to heel tip) not less than 22 centimeters	pair	₱15.00
		or ad val.	100%
	B. Footwear with uppers of canvas fabrics and outer soles of rubber, of a length (front of sole to heel tip) not less than 22 centimeters	pair	₱8.00
		or ad val.	100%
	C. Other	pair	₱4.00
		or ad val.	100%
64.03	Footwear with outer soles of wood or cork	pair	₱10.00
		or ad val.	100%
66.01	Umbrellas and sunshades (including walking stick umbrellas, and garden and similar umbrellas:		
	A. Ordinary umbrellas designed to be carried in the hand:		
	1. With 10 or more ribs:		
	(a) Folding umbrellas	Dozen	₱36.00
		or ad val.	100%
	(b) Other	Dozen	₱24.00
		or ad val.	100%
	2. With less than 10 ribs	Dozen	₱22.00
		or ad val.	100%
	B. Other.....	ad val.	75%
66.03	Parts, fittings, trimmings and accessories of articles falling within heading No. 66.01 or 66.02:		
	A. Frames of base metal, assembled or unassembled, for use in ordinary umbrellas designed to be carried in the hand except those for use in folding umbrellas:		
	(1) With 10 or more ribs	Dozen	₱7.00
		or ad val.	80%
	(2) With less than 10 ribs	ad val.	80%
	B. Shafts; ribs and/or stretchers; of base metal, for use in umbrellas designed to be carried in the hand except those for use in folding umbrellas	ad val.	75%
	C. Other	ad val.	50%

Tariff Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of duty
68.14	Friction material of a kind suitable for brakes, for clutches or the like, with a basis of asbestos or other mineral substances, or of cellulose, whether or not combined with textile or other materials, in the form of segments, discs, washers, strips, sheets plates, rolls and the like:	
	A. Brake linings for motor vehicles except for motor cycles	ad val. 40%
	B. Clutch facings	ad val. 30%
	C. Other	ad val. 15%
69.07	Unglazed setts, flags and paving, hearth and wall tiles	ad val. 120%
69.08	Glazed setts, flags and paving, hearth and wall tiles:	
	A. Wall tiles, glazed	g.w., 100 kgs. ₱48.00
		or ad val. 200%
	B. Other	g.w., 100 kgs. ₱24.00
		or ad val. 100%
69.10	Sinks, wash basins, bidets, water closet pans, urinals, baths and like sanitary fittings:	
	A. Water closet pans (bowls and tanks)	ad val. 40%
	B. Sinks and wash basins, with inside water depth not exceeding 18 cm. measure from the metal outlet fittings to overflow	ad val. 60%
	C. Other	ad val. 20%
70.01	Waste glass (cullet); glass in the mass (excluding optical glass).....	ad val. 50%
70.04	Unworked cast or rolled glass (including flashed or wired glass), whether figured or not, in rectangles	ad val. 40%
70.06	Cast, rolled or sheet glass (including flashed or wired glass) in rectangles, surface ground or polished, but not further worked	ad val. 45%
70.07	Cast, rolled or sheet glass (including flashed or wired glass), whether or not surface ground or polished, cut to shape other than rectangular shape, or bent or otherwise worked (edge worked, engraved and the like); multiple-walled insulating glass; leaded lights:	
	A. Multiple-walled heat or sound insulating glass and leaded lights	ad val. 10%
	B. Other	ad val. 80%
70.08	Safety (laminated) glass and toughend glass, whether or not shaped or otherwise worked	ad val. 70%
70.11	Glass bulbs and glass envelopes (including tubes) for electric lamps, for electronic valves and the like:	
	A. Glass bulbs for television picture tubes	ad val. 10%
	B. Other	ad val. 15%
70.20	Glass fiber, yarns, fabrics, and articles thereof:	
	A. Glass fiber chops or chop strands and non-woven mats	ad val. 35%
	B. Other	ad val. 15%
73.10	Bars and rods (including wire rod) of iron or steel, hot-rolled, forged or cold-finished including precision-made) hollow mining drill steel:	
	A. x x x x x	
	B. x x x x x	
	C. Wire rods, coated or not coated (excluding wire rods for manufacture into welding electrode when imported directly by welding rod manufacturers) .	g.w., 100 kgs. ₱12.00

Tariff Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of duty	
		or ad val.	60%
	D. Wire rods for manufacture into galvanized iron wire when imported directly by manufacturers of galvanized iron wire	ad val.	20%
	E. x x x x x		
73.13	Sheets and plates of iron or steel, hot-rolled or cold-rolled:		
	A. Coated or plated:		
	1. Galvanized sheets:		
	(a) With gauges ranging from 16 to 36	ad val.	75%
	(b) Other	ad val.	15%
	2. Tinplates:		
	(a) Hot-dipped	ad val.	40%
	(b) Electrolytic	ad val.	40%
	3. Other	ad val.	15%
	B. Other	ad val.	15%
73.14	Iron or steel wire, single strand, whether or not coated, but not insulated	g.w., 100 kgs. ₱16.00	
		or ad val.	75%
73.15	Alloy steel and high carbon steel in the forms mentioned in headings numbered 73.10–C and 73.14:		
	A. Strips of stainless steel	ad val.	10%
	B. In the forms mentioned in headings 73.10–C and 73.14:		
	1. High carbon steel wire when imported directly by wire rope manufacturers certified as such by both the National Economic Council and the Tariff Commission	ad val.	10%
	2. Other	ad val.	50%
	C. Other	ad val.	10%
73.18	Tubes and pipes of iron (other than of cast iron) or steel, excluding high-pressure hydro-electric conduits:		
	A. Black or zinc-coated (galvanized), butt-welded iron or steel pipes and tubes, ½ inch to 3 inches in inside diameter, with wall thickness of 1.6 to 5.5 millimeters and a maximum hydro-static pressure up to 800 PSI; including rigid electrical conduits with or without threads not exceeding 3 inches in inside diameter (excluding pipes and tubes specifically for coiling and flanging and copper brazed steel tubing)	ad val.	40%
	B. Other	ad val.	10%
73.25	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands, slings, and the like, of iron or steel wire, other than insulated cables:		
	A. Round wire rope, 6×7, 6×12, 6×16, 6×19, 6×21, 6×24, 6×26, 5×27, 6×31, 6×37, and 7×7 with an outside diameter ranging from 3/64 to 1–3/4 inches (excluding wire rope with flattened strands)	g.w., kg.	₱0.35
		or ad val.	30%
	B. Other	ad val.	10%
73.31	Nails, tacks, staples, hook nails, cramps, studs, spikes and drawing pins, of iron or steel (other than copper-headed nails):		
	A. Common wire or finishing nails	ad val.	50%
	B. x x x x x		

Tariff Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of duty	
	C. x x x x x		
	D. x x x x x		
73.32	Bolts and nuts (including bolts ends, screw studs and other screws for metal), whether or not threaded or tapped, screws for wood, screw hooks, screw rings and the like, of iron or steel; rivets (excluding tubular or bifurcated), cotters, cotter-pins, washers and spring washers, of iron or steel:		
	A. Bolts, rivets and washers	ad val.	50%
	B. Wood screws	g.w., kg.	₱0.50
		or ad val.	60%
	C. Nuts	g.w., kg.	₱0.70
		or ad val.	50%
	D. Other	ad val.	15%
73.38	Household and sanitary articles and parts thereof, of iron or steel not otherwise provided for	ad val.	50%
74.10	Stranded wire, cables, cordage, ropes, plaited bands and the like, of copper wire, but excluding insulated cables:		
	A. Stranded wires, ropes and cables up to one thousand five hundred (1,500) MCM	ad val.	50%
	B. Other	ad val.	10%
74.15	Bolts and nuts (threaded or not) screws, screw studs, screw hocks, screw rings and the like, rivets (excluding tubular or bifurcated rivets), cotters, cotter-pins and washers (including spring washers), of copper:		
	A. Wood screw	g.w., kg.	₱0.50
		or ad val.	60%
	B. Other	ad val.	10%
76.02	Wrought bars, rods, angles, shapes and sections of aluminum; aluminum wire:		
	A. x x x x x		
	B. Aluminum wire (excluding flat wire not more than 6.35 mm. in width; and round wire not more than 3.17 mm. in diameter)	ad val.	20%
	C. other	ad val.	10%
76.04	Aluminum foil (whether or not embossed, in rectangles; cut to shape, perforated, coated printed, or backed with paper or other reinforcing material), of a thickness not exceeding 0.15 millimeters (excluding any backing):		
	A. Aluminum foil laminated or coated with synthetic resin	n.w., kg.	₱2.00
		or ad val.	30%
	B. Other	n.w., kg.	₱3.50
		or ad val.	50%
76.13	Woven wire (including wire gauze and wire cloth), wire grill and wire netting, of aluminum:		
	A. Insect wire screen	ad val.	50%
	B. Other	ad val.	15%
76.15	Household and sanitary articles and parts thereof, of aluminum	n.w., kg.	₱1.50
		or ad val.	40%

Tariff Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of duty
82.03	Pliers (including cutting pliers), pincers, tweezers, tinmen's ship, perforating punches and the like; spanners and wrenches (but not including tap wrenches); files and rasps: A. Files: 1. Nominal lengths from 4 inches to 6 inches dozen or ad val. 40% 2. Nominal lengths from 7 inches to 10 inches dozen or ad val. 30% 3. Nominal lengths from 11 inches to 14 inches dozen or ad val. 30% 4. Nominal lengths from 15 inches and up dozen or ad val. 30% B. Other..... ad val. 10%	₱4.00 ₱4.50 ₱9.00 ₱12.00
82.04	Hand tools, including mounted glaziers' diamonds, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter; blow lamps, anvils, hand, table and bench vises and clamps; portable forges and mounted grinding wheels (hand or pedal-operated): A. Charcoal-fed flatiron ad val. 20% B. Wooden sigzag rules ad val. 60% C. Other ad val. 10%	
82.14	Spoons, forks, fish knives, butter knives, ladles, and similar kitchen or tableware: A. x x x x x B. Spoons, forks, teaspoons and knives, of stainless steel (including nickel plated and chrome plated) gross or ad val. 50% C. x x x x x	₱10.00
83.01	Locks, padlocks, spring live-bolt latches and parts thereof, of base metal; keys, finished or not, of base metal: A. Cabinet and furniture locks and keys; mortise locks (with keyholes); padlocks; and night spring latches ad val. 50% B. Other ad val. 15%	
83.15	Welding electrodes, rods or tubes, solder in wire or rods, coated or cored with flux materials; prepared metal brazing plates of a kind used in metallurgy ... g.w., kg. or ad val. 50%	₱1.70
84.11	Air pumps, vacuum pumps and air or gas compressors (including motor pumps turbo-pumps and compressors); ventilators, blowers and the like: A. Assembled open type compressors rated at 7½ tons of refrigeration and below; and assembled hermetically sealed compressors for airconditioning and refrigeration with ratings up to 2 HP (excluding parts and accessories thereof) ad val. 60% B. Blowers for self-contained air-conditioning machines ad val. 60% C. Other ad val. 10%	
84.12	Air conditioning machines, self-contained, comprising a motor-driven ventilator and elements for changing the temperature and humidity of air: A. Air conditioning machines: 1. Up to 7½ HP ad val. 140%	

Tariff Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of duty	
	2. Other	ad val.	70%
	B. Parts and accessories:		
	1. Shell, tube and coil water-cooled condensers, liquid receivers and cooling towers	ad val.	40%
	2. Evaporator and condenser coils, condenser shroud, bulk head assembly or plenum chamber, chassis, inner shells and cabinets	ad val.	60%
	3. Other	ad val.	10%
84.24	Agricultural machinery for soil preparation and cultivation (e.g., plows, harrows, cultivators, seed and fertilizer distributors):		
	A. Animal drawn:		
	1. Plows, comb harrows, spike tooth harrows, harrow cultivators and scrapers	ad val.	40%
	2. Other	ad val.	10%
	B. x x x x x		
84.30	Machinery, not falling within any other heading of this Chapter, of a kind used in the following food or drink industries: bakery, confectionary, chocolate manufacture, macaroni, ravioli or similar cereal food manufacture, the preparation of meat, fish, fruit or vegetable (including mincing or slicing machines), sugar manufacture or brewing:		
	A. Crushers, mill rollers, returner bar toes, scraper plates and mill coupling of cast iron, and mill liners of cast bronze, for sugar manufacture or refining; ice-shaving machines	ad val.	40%
	B. Other	ad val.	10%
84.54	Other office machinery and mechanical appliances (e.g. hectograph or stencil duplicating machines, addressing machines, coin-sorting, coin-counting and wrapping machines, pencil-sharpening machines, perforating and stapling machines):		
	A. Paper hole punchers	ad val.	40%
	B. Other	ad val.	15%
84.56	Machinery for sorting, screening, washing, crushing, grinding or mixing earth, stone and similar solid substances; machinery for agglomerating or molding solid fuels, ceramic paste, concrete, plastering materials and the like, or for shaping foundry molds of sand:		
	A. Liners, bowls and mantles, grates, grids and grizzly bars (up to 16 ft. maximum length), for crushing and grinding machines, jaw or gyratory crusher plates and crusher and pulverizer plates for laboratory and pilot plants	ad val.	25%
	B. Other	ad val.	10%
84.65	Machinery parts (not electrical) not falling within any other heading in this Chapter:		
	A. Oil seal rings	ad val.	40%
	B. Other	ad val.	10%
85.01	Electric generators, motors, transformers, converters (rotary or static), rectifiers, inductors., reactors, frequency transformers and similar machinery and apparatus, other than those falling within heading No. 85.08, 85.09 or 85.21:		

Tariff Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of duty
	A. Electric transformers up to 5 kilovolt amperes; filament and power transformers for radio, electric amplifiers and television sets; and electric lamp ballasts for pre-heat and rapid start fluorescent lamps, germicidal lamps and black light fluorescent lamps up to 40 watts rating for operation on any voltage up to 290 volts, 60 cycles	ad val. 100%
	B. Instrument, neon-sign, regulator, and oil-filled transformers up to 5 kilovolt amperes	ad val. 30%
	C. I.F. transformers for transistor radio; and output transformers for radio, electronic amplifiers and television sets (excluding ultra-linear type and steel laminations)	ad val. 60%
	D. AC induction squirrel cage type motors (open protected, drip-proof, splash-proof, or totally enclosed type enclosure), 110 to 440 volts, 2 to 6 poles, single-phase or three-phase, 800 to 3,600 RPM, with fractional and integral ratings from 1/10 HP to 30 HP, except motors having frames normally integral with other types of machinery	ad val. 35%
	E. Radio and television coils	ad val. 20%
	F. Other	ad val. 10%
85.04	Electric accumulators and parts thereof:	
	A. x x x x x	
	B. Parts:	
	1. x x x x x	
	2. Grids, connectors and post straps of lead; battery cases or containers (other than of glass, ceramics, or steel); battery case covers; and vent plugs	ad val. 60%
	3. Other	ad val. 15%
85.11	Industrial and laboratory electric furnaces and ovens; electric induction and capacitance heating equipment; electric welding, brazing and soldering machines and apparatus and similar machines and apparatus for cutting:	
	A. AC arc welders, transformer type, of sizes up to 450 ampere rating and AC single spot welders, rocker-arm type, with nominal capacity ratings, up to 7.5 KVA	ad val. 30%
	B. Other	ad val. 10%
85.13	Electrical line telephonic and telegraphic apparatus (including such apparatus for carrier-current line systems):	
	A. Telephone sets; telephone switchboards up to 2,000 lines capacity; telephone test boards; and line concentrators equipment:	
	1. Unassembled	ad val. 10%
	2. Assembled	ad val. 25%
	B. Other	ad val. 10%
85.15	Radio and television transmitting and receiving apparatus (including those incorporating gramophones) and television cameras; radio and radar communication, detection, navigational aid and remote control apparatus:	
	A. x x x x x	
	1. x x x x x	
	2. x x x x x	

Tariff Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of duty
	3. Parts and accessories:	
	(a) x x x x x	
	(b) x x x x x	
	(c) x x x x x	
	(d) x x x x x	
	(e) Complete television channel selectors or tuners; and plastic masks	ad val. 60%
	(f) Other	ad val. 10%
	B. x x x x x	
	C. x x x x x	
85.19	Electric current controlling, regulating and distributing apparatus (e.g., switches, fuses, junction boxes, plugs and sockets, rheostats, voltage regulators, relays, lightning arresters, switchboards and control panels); resistances (including carbon resistance lamps and barretters) other than heating elements:	
	A. x x x x x	
	B. Electrical wiring devices of all types (e.g., convenience outlets, toggle and tumbler switches, fluorescent lamp holders, starter bases or sockets and lamp sockets, lamp receptacles, plugs and assembled or disassembled lighting and distribution panels and control panelboards up to 42 circuits rated up to 600 volts	ad val. 60%
	C. Other	ad val. 10%
85.20	Electric light lamp bulbs and tubes and arc lamps, including infra-red and ultraviolet lamp bulbs:	
	A. x x x x x	
	B. x x x x x	
	C. x x x x x	
	D. General lighting service lamp bulbs, with nominal ratings from 5 to 9 watts and 301 to 1500 watts; special purpose lamp bulbs (colored, fantasie, candle and lustre), with nominal ratings from 5 to 60 watts and with voltage ranging from 6 to 300 volts	ad val. 30%
	E. Other	ad val. 15%
	F. Parts	ad val. 10%
85.21	Thermonic and electronic tubes and valves, including cathode-ray tubes; photo-electric cells; crystal diodes, triodes and the like (including transistors); mounted piezo-electric crystals:	
	A. Television picture tubes and/or kinescope using glass bulbs	ad val. 40%
	B. Electron guns	ad val. 10%
	C. Other	ad val. 10%
85.23	Electrically insulated (including enamelled or anodized) wire, cable, strip and other forms of conductors, whether or not fitted with connectors:	

Tariff Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of duty
	A. Wires and cables of copper insulated with plastic, rubber, asbestos or tar impregnated cotton yarn; steel-armored cables (BX) and magnet wire No. 37 AWG and larger (excluding litz wire, square or rectangular, and class B, H, C, magnet wires; steel-armored power cables, No. 1/0 AWG and larger; multi-conductor cables, No. 2 AFG and larger; paper insulated and lead-covered communication cables, 910 pairs and larger; and submarine communication cables)	ad val. 60%
	B. Other	ad val. 10%
87.06	Parts and accessories of tractors and other motor vehicles:	
	A. x x x x x	
	B. Undercarriage parts for crawler or tracklaying tractors (excluding rough-forged grouser shoes, track links and roller shells)	ad val. 60%
	C. Other	ad val. 10%
87.12	Parts and accessories of articles falling within headings numbered 87.09, 87.10 and 87.11:	
	A. Carriers	ad val. 40%
	B. Bicycle frames	ad val. 75%
	C. Mudguards	ad val. 35%
	D. Other	ad val. 10%
90.01	Lenses, prisms, mirrors, plane parallel elements and other optical elements, of any material, optically worked, unmounted:	
	A. Lenses, optically worked (fused, semi-finished or finished)	ad val. 50%
	B. Other	ad val. 15%
90.26	Gas, liquid and electricity supply or production meters; calibrating meters therefor:	
	A. Totalizing water meters with nominal sizes of 5/8 inch by 1/2 inch (16 mm. x 13 mm.); 3/4 inch (20 mm.); and 1 inch (25 mm.)	ad val. 60%
90.29	Parts and accessories of instruments or apparatus falling within headings numbered 90.24, 90.26, 90.27 and 90.28:	
	A. Parts of water meters with nominal sizes of 5/8 inch x 1/2 inch (16 mm. x 13 mm.); 3/4 inch (20 mm.); and 1 inch (25 mm.) (except dial plate, disc chamber and disc plate for displacement type water meters and spindle busing, magnet, register gear, pointer, counter wheels annealed dial glass and counter pinion for magnetic drive water meter)	ad val. 40%
	B. Other	ad val. 10%
93.04	Other firearms, including Verylight pistols, pistols and revolvers for firing blank shot only, line-throwing guns and the like:	
	A. .22 caliber rifles and .12 gauge repeating and riot gun-slide action shotguns	ad val. 75%
	B. Other	ad val. 50%
93.07	Bombs, grenades, torpedoes, mines, guided weapons and missiles, and similar munitions of war, and parts thereof; ammunition of all kinds and parts thereof, including lead shot and cartridge wads:	
	A. Long rifle .22 caliber ammunition	ad val. 40%
	B. Other	ad val. 15%

Tariff Heading No.	Description of Articles	Rate of duty	
98.01	Buttons and button molds, studs, cuff links, snap fasteners, button rings and fasteners press studs and push buttons; blanks and parts of such articles:		
	A. Button blanks (excluding metal blanks)	ad val.	40%
	B. Press fasteners, including snap fasteners, press studs and push buttons; parts thereof	g.w., kg.	₱7.00
		or ad val.	100%
	C. Other	ad val.	100%
98.05	Pencils (excluding propelling and sliding pencils), pencil leads, slate pencils, crayons and pastels, drawing charcoals and writing and drawing chalks; tailors' and billards chalks; parts and fittings thereof:		
	A. x x x x x		
	B. Lead pencils, wax crayons, writing and drawing chalks:		
	1. Lead pencils	gross	₱3.00
		or ad val.	50%
	2. x x x x x		
	3. x x x x x		
	C. x x x x x		

SEC. 2. After the expiration of thirty (30) days from the issuance of this Order, all the above-described articles entered or withdrawn from warehouse, in the Philippines, for consumption shall be subject to the rates of import duty herein prescribed.

SEC. 3. Any unwarranted increase in the prices of local products benefited by these tariff changes may be sufficient ground for the revocation of such tariff changes.

Done in the City of Manila, this 13th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(11), 1673.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 226

AMENDING EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 130 DATED NOVEMBER 24, 1964, BY DEFINING THE
FUNCTIONS AND DUTIES OF THE NATIONAL TRAFFIC SAFETY ADVISORY COMMITTEE
CREATED THEREIN.

By virtue of the powers vested in me by law, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, do hereby amend Executive Order No. 130 dated November 24, 1964, creating the National Traffic Safety Advisory Committee, by defining its functions and duties as follows:

1. To formulate and recommend to the President policies on the effective implementation of all laws, rules and regulations governing land travel and/or transportation;
2. To recommend to the President proposed legislation designed to promote safe, adequate, expeditious and economical means of land travel in consonance with progressive trends;
3. To conduct studies on ways and means of enforcing effectively, and of coordinating the activities of different offices and government agencies charged with the enforcement of, all laws, rules and regulations governing land travel and/or transportation;
4. To gather, compile and analyze data, and disseminate information to proper government offices and agencies, as well as to the public when the same is deemed in the public interest; and
5. To submit quarterly reports on traffic accidents and semi-annual reports on accomplishments, activities and recommendations to the President of the Philippines.

The National Traffic Safety Advisory Committee is hereby authorized to call on any government office, agency, political subdivision, and government-owned or controlled corporation for such assistance as it may require in connection with the performance of its work.

Executive Order No. 536 dated October 21, 1952, is hereby revoked.

Done in the City of Manila, this 17th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(12), 1907.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 227
CREATING THE MUNICIPALITY OF TUMAGABOK IN THE PROVINCE OF MARINDUQUE

Upon the recommendation of the Provincial Board of Marinduque and pursuant to the provisions of Section 68 of the Revised Administrative Code, there is hereby created in the province of Marinduque a municipality to be known as Tumagabok and to consist of the following barrios of the municipalities of Boac and Torrijos, both of the same province:

From the Municipality of Boac

- | | | |
|--------------|-------------|--------|
| 1. Tumagabok | 3. Tambunan | 5. Boi |
| 2. Sabong | 4. Kitay | |

From the Municipality of Torrijos

1. Sibuyao

The seat of the government of the municipality of Tumagabok shall be at the barrio of Tumagabok.

The municipality of Tumagabok as herein organized shall have the following boundaries:

“Beginning at point 2 following a straight line S 34 deg. 00 min. E. along the Sta. Cruz-Torrijos boundary to point 3 or a distance of 7,600 meters; thence a straight line S 56 deg. 00 min. W. along Boac-Buenavista boundary to point 4 or a distance of 8,250 meters; thence a straight line N. 55 deg. 00 min. W. along Boac-Gasan boundary to point 5 or a distance of 7,600 meters; thence a straight line N 56 deg. 00 min. E. until it intersects point 2, point of beginning or a distance of 8,500 meters.” (From the technical description submitted by the Office of the Highway District Engineer of Marinduque based on the map of the province of Marinduque. Scale 1:100,000 now on file in this Office).

The municipalities of Boac and Torrijos shall have their present territories minus the portions thereof which are included in the territory of the municipality of Tumagabok, as delimited above.

The municipality of Tumagabok shall begin to exist upon the appointment and qualification of the Mayor, Vice-Mayor and a majority of the councilors thereof.

Done in the City of Manila, this 20th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
FROILAN R. MONTALBAN
Assistant Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(9), 1331.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 228
CREATING A PHILIPPINE COORDINATING COMMITTEE ON
THE ASIAN DEVELOPMENT BANK

WHEREAS, in its bid for the site of the Asian Development Bank, the Philippine Government has offered to provide certain physical facilities, including land and buildings, for the free use and occupancy of the Bank;

WHEREAS, the Philippines has been chosen as the site of the headquarters of the Asian Development Bank;

WHEREAS, a coordinating committee is required to undertake the necessary arrangements for the preparation of the site and construction of the physical facilities of the Asian Development Bank and to act as liaison between the Bank and the Philippine Government;

WHEREAS, Cornelio Balmaceda, Philippine Representative to the High Level Consultative Committee of Experts for the Asian Development Bank and Chairman of the Second Asian Ministerial Conference, has been deeply involved in the organization of the Bank and has gained the respect and confidence of the representatives of the other ECAFE member countries;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL, President of the Republic of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create a Philippine Coordinating Committee on the Asian Development Bank, composed of the following:

1. Cornelio Balmaceda, Special Adviser to the President on the Asian Development Bank..... Chairman
2. Representative of the Department of Foreign Affairs Member
3. Representative of the Department of Commerce and Industry..... Member
4. Representative of the Program Implementation Agency Member
5. Representative of the Central Bank of the Philippines..... Member
6. Representative of the Development Bank of the Philippines..... Member

The composition of the Committee may be expanded to include representatives of other government offices and other persons, upon the recommendation of the Chairman and approval by the President.

The powers, functions and responsibilities of the Philippine Coordinating Committee on the Asian Development Bank are as follows:

1. To work closely with the Committee for the Preparatory Arrangements for the Establishment of the Asian Development Bank on the preliminary details for the establishment of its headquarters at Pasay City, Philippines;

2. To make arrangements for leasing and furnishing the temporary offices of the Asian Development Bank;

3. To consider plans for the buildings, furnishing and premises of the Asian Development Bank; select the architects who will design the same, and submit to the President recommendations on the final plans for the buildings, furnishing and premises;

4. To act as the Committee to advertise for evaluate, and submit to the President recommendations on the contracts for the construction of the Asian Development Bank buildings; the procurement of furnishing therefor and the landscaping to be done;

5. To coordinate with other government offices and make representations with the Congress of the Philippines to enact such legislation as may be required in connection with the establishment of the Asian Development Bank in the Philippines including the ratification by the Senate of the Philippines of the Agreement Establishing the Asian Development Bank opened for signature at Manila, Philippines on December 4, 1965, and signed by the authorized representatives of the Philippines and other member countries; the law authorizing the President of the Philippines to reserve certain parcels of land of the Philippine Government and appropriating funds for the construction of building thereon for the free use of the Asian Development Bank and the United Nations Organization and for other purposes; the law appropriating funds to cover the subscription of the Philippine Government to the Asian Development Bank; and the law providing for a site and appropriating funds for the construction of buildings and other facilities for the Philippine Merchant Marine Academy;

6. To act as liaison with and assist the Asian Development Bank in such matters as may require action by the Government of the Philippines;

7. To make studies and submit to the President recommendations on the relocation of the Philippine Merchant Marine Academy to another site; and

8. To perform such other functions affecting the Asian Development Bank as the President may designate from time to time.

All departments, bureaus, offices, government owned or controlled corporations and provincial, city and municipal governments and their officials and employees are hereby directed to render such cooperation and assistance as may be requested by the Committee in the performance of its powers, functions and responsibilities.

Done in the City of Manila, this 15th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

(Sgd.) DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL
President of the Philippines

By the President:
(Sgd.) RAMON A. DIAZ
Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(18), 2943.

MALACAÑANG

RESIDENCE OF THE PRESIDENT
OF THE PHILIPPINES
MANILA

BY THE PRESIDENT OF THE PHILIPPINES

EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 229
CREATING THE PHILIPPINE LAND REFORM FOUNDATION

WHEREAS, the Agricultural Land Reform Code of 1963 recognized the imperative need for recasting the social structure of the Philippine agricultural society to lay the foundation and sow the seeds of a peaceful revolution;

WHEREAS, a vigorous implementation of the Philippine Land reform could not be carried out entirely within the administration of one President;

WHEREAS, the limited tenure of Philippine leaders presents difficulties in achieving sustained and unrelenting land reform; and

WHEREAS, participation of the private sector in land reform can be made the common denominator of changing administrations and government policies;

NOW, THEREFORE, I, Diosdado Macapagal, President of the Philippines, by virtue of the powers vested in me by law, do hereby create the Philippine Land Reform Foundation.

1. The policy-making body of the Foundation shall be the Board of Trustees composed of a Chairman and six Members to be appointed by the President for a term of office of five years. The Chairman and Members shall be prominent persons genuinely interested in the promotion of land reform.

2. The Board shall appoint an Executive Secretary who shall take charge of administering the affairs of the Foundation and shall act as secretary to the Board.

3. The major divisions of the Foundation are: (1) Planning and Project Evaluation Division, (2) Policy and Research Division, (3) Public Information Division, (4) Field Service Division, and (5) Finance and Administrative Division.

4. The Foundation shall sponsor the organization of Land Reform Associations in various municipalities, barrios and sitios. These local organizations, composed of prominent community leaders, local government officials and civic-minded citizens, shall be the implementing arm of the Foundation in the pursuit of its objectives.

5. The Foundation shall, at a future date, establish a business corporation to undertake the Foundation's credit and resettlement operations which are profit-making in nature. Profits realized by this business corporation shall be plowed back to the Foundation for its non-revenue producing activities.

6. The financial requirements of the Foundation shall be met by donations from public and private sectors of the community.

7. The overall objective of the Foundation is to promote the land reform movement in the Philippines. Specifically, the objectives of the Foundation are:

a. To undertake a nationwide dissemination of the advantages of land reform in order to gain public acceptance of its objectives.

b. To encourage the participation of civic-spirited citizens and organizations and to channel these into organized and concerted efforts for land reform.

c. To advocate improvements in the land reform law, government policies and the manner of implementation of the land reform program and individual projects.

d. To represent the public conscience in matters pertaining to land reform.

e. To assist tenants and new owner-operators in obtaining the necessary government services and assistance.

f. To undertake research and investigations on land reform and provide accurate information on the progress and problems of land reform implementation in the country.

g. To provide such other assistance and services as particular situations may require, especially those services where the private sector participation will have distinct advantages and where government efforts may not be sufficient.

8. Immediate and future operations of the Foundation shall be undertaken with the view of achieving in an organized and concerted manner the objectives of land reform.

Done in the City of Manila, this 29th day of December, in the year of Our Lord, nineteen hundred and sixty-five.

DIOSDADO MACAPAGAL

President of the Philippines

By the President:

RAMON A. DIAZ

Executive Secretary

Source: **Presidential Museum and Library**

Office of the President of the Philippines. (1965). *Official Gazette of the Republic of the Philippines*, 62(12), 1909.



President Diosdado Macapagal signing Executive Order No. 6 on 1962, January 25, 1962.

